

ENVIRONMENT PLAN SUMMARY DOCUMENT

Helios-1/1H Exploration Wells
Site Preparation and Drilling

EP493 Exploration Program

Document Reference No: EP493-ENV-PLN-1001-1A



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1.0	Revision for Internal Review	Senior Environmental Engineer	Onshore Manager
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List of acronyms and definitions

ALADD	as law as reasonably prestigable
ALARP	as low as reasonably practicable
1% AEP ATR	1% Annual Exceedance Probability or "100 year flood"
ATU	Acrobia Tracking Register
BGL	Aerobic Treatment Unit Below Ground Level
BOP	Blow Out Preventer
CALM Act	Conservation and Land Management Act 1984 (Western Australia)
OM	Onshore Manager
COPC	Constituents of Potential Concern
Cwlth	Commonwealth
DAA	Department of Aboriginal Affairs (Western Australia)
DPAW	Department of Parks and Wildlife (Western Australia)
DPR	Daily Project Report
DFES	Department of Fire and Emergency Services (Western Australia)
DMP	Department of Mines and Petroleum (Western Australia)
DotE	Department of the Environment (Commonwealth)
DoW	Department of Water (Western Australia)
EP	Environment Plan
EP Act	Environmental Protection Act 1986 (Western Australia)
OEPA	Office of the Environmental Protection Authority (WA)
ERP	Emergency Response Plan
ESA	Environmentally Sensitive Area
Finder	Finder Shale Pty Ltd
Fugro	Fugro AG Pty Ltd
HPA	Heritage Protection Agreement
HSE	Health, Safety and Environment
KRED	KRED Enterprises Pty Ltd
KTLA	Karajarri Traditional Lands Association
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheets
MDGL	Measured Depth Ground Level
NES	National Environmental Significance
OSCP	Oil Spill Contingency Plan
PGER Act	Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources Act 1967 (Western Australia)
PGER (E) Regulations	Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources (Environment) Regulations 2012 (WA)
PSMP	Project Specific HSE Management Plan
TD	Target Depth
TVDGL	True Vertical Depth Ground Level
The Project	Proposed exploration activity that consists of site preparation, drilling, decommissioning and maintenance
The Project area	Includes the well site, campsite and access track and areas associated with the previous disturbance
VSA	Vegetation and substrate association
WA	Western Australia
WAC	Walalakoo Aboriginal Corporation
WC Act	Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (Western Australia)
Well site	The physical location on which an oil or gas well is drilled including associated infrastructure such as drill pad, sumps, storage areas, office and associated facilities.
YAC	Yanunijarra Aboriginal Corporation
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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Finder Shale Pty Ltd (Finder) is the holder of the exploration permit EP493 in the Canning Basin, Western Australia granted under the provision of the PGER Act 1967. Finder proposes to drill two exploration wells (the project).

This document summarises the operations, risk assessment, mitigation and management measures as detailed in the Finder's Environmental Plan Ref. No. EP493-ENV-PLN-1001-1 and Oil Spill Contingency Plan Ref. No. EP493-ENV-OSCP-1001-1.

Providing regulatory approvals are granted, Finder is planning to commence ground activities in March-April 2017.

1.2 Operator

Finder Shale Pty Ltd is the holder of permit EP493, the operator of this project and the owner of this Environment Plan (EP). Finder holds 100% interest in permit EP493.

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2 DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITIES

2.1 Location

The proposed well location is approximately 150 km southeast of Broome (see *Figure 1: Regional Location*), with coordinates for the well location is provided in *Table 1*.

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Figure 1: Regional Location

Table 1: Proposed Well Location Coordinates

Latitude WGS84	18° 54' 02.8789" S
Longitude WGS84	123° 17′ 38.6062" N

The Project will be undertaken at the existing site. There is an existing access track to the site, camp site and the water bore in place to support drilling operations (see *Figure 2: Location Diagram*). The existing well site requires clearing of approximately 3.4ha of native vegetation to accommodate additional infrastructure. The proposed location contains no identified waterways or other sensitive locations. The project will be undertaken on Unallocated Crown Land.

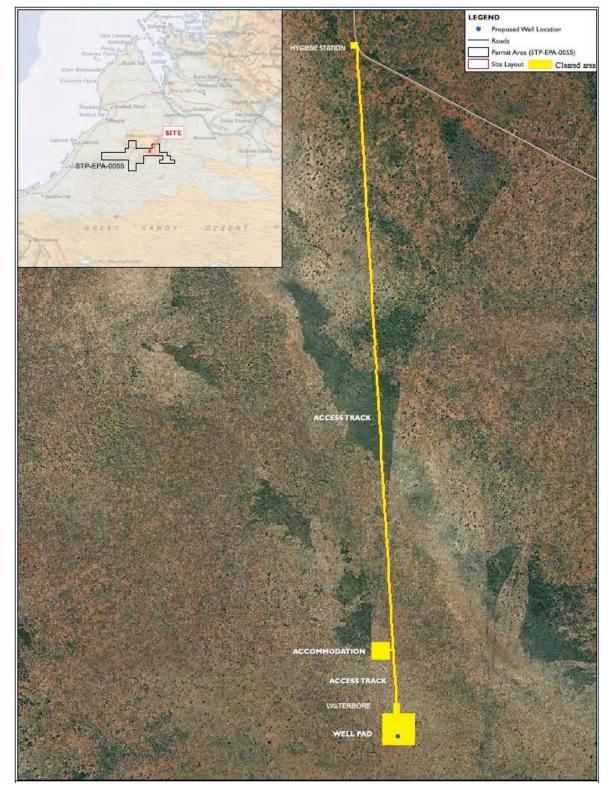


Figure 2: Location Diagram

2.2 General details

The project involves drilling two wells: the Helios-1 vertical well, a pilot well to a target depth of 1,650m to acquire data that will be used to drill the horizontal well section, which will then be plugged back and sidetracked as the Helios-1H horizontal well, which is expected to have a lateral extent in the order of 1,000m. The well will then be suspended, in readiness for possible well completion and testing.

Associated project activities are outlined in the following sections, but in summary consist of mobilisation/demobilisation, site preparation and civil works, operations and maintenance.

2.2.1 Civil Works

The wells are proposed to be drilled using the existing well site prepared for Theia-1. The existing well site requires an extension from 120m x 120m to 220m to 220m, refer to Figure 3 Helios 1 Site Extension. The additional area includes an allowance for a 10m fire break and areas to cater for soil stockpiling.

HELIOS-1 SITE LAYOUT THEA-1 EXISTING CLEARED AREA HELIO 8-1 OVERALL DI STURB ED AREA/PERIMETER
(Includes soil stockpile, etc) COMPACTED AND GRADED AREA/PERIMETER ACCESS ROAD TO BE INSTALLED New Camp Area 60 m x 60 m 220m New Access Road New Access Road 220m 160m 120m 150m Well 120m Abandoned Theia-1 Well

Figure 3: Helios-1 site extension

(Diagram not to scale)

The camp site will be extended from a 60m x 60m footprint to 60m x 120m to accommodate the larger workforce required for the Helios drilling program on-site.

In addition, two new access roads to the Helios-1 Site will be constructed from the existing access road to provide improved vehicular access / egress. These will be 5m wide running surface with a cleared shoulder of 2m each side. The length of each new access road section will be approximately 120m and 150m respectively.

Topsoil will be removed to a depth of 300mm and cleared vegetation will be stored in separate stockpiles within the site perimeter. The topsoil stockpile will be kept to maximum height of 2m to minimise stockpile erosion.

Excavated soil from the water holding pond and mud sumps will be stored in stockpiles within the site perimeter. The size of stockpiles will not exceed a maximum height of 2m.

If required, dust suppression will be considered during civil works using water sourced from the on-site bore or provided by the civil contractor.

Following completion of drilling, Finder will retain the well site and associated infrastructure for subsequent production testing in accordance with the permit work program commitment.

2.2.2 Access road and track

To access the drilling site, Finder will use the existing Dampier Downs Road and the existing access track. The access track extends for approximately 2.8km in a straight line along an historical seismic line. An established hygiene station is located at the intersection of the access track and the Dampier Downs Road.

2.2.3 Well site and Exploration Well

The total area of the well site including firebreaks will be approximately 4.8ha.

The turkey nest will be approximately 60m x 40 m x 3m deep. The turkey nest will be lined with HDPE plastic liner. During the drilling activities covered by this EP, the turkey nest will be used to contain water from the water bore and as a contingency measure to receive any overflow from the sumps during a significant 1% AEP rainfall event.

The mud sumps will each be approximately 30m x 30m x 3m deep. The mud sumps will be lined with HDPE plastic liner. The mud sumps have been designed with combined capacity of 3,500m3 that increases to 4,400m3 factoring in the 0.5m raised bund edge.

The chemical storage area will be designated to store dry and liquid chemicals. Dry chemicals for use during the drilling of the well will be stored on ground that is covered by a very flexible polyethylene (VFPE) liner.

There are two types of liners to be used during the project: a 1 mm a very flexible polyethylene VFPE for dry chemicals storage area and clean-down area will be lined with this liner and a 0.75 mm Enviroliner (EL6030^{HD}) to line turkey nest and mud sumps.

The flare pit will be constructed for emergency flaring only. The pit will have an overall size of 30m × 10m, with walls sloped from approximately 1m up to 3m height and will be located 45m from the well.

The site toilet block will consist of 1 x 7000L black water storage tank (maximum size). This is a pump-out system which collects and stores waste from toilets. The tank will be pumped out at a regular basis with the waste to be disposed at licensed waste facilities. The tank will be removed during demobilisation.

The outline drilling operations sequence as follows:

Helios-1 Operations

- Drill, set and cement 508mm (20") conductor at ~30m BGL utilising water bore drilling rig.
- Mobilise drilling rig.
- Rig up on location. Install riser/bell nipple to take drilling returns.
- Drill 445mm (17½") hole vertically to ~865mMDGL.
- Run and cement 340mm (13%") casing.
- Nipple up and test BOP's.
- Drill out shoe and conduct Leak off Test with 216mm (81/2") BHA.
- Drill 216mm (8½") production hole vertically to 1650mMDGL.
- Conduct electric logging.
- Run and cement 140mm (5½") casing.
- Conduct diagnostic injection test.
- Permanently plug and abandon reservoir section.
- Cut and pull 140mm (5½") casing at ~1050m.
- Set an abandonment/kick off cement plug.

Helios-1H Operations

- Kick off well in 311mm (121/4") hole just below the 340mm (13%") casing shoe.
- Drill 311mm (12½") intermediate hole, landing horizontal in the Goldwyer III Formation at 2010mMDGL (1550mTVDGL).
- Run and cement 244mm (95%") casing.
- BOP pressure test.
- Drill out shoe and rat hole with 216mm (8½") BHA
- Geosteer 216mm (8½") hole horizontally to 2610mMDGL (1550mTVDGL)
- Run and cement 140mm (5½") casing.
- Suspend well for subsequent activities.
- Rig down.
- Release rig.

A Well Management Plan will be submitted to the DMP for approval. The conceptual design of the wells is shown in *Figure 4: Helios-1/1H Well Design* for activities covered under this EP.

2.2.4 Drilling Muds and Cuttings

Water based drilling mud will be used to drill the well. The main ingredients of the drilling mud are KCL (potassium chloride), polymers and biocides. With the exception of KCL, all ingredients used in the drilling mud are present in low concentrations – they are non-toxic and are easily biodegradable. The drilling mud and cuttings that are returned to surface however, could contain inorganic elements associated with geological formations.

The drilling mud will be filtered and cleaned of drilled cuttings and sediment from the mud at surface. This is achieved by processing the returned fluid through a solids control system. Removed cuttings will be placed directly into the drilling mud sump.

Recycling of mud limits the volume of water required to be taken from local groundwater bores and the non-invasive mud design limits fluid loss to surface formations protecting groundwater from potential contamination.

All substances used during drilling have been fully disclosed in accordance with Regulation 15(9) of the Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources (Environment) Regulations 2012 (WA) and Chemicals Disclosure Guideline as provided in Appendix 3. The Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for the substances are also provided in Appendix 3.

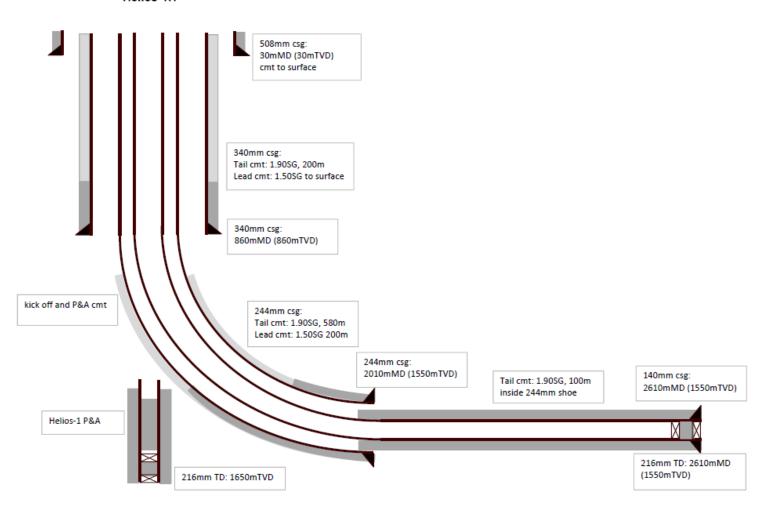
2.2.5 Water

Water for maintenance of the road and access track, camp and well site, and subsequent drilling of the exploration well will be sourced from the existing water bore drilled on the permit in 2015 in accordance Section 26D of the Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914.

The water bore is adjacent to the well site and drilled to a depth of approximately 166m. The water from the bore is saline and is not potable. Finder will utilise this water bore for drilling operations. Approximately 3,4KL of water will be required for this project. Finder has a 5C licence to take water GWL179507(2) for the project activities. Potable water for domestic consumption will be sourced locally and stored on-site as required.

Figure 4: Helios-1/1H Well Design

Helios-1H



2.2.6 Waste Management

The project will generate general and putrescible wastes (non-hazardous solid wastes, recyclable materials, food scraps, grey water, drilling mud and cuttings) and potentially hazardous wastes (black water / sewage, fuels and oils and flammable materials).

General wastes will be recycled where possible, with all general and recyclable wastes removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility. A waste removal contractor will be nominated prior to the civil works.

Greywater from the camp will be re-used for irrigation. Any product for cleaning or products that will be washed down drains will be environmentally friendly (non-toxic, biodegradable).

Black water / sewage from the toilets on the well site will be managed by utilising an onsite holding tank which will be periodically emptied by a licensed contractor and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility in Broome. The system will consist of 1 x 7000L tank on the well site. The tank will be emptied at least once per week, more frequently if required.

Black water from the camp will be managed by utilising a mobile wastewater treatment unit (WWTU), such as Aerobic Treatment Unit (ATU), e.g. Enviroflow Water Technology system. The ATU will be capable of handling toilet, washing machine and shower waste from up to 45 people.

The residual drilling fluid will be tested to determine disposal options. To determine the classification of the solid material and the landfill type that will accept this material, the cuttings and residual sludge will be tested for constituents of potential concern (COPC). If the results for contaminants are below the threshold criteria prescribed in the Landfill Waste Classification and Waste Definitions (2013), the material can be re-used or buried on-site otherwise the material will be disposed of to the appropriate class of landfill, or treated to a level that is suitable for disposal to lower class landfill or reuse.

2.2.7 Decommissioning and Maintenance

The well will be suspended in accordance with *the Well Management Plan* for subsequent production testing that will be subject to a separate environmental approval by the DMP.

Following the suspension of the well and assuming that subsequent operations are not performed in direct or near term continuation, the site will be partially decommissioned. The following maintenance program/ protocols will be implemented to establish a safe stable non-polluting environment:

- the well will be suspended for subsequent production testing;
- the wellhead will be fenced;
- all drilling equipment and camp structures will be removed;
- all general waste, waste containers and residual chemicals will be removed;
- all contaminated material from the hygiene station will be appropriately disposed of;
- water bore standpipes will be locked;
- sumps containing cuttings and residual drilling fluid will be retained until significant reduction of fluid (through evaporation) is achieved.
- The cuttings and residual drilling fluid will be tested to determine standard quality criteria for disposal.

- the entire site will be contained within a minimum 0.3 m high earth embankment (ie. a windrow) which will extend for the full length of the site boundary.

Decommissioning and maintenance will be in accordance with Finder *Decommissioning* and *Maintenance Management Plan* described in the Environmental Plan.

2.2.8 Details of Chemicals and Other Substances

As prescribed under the PGER (Environment) Regulations 2012 and DMP Chemicals Disclosure Guidelines, 2013, the Chemicals and other Substances Disclosure Statement for drilling activities is provided as Appendix 3.

Any changes to the drilling fluids program, Finder will notify the DMP, update the Chemical Disclosure Statement in accordance with Regulation 11(7) (8) of the PGER Regulations 2012.

3 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

3.1 Physical Environment

The Project is located in the Pindanland subregion (DL2) of the Dampierland Bioregion, close to the subregion's southern boundary with the McLarty subregion (GSD1) of the Great Sandy Desert bioregion (Graham, 2001b).

The regional climate is arid-tropical with a distinct wet season (December to March) and dry season (April to November). The area is subject to cyclone activity, with the coastline between Exmouth and Broome recognised as an area of high cyclone activity.

The surface geology in the vicinity of the proposed well consists of sand plains with dunes and swales of regolith. No emergent landscape features occur in the immediate vicinity of the Helios-1 well. The nearest emergent feature is the Edgar Ranges, which lies approximately 7 km to the north-east of the proposed well site.

There are no permanent surface water features in the vicinity of the project. During the wet season (December – March), sustained heavy rainfall may result in ephemeral surface water features in the region.

The project area contains unconfined unsaturated Broome Sandstone and the confined Wallal Sandstone. These two aquifers are separated by the generally impermeable Jarlemai Siltstone.

The unsaturated Broome Sandstone overlies the Jarlemai Siltstone and has a maximum recorded thickness of 60 m in the West Canning Basin. The Jarlemai Siltstone comprises mainly black puggy clay and silty clay and acts as a confining layer which separates the Wallal and Broome Sandstone. The Jarlemai Siltstone has a maximum recorded thickness of 200 m. The Wallal Sandstone generally comprises cemented very coarse to fine grained sands. The Wallal aquifer is confined beneath the Jarlemai Siltstone.

The groundwater in the Canning Basin is used for irrigation, industrial, rural, domestic and commercial uses (DoW, 2010). The project does not occur in close proximity to existing groundwater users. The nearest public drinking water reserve is near the town of Broome (DoW, 2010), approximately 150 km north-west of the Project area.

3.2 Biological Environment

A desktop review and an ecological field survey were completed during May 2014. The first field survey was completed to establish baseline conditions of the existing environment and to identify potential protected flora and fauna species within the project area.

Finder proposes to undertake an additional ecological survey for the proposed clearing in late November 2016. If any sensitive vegetation is identified during the proposed ecological survey, Finder will review the proposed site layout to minimise impact from proposed disturbance.

As an example, one population of P3 flora (*K. katatona*) was recorded within the footprint of the previous project primarily in the area proposed to be cleared for the accommodation camp. In response to this, Finder reviewed the project layout and relocated the accommodation camp to the opposite side of the access track in order to avoid disturbance to this population. It was noted that *K. katatona* was observed in previously disturbed areas (historic seismic clearing) and appears to respond positively to ground disturbance.

In regard to fauna protection, Finder has Fauna Management Plan approved by DMP. The plan was developed in consultation the Department of Parks and Wildlife and implemented during the previous activities.

Key findings of the desktop study and the ecological field survey are summarised as follows:

Flora and vegetation

No threatened or priority ecological communities declared under the EPBC Act or WC Act have been recorded during the survey or are expected to occur within the project area.

There are no Ramsar listed wetlands in the vicinity of the project area.

No threatened flora species declared under the EPBC Act were identified during the desktop study or recorded during the ecological field survey.

A total of 58 plant taxa (15 families, 39 genera) were recorded within the existing clearing footprint during the field survey.

Eight conservation significant flora species (Priority 1, Priority 2 and Priority 3) were identified within 50km radius of the project location during the desktop study. However, no flora species listed under Schedule 1 or 2 of the WC Act were recorded during the field survey.

One Priority 3 flora species (K. katatona) was recorded in the vicinity of the well site

No recognised weed species were identified during the survey.

The Pindan vegetation of the project area is consistent with the broad-scale vegetation type described as: "Eucalyptus tectifica (Darwin box), Corymbia flavescens woodland with Acacia tumida (pindan wattle) open-scrub and Chrysopogon spp. (ribbon grass) and Triodia bitextura grasses" (Graham, 2001a).

Three main vegetation units were identified and recorded within the project area. They are Cg.Cf.As.Ts – *Acacia/Grevillea* Tall Scrub, Eb.Am.Sp – *Acacia monticola* Tall Scrub and Cg.Eb.Ah.Aa.Tp – *Acacia* Low Heath.

Fauna

In regard to fauna habitat, three vegetation and substrate associations (VSAs) were found within the survey area during the field investigation, which corresponded to the three vegetation communities identified during the flora and vegetation assessment.

The desktop review identified an assemblage of 257 vertebrate fauna species potentially occurring in the vicinity of the project, comprising six (6) frog species, sixty two (62) reptile species, one hundred and forty six bird species, thirty three (33) native mammal species and ten introduced (feral) mammal species. Twenty nine are considered to be fauna of conservation significance. Of these, many were identified as migratory birds that were considered to be unlikely regular visitors to the project area.

Based on desktop assessment results, the project area is considered potential habitat for the greater bilby (Macrotis lagotis), declared as vulnerable under the EPBC Act, and the northern marsupial mole (Notoryctes caurinus), declared as Endangered under the EPBC Act.

The targeted fauna survey undertaken in 2014 did not identify any marsupial mole habitat and moles. Four inactive burrows and five sites with signs of bilby digging were found.

Conservation Areas and other sensitivities

The project area contains no declared conservation areas or areas of specific environmental sensitivities. In particular, there are:

- No environmentally sensitive areas (ESA) of declared conservation land under the CALM Act such as declared conservation significant land, wetlands, national parks or reserves within the permit;
- No permanent waterways within or in proximity to the project area;
- No groundwater dependant systems;
- No areas of other ESAs of ecological significance such as TEC/PEC, threatened flora species and its habitat;
- No Public Drinking Water Source Areas, potable water supplies, Public Drinking Water Source Areas water bores or Aboriginal Community drinking water bores in the project area. The nearest public drinking water reserve is near the town of Broome, approximately 150km north-west of the Project area.
- No social values such as recreational areas or tourist attractions are associated with the Project area;
- Limited groundwater values and beneficial use, as the project is located in a remote area on unallocated Crown Land;
- No populated areas and no identified groundwater users in the vicinity of the project area;
- No known areas of cultural significance located in the project area.

3.3 Socio-Economic Environment

The Project is located on unallocated Crown Land. The nearest pastoral lease is the Dampier Downs station, which lies 50 km to the north-east of the well location. There is no State or Commonwealth declared conservation significant land in the vicinity of the project area.

The closest major population centre is the town of Broome, which is approximately 155 km north-west of the proposed location.

4 LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

A summary of applicable legislation and the activities covered by this EP to which it applies is provided in Table 2.

Table 2: Summary of Applicable Legislation

Legislation / Regulation	Jurisdictio n	Administering Authority	Approvals
Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972	WA	Department of Aboriginal Affairs (DAA)	Heritage Protection Agreement
Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources Act 1967	WA	DMP	Well Management Plan
Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources Act 1967 and (Safety) Regulations	WA	DMP	Safety Management Plan
Petroleum and Geothermal Energy Resources Act 1967 and (Environment) Regulation 2012	WA	DMP	Environmental Plan Oil Spill Contingency Plan
Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914	WA	Department of Water (DoW)	D26 licence to drill water bore and C5 licence to take groundwater
Environmental Protection Act 1999 Wildlife Conservation Act 1950 (WC Act)	WA	Department of Parks and Wildlife (DPaW)	Requirement for an on- ground ecological assessment.

5 ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS ASSESSMENT AND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

An evaluation of environmental risks and impacts in relation to the Project was carried out in accordance with the methodology and principles described in the following standards and procedures:

- ISO:14000 Environmental Management Standards
- Standards Australia/New Zealand Standards 31000:2009 Risk management Principles and guidelines
- HB 203:2012 Managing environment-related risk
- Finder Hazard Identification and Risk Management Procedure HSE-PRO-4008.

All aspects of the proposed project that may affect the environment were identified, along with the associated hazards and potential impacts for both planned and unplanned operations.

Measures to reduce the likelihood or consequence were considered for each potential impact in the context of the drilling program and their effectiveness in reducing risk.

The management process applied to the identification and assessment of environmental risks is described in Appendix 2: Finder Risk Assessment Matrix.

Table 3 provides a summary of the risk assessment including description of impacts, mitigation measures and management practices proposed for individual impacts. The proposed mitigation measures will be implemented throughout the operations to reduce environmental risks to ALAR.

Finder's overarching environmental objective for the project is to avoid or minimise environmental risks to as low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) and as described in

Finder's Environment Policy (Appendix 1). Finder has developed specific performance objectives for the Project to meet Finder's Environment Policy commitments, protect identified environmental values and reduce impacts on the environment to ALARP.

The environmental performance objectives, environmental standards and measurement criteria relevant to each aspect of the project are summarised in Table 6 below. The measurement criteria were developed to allow direct measurement of performance indicators. Each measurement criteria is specific, recordable and auditable.

The following project specific management plans were developed and will be implemented for routine activities to avoid, minimise and control impacts to identified environmental values to ALARP:

- Native Flora and Vegetation Management Plan
- Soil Management Plan
- Weeds, Pathogens and Pests Management Plan
- Fauna Management Plan
- Cultural Heritage Management Plan
- Air pollution (dust, GHG and other emissions) control
- Waste Management Plan
- Decommissioning and Maintenance Plan

To avoid and reduce impacts from non-routine activities (e.g. loss of well control, spills, fire) and address emergency situations the following plans will be implemented:

- Oil Spill Contingency Plan (EP493-ENV-OSCP-1001-1)
- Emergency Response Plan will be developed as part of the Well Management Plan and Safety Management Plan for this project.

With the application of these management commitments, the risk assessment identified that the overall residual impact to identified environmental aspects is considered to be low.

Sources of Risk (Hazards)	Environmental Impact						
Clearing of native vegetation	Loss of native vegetation, flora species, fauna habitat.	To maintain representation, diversity, viability and ecological function at the species, population and community level.	Baseline conditions (flora/vegetation) are known, an on-ground ecological survey will be carried out prior to clearing to identify protected flora and vegetation. The footprint of proposed disturbance is limited to 4.0ha. Based on results of the on-ground ecological survey, protected flora species will be avoided. Cleared areas will be clearly marked to prevent accidental clearing. Pre-clearing inspection by traditional owners to be carried out. No clearing of large trees (>600mm diameter at chest height) that may provide habitat for fauna. Vegetation in emergency helicopter landing area will be trimmed to less than 1m above ground to reduce disturbance. If unplanned encroachment occurs, all clearing works/ activities will be halted and an incident will be reported to relevant administering authorities. Finder will restore environmental damage. Disturbed areas will be maintained during drilling activities and monitored during care and maintenance phase to ensure no erosion and weeds. Evidence exists that some species (<i>K. katatona</i>) appear to respond positively to ground disturbance.	Clearing footprint to be limited to 4.0ha. Actual disturbance is less than planned. Sensitive areas are avoided.	Low		
Soil disturbance	Soil erosion, compaction, and sedimentation. Dust generation. Disruption of surface hydrology.	Protect the environmental values of soil ecosystems. Avoid wind and water erosion and alteration to drainage. Avoid impact on surface hydrology. Minimise soil disturbance.	Soil disturbance will be localised, and restricted to the proposed footprint. No water courses will be intercepted, no impacts on surface water flow in the area is expected. Vehicle and machinery movements will be at low speed to prevent dust generation. Dust control measures will be Implemented as required during excavation works. The earthmoving contractor will be inducted on locations and areas of disturbance (sumps/turkey nest and areas that require upgrade e.g. access track, firebreaks). During excavation of sumps and turkey nest, subsoil will be stockpiled within cleared areas. Size of stockpile will not exceed 6m wide at the base, max 2m high with a maximum 2:1 batter slop to minimise erosion, protect soil from windblown erosion and preserve biological and chemical integrity. Stockpiles will be set back no more than 2m from the edge of the site in a manner that facilitate backfilling to rebuild soil profile during restoration.	Clearing footprint does not exceed 4.0ha. No visual sign of erosion and sediment run off.	Low		
Introduction of weeds or pathogens and feral fauna species.	Competition for resources with native flora, degradation of critical habitat or food resources for native flora and fauna species. Rehabilitation failure.	Protect biodiversity and ecological values of the existing environment. Prevent introduction and spread of weeds, plant diseases and feral fauna. Control their spread where they are already present.	No established weed populations or evidence of pathogens were identified during the field ecological survey 2014. Civil works and traffic will be restricted to proposed footprint only. To prevent the introduction of weeds, project activities will be carried out in the dry weather when weeds are not active. Contractors will be required to provide washdown certificates where equipment/ vehicles are brought to the project area from interstate or weed/pathogen infested areas. Vehicles and equipment will be inspected for soil and plant material prior to arriving at site and cleaned if required. A vehicle inspection bay (designated hygiene station) with brush down facilities will be available at the beginning of the access track. Off-road driving or creation of short-cuts will be prohibited. The hygiene station will be on covered ground (VFPE plastic liner); material that has fallen from the vehicle will be collected and contained within a sealed container to prevent wind dispersal. Contaminated material will be sealed in bags and removed by the waste contractor. A brush down register will be maintained on-site. Sheeting material for civil works will be sourced locally – this was identified as an alternative to bringing material on-site from elsewhere, which reduces the risk of translocation of weed species. All site staff will be trained in vehicle inspection requirements prior to arriving on-site. Public access to the access track, camp and well site to be restricted to minimise risk of weed translocation. Signage to be posted on access track to inform visitors of access restrictions.	No introduction of weeds or pathogens as a result of the project. No reported instances of new infestations of exotic flora/fauna species. No recorded incidence of a vehicle driving in areas not designated for clearing during the entire project.	Low		
Disturbance to native fauna	Injury or death of native fauna. Loss of fauna habitat (Bilby)	Minimise disturbance to native fauna species and populations. Avoid injuries to native fauna.	Baseline conditions of potential fauna species and its habitat were established during the field ecological survey in May 2014. Fauna management will be in accordance with Finder Fauna Management Plan. The Plan was successfully implemented during clearing and drilling operations in 2015. Fauna encountered during civil works and drilling operations will be allowed to make their own way from the site to avoid injury and stress to the animal. All sightings of bilbies and bilby burrows, both active and inactive during the project activities will be recorded and reported to relevant administering authorities in accordance with Finder's Fauna Management Plan (Bilbies). Feeding of fauna, hunting or keeping animals will be prohibited. Waste will be managed to prevent attraction of feral and native fauna species. All sumps/pits will be fenced. Methods of escape, such as hessian matting, rope, cargo net or wood acting as a ramp, will be placed in sumps/pits. Field personnel will be inducted on the potential to encounter fauna in the area and of the associated reporting requirements. Vehicle speeds will be reduced along roads, access tracks, camp and drill site to <40km/h. Reducing vehicle speed provides both the driver and fauna time to take evasive action. Vehicle and machinery movements will be restricted to daylight hours only to reduce the likelihood of incidents involving fauna. Given the nocturnal habits of the Bilby, issues associated with vehicle movements are unlikely as night time vehicle traffic will be limited to emergencies only. Signage will be placed on the access road warning drivers that bilbies may occur in the area, especially at night. Injured animal will be reported to the DMP and the DPAW.	No wildlife injuries or mortalities. No driving during night time (unless approved or an emergency). 100% field personnel to be inducted on fauna.	Low		

Sources of Risk (Hazards)	Environmental Impact	Environmental Performance Objectives	Environmental Performance Standards	Performance indicators	Residual risk
Disturbance to aboriginal heritage sites.	Damage to, or loss of, culturally significant sites Restricted access to culturally significant sites.	Avoid sites of cultural and heritage significance. No disturbance, damage to or loss of culturally significant sites and artefacts.	Compliance with Heritage Protection Agreements (HPA) between Finder and the Native Title holders. Cultural heritage survey will be undertaken prior to any ground works in accordance with the HPA. If required, a monitoring team (representatives of the Native Title Party) will be present on-site during excavation works. In the event of cultural heritage artefacts/ objects being identified, works in the immediate vicinity of such artefacts/objects will be suspended and a culturally appropriate method of managing the discovery will be discussed with the Native Title Party. If required, consent must be granted under Section 18 of the <i>Aboriginal Heritage Act 1972</i> (Western Australia) by the DAA.	No incidence of disturbance of newly discovered heritage sites for the duration of the project. No aboriginal heritage related complaints. 100% field personnel are inducted on heritage values.	Low
Drilling Muds and Cuttings	Contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.	Prevent disposal or discharge of any hazardous material to the environment. Minimise environmental harm from spillage, leakage or other escape of harmful substances. No contamination of soil or groundwater from drilling muds and cuttings.	Finder proposes to use water-based KCL drilling mud, refer to Finder's Chemicals and Other Substances Disclosure Statement. Drilling cuttings and mud will be separated and stored in lined sumps to avoid impacts on soil structure around the drilling site. Appropriate casing and cementing material will be used to prevent contamination of groundwater. Frilling mud will be designed to prevent artesian water flows and limit mud seepage into the drilled borehole prior to casing being run. The well is designed with cemented casing strings set at depths in the well to isolate aquifers and prevent vertical cross-flow and mixing of different aquifers. Materials used to mix drilling mud will be stored and handled in accordance with Australian Standards, manufacturer's specifications and MSDS. Drilling mud solids control and recovery system will be implemented and a mud engineer will be on-site to maintain drilling mud properties and where possible drilling mud will be re-used to reduce drilling fluid volume. Mud sumps will be designed and constructed to contain all drilling cuttings and residual drilling fluid. Sumps will be lined with the HDPE liner, to prevent escape of contaminants into shallow aquifers. Fill extracted will be utilised to construct an earth bund (minimum 0.5m) around earth of the sumps. The sumps are designed to store drilling mud and drilling fluid from the drilling operation and to also store rainfall. All residual fluids will be sampled to determine management options.	No discharge or escape of contaminants to the land or water. No significant loss of drilling fluid during drilling and cross contamination of formations. 100% structural integrity of cuttings/ drilling mud sumps. A mud engineer on-site.	Low
Light and noise emissions.	Alteration of behaviour of native fauna. Nuisance or disturbance to sensitive receptors	Minimise impacts of light / noise emissions to sensitive receptors.	Drilling operations will be conducted 24/7. Lighting will be required for night time operations to provide safe working conditions. Noise will be generated by the drill rig and associated equipment (e.g. generators, pumps, motors). The area of the project is remote unallocated Crown Land, sensitive receptors are limited to reptiles and mammal species, therefore the impacts associated with light and noise emissions is unlikely to have significant consequences. Lighting will be reduced to that required for the safe operation of the well and camp. Directional lighting will be faced inwards to camp and well site to reduce light spill into surrounding areas. Contractors will be required to ensure that all engines, machinery and equipment are operated and maintained within manufacturers' specifications. Vehicles, machinery and equipment will be operated in a manner that does not cause unnecessary noise (e.g. excessive revving or dropping of materials).	Applicable noise and light levels are met. No noise/ light related incidents and complaints.	Low
Water consumption	Depletion of local water resources, impact on local water supply.	No direct or indirect impact to aquifer from the extraction of groundwater as part of the project. Minimise impact on local water resources by re-using and recycling water where possible.	Approximately 3.4ML of water is required for the project activities. This includes approximately 350KL of potable water that will be sourced locally and stored on-site as required. Water for drilling activities and for maintenance of the road and access track will be sourced from the existing water bore under the Finder's water licence GWL179507 allocating 60ML of water for the project. The water from the bore is not potable. There are no groundwater dependent ecosystems and water users that could be impacted by proposed water extraction. The water to prepare drilling mud will be stored in the turkey nest that will be lined to prevent losses via seepage. To reduce water consumption, residual water and treated wastewater will be reused or recycled for dust suppression, irrigation or site restoration and maintenance.	Water usage does not exceed Finder's Groundwater Licence limits. Actual consumption of water is less than planned.	Low
Generation of general and putrescible wastes.	Visual pollution generated by litter, temporary contamination of soil, modification	Optimise waste avoidance, reduction, reuse, recycling, treatment and disposal to reduce	Given the relatively short-term life of the project, the generation of general waste will be limited to kitchen scraps, green waste, grey water, treated effluent, paper, packaging material and metal scraps. All domestic waste will be segregated and stored in labelled rubbish bins/skips and removed from the site by a licenced contractor. Wind, water and vermin proof waste bins will be used to ensure litter does not enter the surrounding environment. A certified waste removal contractor will be called once the waste skips reach 75% capacity. A spare waste skip will be retained on-site to cover any extra waste	No waste left on- site after demobilisation and decommissioning.	Low

Sources of Risk Environmental Environm (Hazards) Impact Performa Objective			Environmental Performance Standards	Performance indicators	Residual risk
	of native and feral fauna habitat. Introduction of weeds	the quantity of waste that is sent to landfills. Prevent disposal of waste to the environment. Minimise potential environmental impacts associated with the generation of general and putrescible wastes.	generated prior to collection. Waste will not be burned or allowed to be burned. All vehicles will carry rubbish bags. Residual drilling liquid and cuttings will be tested. If the waste is not classified as controlled, the waste will be managed on-site by the mix-bury-cover method, otherwise the material will be disposed of to the appropriate class of landfill. Field personnel will be educated on waste management procedures at induction. Camp and drill sites will be subject to daily and weekly inspections. Contractors will be required to maintain records of waste disposal. All emissions and discharges will be reported quarterly to the DMP in accordance with Reg. 33/ 34 of the PGER Act Regulations 2012.	All waste disposed of appropriately in accordance with regulatory requirements.	
Generation of controlled and hazardous waste	Soil and groundwater contamination, human health effects, injury or death of fauna, loss of ecological values	Optimise hazardous waste avoidance, reduction, reuse, recycling, treatment and disposal. Prevent disposal of hazardous waste to the environment. Prevent spillage, leakage or other escape of hazardous substances.	Generation of controlled and hazardous waste will be limited to sewage, fuels, hydrocarbons, batteries, used oils/lubricants, residual or unused liquid/solid chemicals (surfactants, acids, alkalis), spill contained materials, cuttings and residual drilling mud (if not classified otherwise). All material used for drilling is listed in Finder's Chemicals and Other Substances Disclosure Statement. Hydrocarbons, fuels, lubricants, and chemicals will be stored in appropriately bunded areas, (sufficient to retain the volume of the largest tank +10%) or self-bunded containers and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and MSDS. Hydrocarbons and chemicals will be segregated in labelled bunds as per the MSDS and manufacturer's instructions. Portable bunds will be available on-site for use if any hydrocarbon or chemical needs to be transported or moved. A Hazardous Materials Register will be maintained by Contractors and MSDS for all registered materials will be available on-site. A mobile wastewater treatment unit will be used to treat black water/sewage from the camp. Wastewater will be treated to the effluent standard suitable for beneficial re-use (irrigation). Treated effluent and grey water will be discharged for irrigation to a designated area outside the camp using slotted end PVC pipe for purpose of reticulation. Signage will be erected to prevent access. Visual inspection will be undertaken to ensure there are no signs of ponding or erosion. Black water / sewage from the toilets on the well site will be managed by utilising an on-site holding tank which will be periodically emptied by a licensed contractor and disposed of at a licensed disposal facility in Broome. All hazardous wastes generated during the Project will be transported by a licensed contractor to licensed disposal facility. Sludge from sewage / black water treatment will be disposed of at a licensed contractor to licensed disposal facility in Broome. Waste containing hydrocarbons will be transported to a disposal facility licensed	No site contamination from hazardous materials and wastes. All controlled or hazardous wastes are disposed of appropriately in accordance with regulatory requirements.	Low
GHG and other emissions	Air pollution and contribution to climate change	Minimise GHG and other emissions. Reduce impact on ambient air quality.	with site staff trained in the implementation of the plan. GHG emissions will result from the rig operations, vehicle and machinery movements and reservoir/ background gas (CH4) from the drilling mud brought to the surface during drilling. H2S and CO2 gases are not typically a problem in the region and are not anticipated in the well. An average of approximately 8kL of fuel including the camp will be consumed daily during the drilling activities (usage can vary depending of the operations being performed on the rig site). All equipment, engines and generators will be serviced to manufactures' specifications and maintained to reduce risk of leaks and emissions. Procedures will be in place to ensure efficient use of machinery. Refuelling will be performed under the Contractor's Refuelling Work Procedure. Fugitive emissions will be limited to a very small amount of entrained CH4 gas in the drilling mud. The gas will be separated by a degasser and vented to the atmosphere. The reservoir being targeted is a shale formation and it is very unlikely that any significant volume of gas will be produced to surface during the drilling operations. For emergency use a flare pit will be constructed and activated to flare gaseous hydrocarbons. The OSCP will be in place with field personnel trained in the implementation of the plan. All Contractors will maintain records of fuel consumption. All emissions will be reported quarterly to the DMP in accordance with Regulation 33 and 34 of the PGER Act Regulations 2012. In case of accidental release of emissions exceeding 500m3 per day, the DMP will be notified in accordance with Reg.28 of the PGER (E) Regulations 2012.	No leaks from equipment. Release of GHG and other emissions are less than planned.	Low
Vehicle movements and transport of materials	Dust generation, spills, deterioration of track/road surface. Collisions with fauna. Introduction of	Minimise potential environmental impacts from soil erosion and compaction. (see Soil Disturbance) No introduction of weeds or pathogens	Project vehicles will be required to travel along the Dampier Downs Road, ring road and access track. This traffic will consist of light vehicles (e.g. utilities), buses (personnel transfer) and trucks (e.g. fuel, waste etc.). Vehicle usage to be reduced where possible e.g. crew transfers using minibus, unnecessary trips will be avoided. Vehicle movements will be restricted to existing tracks. Speed limits will be sign posted. Vehicle speeds along access tracks, camp and well site will be reduced to <40 km/hr. Reducing vehicle speed provides both the vehicle driver and fauna time to take evasive action. Public access to the access track, accommodation camp and well site to be restricted to minimise risk of weed translocation. During transportation of goods to site, all loads will be securely fastened for transportation and checked prior to departure. All containers will be closed and checked prior to transportation. Chemicals for drilling mud will be delivered to site on shrink wrapped pallets. Fuel will be purchased from an accredited supplier and transportation to site to be conducted by authorised distributor. Refuelling activities will be performed by a	No recorded accidents, spills, collision during vehicle movements and transport of materials. No complaints	Low

Sources of Risk (Hazards)	Environmental Impact	Environmental Performance Objectives	Environmental Performance Standards	Performance indicators	Residual risk
	weeds.	as a result of the project. (see Introduction of weeds, pathogens and feral fauna and Disturbance to Native Fauna above)	trained person. All hazardous wastes generated at the camp will be transported by a licensed contractor and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility in Broome. All materials will be stored, handled and transported in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and MSDS. All vehicles transporting fuel will have spill kits. Prestart inspections and load checks will be performed before travelling to / from site. Clearance (washdown) certificates will be required from contractors if equipment, machinery, vehicles and materials are brought to the project area from interstate. Driving outside of daylight hours will be limited to emergency only. Many fauna species in the area are nocturnal (including Bilby's), as such restricting routine vehicle movements to daylight hours significantly reduces the likelihood of incidents involving fauna. Field personnel will be inducted on speed limits and vehicle inspection requirements.	from roads/tracks users or third party. No recorded incidence of a vehicle driving in areas not designated for driving. No records of impact with fauna.	
Loss of Well Control	Increased risk of fire, contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater. Injury or death of fauna. Loss of local ecosystems.	No environmental impacts from loss of well control.	The well is targeting shales (non-conventional reservoir) usually with low permeability to allow free gas flow. There is a low risk of encountering a liquid hydrocarbon reservoir under sufficient pressure to result in a blowout risk. <i>Finder's Well Management Plan</i> including detailed well design approved by the DMP will be in place prior to the well spud. Drilling procedures with overbalance mud will be in place to minimise gas release. A blow out preventer (BOP) will be installed on the well to contain well fluids in the event of a loss of well control. The BOP is safety specific equipment to provide the mechanism by which the well may be sealed at surface in case of unplanned flow from the well, or build up a pressure in the well. This serves to minimise the risk of release of any well fluids to the environment. The blowout prevention equipment will be not removed until the well has been adequately sealed. Each BOP test will be recorded in the drilling log. General BOP drills will be carried out as often as necessary until the drilling crews are familiar will all operations and further conducted weekly for each drilling crew to ensure that all equipment is operating and that the crew is properly trained to carry out emergency duties. Flare pit will be constructed to vent gaseous hydrocarbons to reduce well pressure. Gas detectors will be available on-site. The well site has 10m firebreak in place. The well will be cased to prevent contamination of upper aquifers. Formation integrity testing (pressure testing or leak-off test) will be conducted at the completion of each casing level to ensure that there is no connection between formations. DMP approved <i>Well Management Plan, Safety Management Plan, Emergency Response Plan and the OSCP</i> will be in place. Field personnel will be trained to implement the ERP and the OSCP. In case of an environmental incident caused by the project activities, Finder is responsible to complete necessary restoration activities.	No loss of well control or blowout during the project.	Low
Fire	Smoke hazard, injury or death of native fauna, GHG emissions, changes to ecological values.	Prevention of fire. No fires lit on-site, no vegetation burning. Compliance with all requirements and instructions from DFES.	ire could result from working equipment, electrical systems, flare pit, flammable materials (e.g. bottled gas), cigarettes butts, 3rd party activities, natural event and vandalism. Consultation with the DFES will take place prior to the project activities. An approved <i>Emergency Response Plan</i> will be implemented. Fire drill and use of fire-fighting equipment training will be conducted prior to the commencement. Camp and well sites have appropriate firebreaks in place. Fire detection system (such as smoke detectors) will be installed in all offices, warehouses and camp. Lighting of fires on well site (except authorised flaring), camp site and access tracks or in immediate vicinity of above mentioned areas will be prohibited. Smoking will be prohibited except within designated areas. Cigarette bins will be placed in designated smoking areas for the disposal of cigarettes and cigarette butts. A mobile fire-fighting unit with 2 diesel powered foam pumps and fire-fighting equipment will be available for use at the camp and well site. Each vehicle will be equipped with a correct fire extinguisher. Fire extinguishers will be in place at designated locations around the camp and well site. All vehicles will use diesel fuel. Hot work operations will be in accordance with the DMP approved <i>Safety Management Plan</i> . Emergency services will be contacted on 000 in case of uncontrolled fire.	No fires as a result of the project. All instructions from State and Local DFES are complied with. 100% field personnel inducted and trained.	Low
Spills	Contamination of soil, water and air. Land degradation. Increase risk of fire.	No contamination of soil or groundwater from spills. Prevent spills and minimise impact from spillage, leakage and other escape of hazardous substances.	The project will involve the storage and handling of fuels (diesel), oils (e.g. lubricating oil, hydraulic fluid), liquid chemicals, drilling mud and sewage. It is expected that approximately 30-60kL of fuel will be stored on-site in 2x30kL self-bunded fuel tanks. This risk assessment is based on a spill greater than 500L (reportable amount). All solid wastes will be stored in covered skips and other appropriate containers. Hazardous liquid materials and wastes will be stored in appropriate containers with appropriate bunding (i.e. sufficient to retain the volume of the largest container +10%) to capture any potential spills or leaks. Main fuel tanks will be double skinned and self bunded. All materials will be stored and handled in accordance with <i>Australian Standards 1940:2004 and 3780:2008</i> , manufacturer's instructions and as described in MSDS for each identified material. A <i>Hazardous Materials Register</i> is to be maintained by Contractors and MSDS for each registered material will be available on-site. Equipment will be well maintained to reduce risk of leaks and fugitive emissions. <i>Planned Preventative Maintenance</i> (PPM) will be undertaken for all equipment. Hydraulic hoses on all equipment will be inspected prior to mobilisation and replaced as required. All subcontractors are required to inspect their equipment for leaks as part of daily inspection program. Refuelling will be performed by a trained person under the contractor's <i>Refuelling Procedures</i> . Refuelling station will have a collapsible bund, manufactured from 1350gsm PVC and drip trays to be utilised during refuelling activities to catch any spilt fuel. Vehicle exclusion zone to be established around main fuel tanks to reduce dangers of vehicle collision.	No spills during the project activities. 100% field personnel trained and inducted to halt spills. Results of groundwater monitoring and baseline assessments	Low

Sources of Risk (Hazards) Environmental Environmental Performance Objectives			Environmental Performance Standards	Performance indicators	Residual risk
			Suitable clean up equipment (including spill kits) will be located at hazardous materials storage areas. Emergency spill drill will be performed prior to the commencement date and if required throughout the project. All hazardous wastes generated during the project will be transported by a licensed contractor and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility at Broome. The DMP approved <i>OSCP</i> will be in place during the project, with site staff trained in the implementation of the plan. In case of spill, the spill will be managed in accordance with the OSCP. Finder will complete necessary restoration activities. An incident will be reported to the DMP in accordance with Reg.28 of the PGER (E) Regulations 2012.		
Demobilisation and partial decommissioning	Disturbance to fauna. Soil erosion. Land degradation.	Ensure that the project area has safe and stable landform with topography and hydrology consistent with surrounding land. Ensure new ecological values and ecosystem functions are similar to adjacent natural ecosystems.	The rig and associated drilling equipment will be removed from the well site. All unused solid/liquid chemicals will be packed and removed from the site. The well will be suspended and cellar fenced. Suspension works will be undertaken in accordance with the approved well design and Well Management Plan. All camp facilities and associated equipment will be removed from the camp site. If any signs of erosion, soil profile will be restored similar to surrounding conditions. Vehicle inspection area (hygiene station) will be decommissioned by removing all contaminated material, waste and ground plastic liner. All waste will be removed from the camp, drilling site and the hygiene station and disposed of accordingly.	All disturbed areas are restored and prepared for care and maintenance. No equipment, unused material or waste left onsite. No unauthorised third party access.	Low
Water holding pond and sumps. Stormwater management.	Soil, surface water contamination from overflow during significant rain events. Land degradation.	Prevent disposal or discharge of any waste to the environment. Minimise Maintain structural integrity of sumps to prevent environmental harm from spillage, leakage and other escape of harmful substances.	The following areas will be retained and maintained for the production testing: suspended well, turkey nest, mud sumps and flare pit. Suspended well will be fenced. Mud sumps containing cuttings and residual drilling fluid will be retained until significant reduction of fluid (through evaporation) is achieved. The cuttings and residual drilling fluid will be tested for COPC to determine standard quality criteria for on-site reuse or disposal. The dry cuttings will then be removed. To prevent sumps from overflowing during significant rain events, the sumps will be constructed with additional storage margin for a significant rainfall event. Contingency measures will be implemented such as any overflow from the sumps during significant rainfall event will be directed in to the turkey nest. The turkey nest and sumps will be fenced to prevent third party access and fauna entrapment. The site will be monitored after significant rain events and if required Finder's Maintenance Plan will be reviewed with additional mitigation/management measures to be developed and implemented. Erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the drilling site. The entire site will be contained within a 0.3m high earth embankment (i.e. a windrow) which extends for the full length of the site boundary. As a result, any runoff and transportation of sediment which occurs within the site during rainfall or storm events will be contained wholly within the site. In addition, at the completion of drilling, a raised embankment will be constructed at the point where the access track enters the drilling site to prevent any stormwater flow along the track.	No discharge or escape of contaminants to the land or water.	Low
Fauna entrapment	Injury or death of native fauna	No disturbance to local fauna populations and its habitat	The preparation for drilling activities will require the excavation and construction of a water holding pond, sumps, cellar and flare pit. These excavations may lead to fauna entrapment. The sumps, turkey nest and flare pit will be fenced with 1.75m high feral ringlock mesh fencing. Small animal mesh will be attached to the base of the fence to help prevent ingress of small animals. The cellar will have a cellar grating installed. Methods of escape, such as hessian matting, rope, cargo net or wood acting as a ramp, will be positioned in them to facilitate fauna escape. The sumps will be monitored every 6 months or following significant rain event (whatever is earlier) for evidence of fauna entrapments. Incidents will be reported to the DMP and the DPAW. If necessary, the site maintenance plan including methods of escape will be reviewed and additional mitigation measures will be developed.	No recorded incidence of fauna entrapment	Low
Failure to maintain	Land degradation. Soil erosion. Third party access. Failure to rehabilitate.	Restore and rehabilitate all environmental damage in a manner consistent with current standards and without unacceptable liability to the State.	Signage will be retained on the access track to inform visitors of access restrictions and weed control. Signage will be erected at the well site entrance to prevent unauthorised third party access and vandalism. Sumps, turkey nest, flare pit and the suspended well will be fenced. The site will be monitored every 6 months or after significant rain events and if required additional management measures will be implemented. The Maintenance Plan will be revised annually following well suspension.	No new weed infestation areas. No visual soil erosion. No third party access.	Low

6 IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES

The implementation strategies were developed for each environmental aspect to ensure environmental objectives are met and performance indicators are achieved over the course of the project. The implementation strategy describes specific management practices that will be applied to the operation including monitoring/ reporting, personnel training/ inductions and the definition of roles / responsibilities.

The practices and procedures described in the project specific environmental management plans will be used by Finder personnel and Finder's contractors and subcontractors as practical implementation and management tool when conducting the project activities.

In order to ensure that the environmental objectives are achieved all personnel including Finder, contractors and sub-contractors must comply with this EP. In addition, the approved Safety Management Plan (SMP) and Well Management Plan (WMP) will be implemented to assist with management of safety and emergency responses.

The Finder Site Representative will be present at all times during the project activities and will ensure that Finder's environmental requirements are met in all aspects of the project operations. This will be verified via the audit, inspections, monitoring and review program.

Finder will ensure that all contractors have the following procedures in place prior to commencement of the project activities:

- Copy of this approved Environment Plan and associated reporting and compliance documents
- Site Specific Safety Management Plan including refuelling procedures
- Oil Spill Contingency Plan
- Emergency Response Plan
- Records of all field personnel trainings and inductions.

Un-planned and non-routine activities

The risk to the environment from un-planned and non-routine activities is limited to spills and fire. Contributing factors may include loss of well control, inappropriate storage and handling of HAZCHEM, hazardous materials and waste. The impact to the environment from a spill is dependent on the nature, amount and location of the spill. The risk assessment associated with spill is based on a spill greater than 500L (reportable incident). The OSCP has been developed covering three scenarios of spillage: small spillage (Level 1 Spill), medium (Level 2 Spill) and large spillage (Level 3 Spill).

Finder will audit contractors prior to the project activities to ensure contractors provide, via their Project Specific Management Plans (PSMP), spill management procedures, refuelling procedures, HAZCHEM handling procedures, Oil Spill Contingency Plan and the Emergency Response Plan. The procedures should include, but not limited to, use of bunding on-site, spill containment equipment, workers' responsibilities, and emergency procedures and response, clean-up and rehabilitation procedures, monitoring, reporting and communication.

Un-planned and non-routine activities will be also addressed in the Finder's Safety Management Plan (SMP) and Well Management Plan (WMP). The SMP and WMP regime aims to reduce risks and impacts of petroleum drilling activities to a level which is ALARP and acceptable. The Project SMP and WMP will be the overriding safety documents for the project and must be adhered to by all project personnel.

In case of spill /fire emergency, the Emergency Response Plan (ERP) will be implemented. The ERP will be developed as part of the Project SMP and WMP. The ERP details the emergency response arrangements and contains contact details for emergency services to support the field personnel in any emergency situation, including environmental emergencies such as release of hazardous substances and/or fire.

7 ENVIRONMENTAL REPORTING

7.1.1 Reportable Incidents

Regulation 28 of the PGER (E) Regulations requires Finder to report to the DMP any reportable incident that classified as a reportable incident in the Environment Plan for the project; or an incident has caused, or has the potential to cause, an adverse environmental impact; and an environmental impact that has been categorised as moderate or more serious than moderate under the environmental risk assessment process described in the EP.

For the project covered by this EP, reportable incidents are considered to be those which the inherent consequence category is determined to be moderate to critical using the risk assessment methodology described in Section 5.

The following triggers will be used to activate reportable incident reporting:

- spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous materials >80L in inland water
- spill of hydrocarbons on land of >500L.
- an unplanned gaseous release to the atmosphere >500m³
- an uncontrolled escape or ignition of petroleum or other flammable or combustible material that affect a ground surface area greater than 100m²
- fire
- loss of well control.

In addition to the notification provided to the DMP, Finder will submit a written report to the DMP via petroleum.environment@dmp.wa.gov.au. The DMP Environmental Incident Report Form template ENV-PEB-189, Rev3.0, 2012 will be used.

The written report will include a completed reportable environmental incident report, any relevant photos, maps and/or supporting documents with all known facts and circumstances regarding the reportable incident and any action taken to avoid or mitigate any adverse environmental impacts.

The written report will be prepared in accordance with s.3.8.3.1 of the *DMP Guideline for the Development of Petroleum and Geothermal Environmental Plans in WA*, 2016.

7.1.2 Recordable Incidents

Under Regulation 30 (4d) of the PGER (E) Regulations, any incident that occurs during the project and which breaches an environmental performance objective or standard in this EP, but is not reportable, is a recordable incident.

Finder will maintain a record of all recordable incidents that occur during the operations. This written record will be provided by Finder to the DMP following each calendar month in which the drilling program is undertaken, and will be provided no later than 15 days following the end of a calendar month. The recordable incident report will be submitted via petroleum.environment@dmp.wa.gov.au

7.1.3 Emissions and Discharges

In accordance with Regulation 34 of the PGER (E) Regulations, Finder will report to DMP on a three monthly basis the estimated emissions and discharges to the environment as a result of the project.

7.1.4 Annual Environmental Report

Finder will provide an environmental close-out report summarising environmental performance of the project activities to enable the DMP to determine whether the EP objectives have been achieved, performance indicators are met and the implementation strategy complied with.

In addition to the close-out report, an annual maintenance report covering the ongoing maintenance and monitoring activities will be submitted to the DMP within 12 months following the completion of the drilling activities (the completion date).

The content of the report will be in accordance with requirements of s.3.8.2 of the DMP Guideline for the Development of Petroleum and Geothermal Environmental Plans in WA, 2016.

The reports will be submitted to the DMP via petroleum.environment@dmp.wa.gov.au.

8 STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION

The following stakeholders have been identified as relevant to the project activities and require consultations throughout planning, approval and operational stages:

- DMP, Environment
- Department of Water (DoW)
- Office of the Environmental Protection Authority (OEPA)
- Western Australian Department of Fire and Emergency Services (DFES)
- Department of Park and Wildlife
- Shire of Broome
- Karajarri Traditional Lands Association (KTLA) Aboriginal Corporation
- Ecologia Environmental Services
- Aztech,
- Schlumberger,
- Fugro
- Mineral exploration companies operating in the area.

Finder will continue to consult with relevant government authorities, community, interested third parties and organisations on all aspects of operations, as required.

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- HB 203:2012 Managing environment-related risk

Appendix 1 - Finder Environmental Policy



ENVIRONMENT POLICY

ENVIRONMENT POLICY

It is the policy of Finder Exploration to plan and conduct operations according to sound environmental principles. The work brings Finder Exploration staff into daily contact with the Earth's resources and ecosystems, including areas of extraordinary environmental value and sensitivity. The policy is to strive to minimise any impact.

Some aspects of our activities are subject to specific laws or regulations, with which we shall comply fully.

Finder Exploration adopts the following environmental principles:

- · To promote environmental awareness and responsibility in our employees, suppliers and clients.
- To be sensitive to local community concerns about the environmental impact of our operations, bearing in mind that the world at large is often unfamiliar with such operations and that much can be gained by careful listening and thoughtful response.
- To maintain the highest level of integrity with our clients, government officials and the public in addressing environmental concerns, being especially diligent in recognising that trust is difficult to build but easy to lose.
- To make environmental considerations a priority in planning and developing services and operations.
- To be particularly vigilant when working in areas of unique or sensitive flora and the habitats of birds, animals or marine life or in or near sites of historically or culturally importance.
- To require a firm environmental commitment from our suppliers and clients, especially those concerned with the transport or disposal of hazardous or waste materials.
- To share information and experiences with other companies and individuals to ensure effective environmental practices are available for the use of all.
- To demonstrate by our actions at every level of the company that Finder Exploration and all its
 employees are truly committed to these principles.

Shane Westlake

CEO - Finder Exploration

Date: 19 July 2016

Page 2 of 2 Date: 20/07/2016

Appendix 2 - Finder Risk Assessment Matrix

A quantitative risk analysis was undertaken in accordance with the Australian Standard AS/NZS 4360:2004 Risk Management and NB 203:2006 Environmental Risk Management – principles and processes and Finder's Hazard Identification and Risk Management Procedure (HSE-PRO-4008).

The likelihood is the product of exposure and probability. The likelihood of each event occurring has been determined based on information such as industry past experience and examples of environmental risk assessment reports. The consequence of each event occurring has been determined based on information such as the potential scale of the event, the range of stakeholders who may be affected and the duration of the event. The risk associated with each environmental aspect was determined by multiplying the likelihood and consequences by. Explanatory notes on the selection of the consequences and likelihood for each environmental impact and risk matrix are present in the Table 1 below:

Table 1: Risk Matrix

			Ris	k Ass	essme	ent Mat	rix			
	ACCEPTABLE (Low)						LIK	ELIHO	OD	
	TOLERABLE (IF ALARP) (Medium)				Description	Unheard of in Industry	Has Occurred Once or twice in industry	Has occurred many times in industry, but not in the company	Has occurred once or twice in company	Has occurred frequently in company
	UNACCEI (Hig				Probability	Consequence occurs once in ten years.	Consequence occurs once in five years.	Consequence occurs once a year.	Consequence occurs monthly.	Consequence occur weekly.
			·		Historical	May happen in extreme circumstances.	May happen sometime.	May happen.	May easily happen.	Expected to occur.
	CONSE	QUENC	=		,	RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	ALMOST CERTAIN
People	Environment	Asset	Reputation			1	2	3	4	5
First Aid Treatment or no injury.	Limited damage to area of low significance Temporary (Hours - day)impact to the immediate area	Less than \$10K Minimal production disruption.	Local mention only, quickly forgotten, freedom to operate unaffected	MINOR	Α	A1	A2	А3	A4	A 5
Medical Treatment, Restricted or Alternate Work	Minor environmental damage. Limited scale less than 1km Short term impact (days- month)	Less than \$100K. Slight production disruption.	Short Term Local concern. Some impact on asset level non-production activities	MODERATE	В	B1	B2	В3	В4	B 5
Lost Time Injury.	Moderate effects on environment Limited scale 1-10 km Short term impact (months - years)	\$100K - \$1M. Serious production disruption.	Attention from government, media or heightened concern from community National negative publicity	SERIOUS	С	C1	C2	C 3	C4	C5
Fatality, permanent disability or potential fatality	Major environmental damage. Large scale. Greater than 10km. Long term (years - decades) impact	\$1M - \$10M. Significant business reorganisation.	Persistent national concern. Major venture/asset operations severely restricted.	MAJOR	D	D1	D2	D3	D4	D 5
Multiple fatality or potential for multiple fatalities.	Significant environmental or heritage damage Large scale <10km Long term (decades) impact	Greater than \$10M. Extreme business reorganisation.	International concern. Serious public or media outcry. Government or common law legal action. Long term brand impact	CRITICAL	E	E1	E2	E 3	E4	E 5

Table 2 Risk Acceptance Criteria

Risk level	Response
High	Unacceptable; stop operations and rectify immediately. Further significant risk reduction is required. Chief Executive Officer approval required to continue.
Medium	Undesirable: Formal assessment and documented mitigation controls required. Tolerable if all effort made to reduce risk to level that ALARP. Upper-management decision to accept or reject risk and for operation to continue.
Low	Acceptable risks with control in place, proceed with caution and continuous improvement,
	monitor and review by crew management.

Appendix 3 - Chemicals and other Substances Disclosure Statement

DMP CHEMICAL DISCLOSURE REPORTING

A. SYSTEM DETAILS:

A. STSTEIN DETAILS.	
OPERATOR:	Finder
PROJECT/WELL:	Helios-1
SYSTEM:	Drilling Fluid System
TOTAL VOLUME OF SYSTEM (I).	628m3*

^{*} includes 30% Contingency.

B. PRODUCT LIST: Product Name	Supplier	Purpose	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Information	% Product	MSDS Attached
Water	N/A	Purpose Base Fluid	Bore water sourced onsite - Natural Product	in system 69.83%	Attached N
Barite / Newbar	Newpark	Weighting Agent	Low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated. Toxicity Data: Toxicity data available for ingredient: Toxicity LCLO (Inhalation) 100 (Job (17) opers (human) Toxicity (Inhalation) 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis) Aquatic toxicity: Toxicity LCSO (Rainbow trout) > 7500 ppm/96hrs. LCSO (Fresh Water Trout) > 21,000 ppm/96hrs. LCSO (Fresh Water Strickel Back) > 56,000 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 56,000 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) > 100 ppm/96hrs. Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Strickel Back) Toxicity LCSO (Job (18) of the Stri	8.41%	Y
Bentonite / NewGel	Newpark	Viscosifier	The main component/s of this product are not anticipated to cause any adverse effects to plants or animals. Toxicity Data: QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALINE) (14808-60-7) LCLO (inhalation) 300 ug/m³/10 years (human) TCLO (inhalation) 1600 0000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis) BENTONITE (1302-78-9) LDSO (intravenous) 35 mg/kg (rat) LDSO (intravenous) 35 mg/kg (rat) LDLO (intravenous) 15 mg/kg (dog) Inhalation LC 50-55.27 mg/L, 4hr (rat) Ecotoxicity Data: Bentonite (1302-78-9) ECSO Daphnia > 100 mg/l, 94 hours ECSO Freshwater algae > 100 mg/l, 72 hours LCSO Freshwater algae > 100 mg/l, 72 hours LCSO Marine water fish 2800 - 3200 mg/l, 24 hours ECSO Coon stripe shrimp (Pandalus danae) 24.8 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Dungeness or edible crab (Cancer magister) 81.5 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Dungeness or edible crab (Cancer magister) 81.5 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Bungeness or edible crab (Cancer magister) 81.5 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Reshwater (Station) Water of the 100 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Reshwater (Station) Water of the 100 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Reshwater (Station) Water of the 100 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Reshwater (Station) Water of the 100 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Reshwater (Station) Water of the 100 mg/l, 96 hours ECSO Water of the 10	3.84%	Y
Potassium Chloride	Newpark	Shale swelling inhibition (smectite & illite clays)	Acute Toxicity: LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 620 mg/kg (rats) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 620 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 620 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 72 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 900 mg/kg (monse) LDL0 (Intraperitoneal): 900 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Intraperitoneal): 900 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Intraperitoneal): 72 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 72 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 2120 mg/kg (frog) TDL0 (ingestion): 60 mg/kg/days (woman) Ecotoxicity Data: In short-term acute toxicity tests with fish, daphnia and algae the following results were found (lowest test result values): Ictalurus punctulus 48h-LC50 = 720 mg/l: Daphnia magna: 48h-LC50 = 177 mg/l; Nitzschia linearis: 120 h-EC50 = 1337 mg/l. A chronic reproductive test with the invertebrate Daphnia magna gave a LOEC of 101 mg/l. All the studies compiled on the acute and chronic aquatic toxicity were > 100 mg/l. Thus it is concluded that KCl is not hazardous to freshwater organisms. Taking into considerations the background concentrations of KCl in seawater (380 mg/l K+ and 19,000 mg/l Cl-), it is concluded that there is no reason for further investigations of KCl on marine species. The low concern for the environment is supported by the absence of a bioaccumulation potentia for the substance. Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances. Does not bioaccumulate. Mobile in Soil: No impact if small amount is released to the soil. http://www.inchem.org/documents/sids/sids/KCHLORIDE.pdf		Y
Sodium Chloride Brine	Newpark	Base Fluid / Weighting Agent	Acute Toxicity: LD50 (Ingestion): 3000 mg/kg (rat) Ecotoxicity: LC50 (water flea) is 2122 mg/L/48 hours; LC50 (fathead minnow) is 6.57 g/L/96 hours. This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Not expected to bioaccumulate Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances. Does not bioaccumulate.	7.54%	Y
NewZan D (Xanthan Gum)	Newpark	Vicosifier	Acute Toxicity: LDS0 (oral) > 1,000 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (oral) > 45,000 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (oral) > 20,000 mg/kg (dog) LDS0 (intraperitoneal): > 50 mg/kg (dog) LDS0 (intraperitoneal): > 50 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (intravenous): 100-250 mg/kg (mouse) This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Not expected to bioaccumulate.	0.47%	Y
NewPac LV	Newpark	Fluid Loss	Acute Toxicity: Toxicity data available for ingredients: SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYL CELLULOSE (9004-32-4) LDS0 (oral): 27000 mg/kg (rab) LDS0 (oral): 27000 mg/kg (rab)ti LDS0 (olermal): > 2000 mg/kg (rab)ti LDS0 (olermal): > 2000 mg/kg (rab)ti LCS0 (inhalation): > 5800 mg/Mg/Alrs (rat) SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5) LCS0 (Inhalation): > 42 g/m3/1 hour (rat) LDS0 (oral): 3 g/kg (rat) Ecotoxicity: SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5) LCS0 (Fish 1): 5560 (5560-6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96hrs - Species: Lepomis macrochirus). ECS0 (Daphnia 1): 1000mg/l (Exposure time: 48hrs - Species: daphnia magna). ECS0 (Daphnia 2): 340.7 (340.7-469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48hrs - Species: Daphnia magna). This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Not expected to bioaccumulate.	0.65%	Y

NewPac R	Newpark	Fluid Loss	Acute Toxicity: Toxicity data available for ingredients: SODIUM CARBOXYMETHYL CELLULOSE (9004-32-4) LD50 (oral): 27000 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (oral): 27000 mg/kg (rabit) LC50 (inhalation): > 5200 mg/kg (rabit) LC50 (inhalation): > 5200 mg/m3/4hrs (rat) ATE US (oral): 27000mg/kg body weight SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5) LC50 (inhalation): > 42 g/m3/1 hour (rat) LD50 (oral): 3 g/kg (rat) ATE US (oral): 3000mg/kg body weight Ecotoxicity: SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5) LC50 (Fish 1): 5560 (5560-6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96hrs - Species: Lepomis macrochirus). ECS0 (Fish 1): 22496mg/l (Exposure time: 48hrs - Species: daphnia magna). ECS0 (Daphnia 2): 340.7 (340.7-469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48hrs - Species: Daphnia magna). ECS0 (Daphnia 2): 340.7 (340.7-469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48hrs - Species: Daphnia magna).	0.25%	Y
JK-161 LV	Newpark	Encapsulating Agent - provides shale inhibition	This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated. Acute toxicity: LDS0 rat (oral): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401) Ecotoxicity: (10000 ppm test concentration) (EPA-821-R-02-012) Mysidopsis bahia = 48hr LCS0 = 16.2 mg/L Menidia beryllina = 48hr LCS0 = 34.2 mg/L Scophthalmus Maximus = 95hr LCS0 > 1000 mg/L Skeletonemia costatum = 72hr ECS0 = 393 mg/L (NOEC = 118 mg/L) Acartia tonsa = 48h r ECS0 = 393 mg/L (NOEC = 112 mg/L) Corophium Volutator = 10 Day LCS0 = 9338 mg/Kg [NOEC = 1000 mg/Kg Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradabile (by OECD criteria). Bioaccumulation: Assessment bioaccumulation potential: Assessment bioaccumulation potential: Assessment bioaccumulation potential:	0.31%	Y
ldcide-20	Newpark	Biocide/Prevents bacterial contamination of the mud	Toxicity: Toxicity data available for ingredient: TETRAKIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)PHOSPHONIUM SULPHATE (55566-30-8) LD50 (ingestion) 248 mg/kg (rat) TDL0 (ingestion) 650 mg/kg/13 weeks - intermittent (rat) Ecotoxicity: 75% TETRAKIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)PHOSPHONIUM SULPHATE (55566-30-8): LC50 (Rainbow Trout) = 119 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Rainbow Trout) = 93 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Byland Magna) = 19 mg/L/48 hr LC50 (Byland Magna) = 19 mg/L/48 hr LC50 (Byland Magna) = 19 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Mysid Shrimp) = 340 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Sheepshead Minnow) = 94 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Sheepshead Minnow) = 94 mg/L/96 hr LC50 (Levenile Plaice) = 86 mg/L/96 hr Maste Water management EC50 (Activated Sludge) = 24 mg/L/3 hr Persistence and dearadability: This product is readily biodegradable.	0.05%	Y
Caustic Soda	Newpark	pH control-prevents bacteria & corrosion.	Toxicity: Toxicity Data available for the ingredients: SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2): LDSO (Intraperitoneal): 40 mg/kg (mouse) LDLO (ingestion): 1.57 mg/kg (human) Ecotoxicity: ECSO Ceriodaphnia: 40 mg/l. Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances. Does not bioaccumulate. WATER: If released to waterways, alkaline products may change the pH of the waterway. Fish will die if the pH reaches 10-11 (goldfish 10.9, bluegill 10.5). SOIL: May leach to groundwater with toxic effects on aquatic life as above. ATMOSPHERE: Not expected to reside in the atmosphere. Drops or particles released to atmosphere should be removed by gravity and/or be rained out.	0.05%	Υ
Sodium Sulphite	Newpark	Oxygen Scavenger	Acute Toxicity: SOPUIM SUIPHITE (7757-83-7) LDS0 (Ingrestion): 820 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 950 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 950 mg/kg (mouse) LDL0 (Intraperioneal): 825 mg/kg (mouse) LDL0 (Intravenous): 175 mg/kg (rabbit) LDL0 (Intravenous): 400 mg/kg (cat) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 600 mg/kg (rabbit) SODIUM SUIPHATE (7757-82-6) LDS0 (Ingestion): 5989 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intravenous): 1220 mg/kg (rabbit) LDL0 (Intravenous): 1220 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intravenous): 1220 mg/kg (mouse) TDL0 (Intravenous): 806 mg/kg/26 weeks intermittently (mouse) SODIUM CARBONATE (497-19-8) LCS0 (Inhalation): 800 mg/m³/2 hours (guinea pig) LDS0 (Ingestion): 4090 mg/kg (rabbit) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 117 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 117 mg/kg (mouse) Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation in the first process of the section of the s	0.13%	Y

Soda Ash	Newpark	pH / Hardness control	Toxicity: SODIUM CARBONATE LD50 (oral): 4090 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (infarlation): 800 mg/m3/2 hours (guinea pig) LD50 (infarlation): 800 mg/m3/2 hours (guinea pig) LD50 (infarlation): 800 mg/m3/2 hours (guinea pig) LD50 (intarparitoneal): 117 mg/kg (mouse) Ecotoxicity. Fishes, Lepomis macrochirus, LC50, 96 h, 300 mg/l Crustaceans, Ceriodaphnia dubia, EC50, 48 h, 200 - 227 mg/l Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/Bioaccumulation/	0.05%	Y
Sodium Bicarbonate	Newpark	рН Buffer, Contamination Treatment	Acute Toxicity: LDS0 (Ingestion): 3360 mg/kg (mouse) LCS0 (Inhalation): 4.74 mg/L (rat) Ecotoxicity: Fishes, Lepomis macrochirus, LCS0, 96 h, 300 mg/l Crustaceans, Ceriodaphnia dubia, ECS0, 48 h, 200 - 227 mg/l Ecotoxicity Data: LCS0 (Oncorhynchus mykiss), 96 h, 7.700 mg/l LCS0 (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h, 7.700 mg/l LCS0 (Lepomis macrochirus), 96 h, 7.700 mg/l LCS0 (Crustaceans, Daphnia magna) 48 h, 3.100 mg/l LOEC (Crustaceans, Daphnia magna) 48 h, 3.100 mg/l Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradatiiny does not pertain to inorganic substances. Does not bioaccumulate. This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Not expected to bioaccumulate. OCNS category and registration number E - 26175	0.04%	Y
Ancor 1	Newpark	Corrosion inhibitor	Acute Toxicity Toxicity data available for ingredient: Toxicity Data TRIETHANOLAMINE (102-71-6) LDS0 (Ingestion): 2200 mg/kg (rabbit) LDS0 (Intrapertioneal): 1450 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Skin): > 20 ml/kg (rabbit) TDL0 (Ingestion): 16 g/kg/64 weeks (mouse - cancer) Ecotoxicity. LCS0 (shrimp): > 100 ppm. In soil and water, triethanolamine will biodegrade fairly rapidly following acclamation (half-life in the order of days to weeks). In soil, residual triethanolamine may leach to groundwater. Not expected to bioaccumulate.	0.91%	Y
Citric Acid	Newpark	pH Buffer	Acute Toxicity: LDS0 (Ingestion): 3000 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 290 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 290 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 290 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Intraperitoneal): 240 mg/kg (mouse) LDL0 (Ingestion): 7000 mg/kg (rabbit) Ecotoxicity: LCS0 (Leuciscus idus melanotus): 440 mg/L - 48 h LCS0 Oaphnia magna (Water flea): 1.535 mg/L - 24 h Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Readily Biodegradability. Does not bioaccumulate. If citric acid is released to water, it is expected to biodegrade rapidly. May be toxic to fish at moderately high levels (120 ppm is fatal to daphnia; 894 ppm with pH 4 is fatal to goldfish) due to acidic nature. Fairly high biological oxygen demand (BOD) which may cause oxygen depletion in large spills. Citric acid occurs naturally in many plants.	0.05%	Υ
Fracseal Fine / Medium	Newpark	Prevent lost circulation	This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated Oral LD50 (rat) is > 5000 mg/m3. Dermal LD50 (rabbit) is > 2000 mg/m3. LC50 (rat) is 510 mg/m³/2 hours.	1.13%	Y
Magnesium Oxide	Newpark	pH Indicator / temperature stabiliser	Acute Toxicity. Toxicity Data SILICA, AMORPHOUS (7631-86-9) LDSO (oral): 31.60 mg/kg (rat). Health Hazard Summary Low toxicity - irritant. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in irritation. Mognesium Oxide TCLo (inhalation) 400 mg/kg (human). Eye Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. Inhalation Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. Skin Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis. Ingestion Low toxicity. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhoea. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Not expected to Biodegrade as it is inorganic substance.	0.13%	Υ
Defoam-A (I)	Newpark	Defaomer suitable for High Temperatures	May be harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in central nervous system (CNS) effects. Acute Toxicity: Main ingredient Octan-2-OL (>98%); Oral, rabbit: LDS0 = 300 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LDS0 = 300 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LDS0 = 300 mg/kg; Water accounts for the remaining <2% of the product. Biodegradation/Biaccumulation: Aliphatic hydrocarbons behave differently in the environment depending on their size. WATER: Light aliphatics volatilise rapidly from water (half life - few hours). Bioconcentration should not be significant. SOIL: Light aliphatics biodegrade quickly in soil and water, heavy sulphatics biodegrade very slowly. ATMOSPHERE: Vapour-phase aliphatics will degrade by reaction with hydroxyl radicals. The manufacturer reports that this product is > 80% biodegradable.	0.05%	Υ

Calcium Chloride (94%) Powder	Newpark	Weighting Agent	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity Data available for the ingredients: Acute Toxicity: CALCIUM CHLORIDE ANHYDROUS (10043-52-4) LDS0 (Ingrestion): 1000 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Indraperioneal): 210 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Subcutaneous): 823 mg/kg (mouse) LDL0 (Ingrestion): 1384 mg/kg (rabbit) LDL0 (Ingrestion): 150 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 20 mg/kg/1 hour (woman) SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5) LCS0 (Inhalation): 242000 mg/m3/1 hour (rat) LDS0 (Ingrestion): 3000 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (Intraperioneal): 260 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intravenous): 645 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intravenous): 645 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Intravenous): 3000 mg/kg (rabbit) LDS0 (Intravenous): 3000 mg/kg (rabbit) LDS0 (Intravenous): 3000 mg/kg (grabbit) LDS0 (Intravenous): 3000 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 3000 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Subcutaneous): 2150 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDL0 (Ingestion): 12357 mg/kg (human) Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradatiol/Bioaccumulation:	1.12%	Y
TopSpot	Newpark	Free pipe agent - surfactant	Toxicity Data: This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated.	2.73%	Υ
Strata-Vanguard	Newpark	Bridging Agent	Toxicity Data: Toxicity Data: Toxicity data avaailable for ingredient: CRISTOBALITE [14464-46-1] TCLo (inhalation) 16 mppcf/8hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis) QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE) [14368-66-7] LCLo (inhalation) 300 ug/m³/10 years (human) TCLo (inhalation) 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis) CELLULOSE (9004-34-6) LCSO (inhalation) > 5800 mg/m³/4 hours (rat) LDSO (interpertoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (rat) LDSO (interpertoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (rat) LDSO (interpertoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (rab) LDSO (interpertoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (mbit) POLYETHYLENE (9002-88-4) LDLO (ingestion) 3000 mg/kg (rat) MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4) TCLo (inhalation) 400 mg/kg (human) This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Not expected to bioaccumulate. This product has low mobility in soil.	1.30%	Y
Frac Attack	Newpark	Prevent lost circulation	Acute Toxichy: Calcium Oxide (1305-78-8) as an ingredient (<10%) LDSO 3059 mg/kg (Mouse/Intrapertioneal) Calcium Hydroxide (1305-62-0) as an ingredient (<5%) LDSO (ingestion) 7300 mg/kg (mouse) Cristobolite (14468-46-1) as an ingredient (<5%) TCLo (inhalation) 16 mpcf/8hours/17-9 years (human-fibrosis) Quartz (Silica Crystalline) (14808-60-7) as an ingredient (<3%) LCLo (inhalation) 300 ug/m²/19 years (human) TCLo (inhalation) 300 ug/m²/19 years (human) TCLo (inhalation) 15 000 000 particles/f13/8 hours/17-9 years (human-fibrosis) 2-Propenenitrile-1, 3- Butadiene Rubber as an ingredient (<50%) LCSO (48 h): -100 mg/L (Concorbynchus mykiss) LCSO (concorbynchus	1.30%	Y

AVAPERM NF	Newpark	Prevent swelling clays by blocking the site for water hydration.	Acute Toxicity: LDS0 (rat, oral) = >500 >1000 mg/kg* *Based no components Skeletonema costatum (Algae tox test) ECS0, 54,4mg/l Acartia tonsa (Crustacea tox test) LCS0, mg/l, 52,4mg/l Scophthalmus maximus juvenile (Fish tox test) LCS0, >51,0 mg/l Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Biodegradation Seawater test OECD 306, 75%. Bioaccumulation OECD 117,Log Pow ≤ 1,36 (0,44 weighted average) An equivalent product to AVAPERM NF has been registered on the CEFAS Offshore Chemical Notification Scheme with a 'Gold' rating & Registration # 24780	1.12%	Υ
HIPERM	Newpark	Prevent swelling clays by blocking the site for water hydration.	Acute Toxicity IDS0 (oral): 750mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (dermal): 1110 mg/kg (rabit) FORMIC ACID (64-18-6) LDS0 (oral): 700mg/kg (mouse) LCS0 (inhaltanion): 6200 mg/m3/15mins Ecotoxicity Information: Not classified. Hexamethylenediamine (124-09-4) LCS0 (Lepomis macrochirus): > 56 mg//96hrs EC (Daphnia magna): 23.4 mg//48hrs LCS0 (Pimephlaes promelas): 1825 mg//96hrs. Formic Acid (64-18-6): ECS0 (Daphnia magna): 120 mg//48hrs ECS0 (Daphnia magna): 120 mg//48hrs	2.73%	Y
Starch B	Newpark	Fluid Loss	Acute Toxicity: Toxic to microorganisms above 0.3 ppm (as formaldehyde). Biological oxygen demand (BOD): 37-47%, 5 days (High). May cause oxygen depletion in aquatic systems. WATER: Aquatic toxicity: 32 ppm/24 hr/caffish/fresh water; 100-300 ppm/48 hr/flounder/salt water. Acute Toxicity: This product is expected to be of low toxicity. The product contains Dazomet (ISO) [Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione], however due to the low levels present, adverse health effects are not anticipated. DAZOMET (ISO) [Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione] LDS0 (oral): 180 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (dermal): 2260mg/kg (rat)	0.52%	Υ
SAPP	Newpark	Acidifier / Buffering Agent	Acute Toxicity: Low toxicity. Ingestion of large quantities may result in nausea, vomiting and gastrointestinal irritation. Ingestion of large quantities may also result in serious disturbances in calcium metabolism. LD50 (Ingestion): 2650 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 59 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 59 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Subcutaneous): 480 mg/kg (mouse) Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: OCNS category (actual or equivalent chemical) and Registration number. E-2449	0.13%	Y
Limestone LSC/80	Newpark	Bridging & Weighting Agent	Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects. <u>Acute Toxicity:</u> LD50 (Ingestion): 6450 mg/kg (rat) Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances. Does not bioaccumulate.	1.30%	
Omyacarb 40 (Trade Name of Calcium Carbonate)	Newpark	Bridging & Weighting Agent	This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Acute Toxicity: LD50 (Ingestion) = 6450 mg/kg (rat). Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects. Biodegradation/Bioaccumulation: Dissolved calcium carbonate dissociates into calcium and carbonate ions. Calcium ions will be assimilated by living organisms in the water and the carbonate will become part of the carbon cycle. This product does not bioaccumulate	1.30%	
Circal 60/16	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
Circal 1000	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
Ciacal Y	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
Omyacarb 2	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
Omyacarb 8	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
Omyacarb 20	Newpark	Bridging agent & loss circulation material	As per Omyacarb 40	1.30%	Υ
JK 261	Newpark	Encapsulating Agent - provides shale	As per JK 161 LV	0.13%	Υ
QUICKSEAL F / M / C	Newpark	Inhibition Lost circulation material	This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated Acute Toxicity: Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 (oral) > 5000 mg/kg (rats). Acute low bearing Toxicity: LD50 (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg (rats). Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50 (inhalation) = 5800 mg/m3/4hrs (rat). Low toxicity to aquatic organisms. This product is readily biodegradable. This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.	1.30%	Υ

Rheolube	Newpark	Lubricant	This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated. Vegetable oil: Oral Toxicity: LD 50: 840 mg/m3 Skin. Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation Eye. Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness Sensitization. This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser. Mutagenicity. No evidence of mutagenic effects Reproductive. No evidence of carcinogenic effects. Reproductive. No evidence of reproductive effects. STOT – single exposure. No known effects from this product. STOT – repeated exposure. No known effects from this product. Aspiration. This product does not present an aspiration hazard Persistence and degradability Persistence and degradability	1.82%	Υ
FlexFirm KA	Newpark	Inhibits dispersion of drilled shale cutting	Acute toxicity Information available for the product: No known toxicological effects from this product. Information available for the ingredients: POTASSIUM SILGATE: LD50 (oral): 1600 mg/kg (rat) Sensitization: not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation. Mutagenicity: Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen. Carcinogenicity: Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. STOT – single exposure: Irritating to the respiratory system. Over exposure may result in internation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in breathing difficulties. STOT – repeated exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). Silicosis in a fibronodular lung disease caused deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. Principal systoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness. Ecotoxicity The high pth when undiluted or unneutralized is acutely harmful to aquatic life. The following data is reported for chemically similar Sodium Silicates on a 100% solids basis: A 96 hour median tolerance for fish (Gambusia affinis) of 2320 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for water fleas (Daphnia magna) of 247 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for saall eggs (Lymnea) of 632 ppm; and a 96 hour median tolerance for Water fleas (Daphnia magna) of 247 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for saall eggs (Lymnea) of 632 ppm; and a 96 hour median tolerance for Maphipoda of 160 ppm. Persistence and degradability This material is not persistent in aquatic systems. Mobility in soil Bioaccumulative potential Neither silica nor potassium will appreciably bio-concentrate up the food chain.	0.52%	Y
Gagetrol	Newpark	HT Fluid Loss	CARBOXYMETHYL STARCH. CAS: 9057-06-1 Acute toxicity LDS0 (Oral): >27 gm/kg (mouse) LDS0 (Oral): >27 gm/kg (rabbit) LDS0 (Oral): >27000 mg/kg (rat) Skin, rabbit: LDS0 = >2 gm/kg/This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated. Skin, Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may cause mild irritation. Sey. Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause mild irritation and lacrimation. Sensitization. This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser. Mutagenicity. No evidence of mutagenic effects. Mutagenicity. No evidence of reproductive effects STOT – single exposure. No known effects from this product. STOT – repeated exposure. No known effects from this product. STOT – repeated exposure. No known effects from this product. Aspiration. Not relevant. Toxicity. This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. Bioaccumulative potential. Not expected to bioaccumulate	0.91%	Y
AvaGreenLube / EBL	Newpark	Lubicant	Constituent 1: 100% LCS0 (Fish) 48 h: > 10000 µg / L LCS0 (Mollusc) 48 h: > 10000 µg / L LCS0 (Amphibious) 48 h: > 7600 µg/L 70% 28 days (method OECD 301 B) Low potential for bio-accumulation in aquatic organisms or terrestrial even after repeated exposure. The product is inherently biodegradable. Under anaerobic conditions the product is inherently biodegradable.	1.82%	
DeepDrill Inhibitor	Newpark	Lubricant / Shale Inhibitor	Constituent 1: (>50%) This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated LCS0: 218,000 ppm ATEmix (dermal) 40,971.00 mg/kg Constituent 2: (<50%) This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated Constituent 3: (Remainder) No Hazard	1.86%	
New100N	Newpark	Lubricant	Constituent 1: (30-60%) This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated Constituent 2: (10-30%) Oral Toxicity (LDS0) 4090 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (intraperitoneal) 4420 mg/kg (rat) LDS0 (intraperitoneal) 4420 mg/kg (mouse) LDS0 (subcutaneous) 91 mg/kg (mouse) TDL0 (oral) 1428 mg/kg (human) LCS0 static (Daphnia magnal: Soomge/J24 hrs ECS0 (fish): 51-57 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated Constituent 3: (10–60%) No Hazard	1.50%	

TOTAL 132.51% *		wpark Li	ubricant	ECSO Algae/aquatic plants (Desmodesmus subspicatus): 500mg/l - 72 hrs LCSO static exciscus idus (Fish): 2200 - 4800mg/l 96 hrs LCSO static Pimephales promelas: 2400mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO Dayhain amagna (Crustacea): 500mg/l 48 hrs Constituent 2: (3-7%) LDSO (ora): 470 mg/kg (Rat) LDSO (ora): 470 mg/kg (Rat) LDSO (ora): 470 mg/kg (Rat) LDSO (ora): 470 mg/kg (Rabbit) LCSO (inhalation): 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h LCSO (inhalation): 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h LCSO Fish Leopomis macrochirus): 1490mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO static (Lepomis macrochirus): 1490mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO static (Lepomis macrochirus): 1490mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO spahnia magna (Crustacea): 1000mg/l - 48 hrs LCSO spahnia magna (Fustacea): 1000mg/l - 24 hrs Constituent 3: (1-5%) LDSO (ora): 520 µL/kg (rabbit) LDSO (ora): 520 µL/kg (rabbit) LDSO (ora): 520 µL/kg (rabbit) LCSO Sesmodesmus subspicatus (Algae/aquatic plants): 7.8mg/l - 72 hrs ECSO Pesmodesmus subspicatus (Algae/aquatic plants): 7.8mg/l - 72 hrs ECSO Pesmodesmus subspicatus (Algae/aquatic plants): 7.8mg/l - 78 hrs LCSO static Pimephales promelas: 1200 - 1580mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO static Lepomis macrochirus: 600 - 1000mg/l - 96 hrs LCSO static Lepomis magna (Crustacea) - 55mg/l - 48 hrs Constituent 4: (85%) Oral Toxicity (LDSO) - 840 mg/m³ This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated. The following toxicity are based on the whole compound ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 450.00 mg/l ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 450.00 mg/l	1.26%	
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^{*} Shaded products are contingent.

C. CHEMICAL LIST:

		CAS	
	Ingredients (ie: Chemicals within Drilling Fluids)		Mass
Massium Chrories \$744.00.0 \$724.00.0	Water	7732-18-5	69.23%
Section Sect	Bentonite	1302-78-9	3.92%
### PROPRISE OF TRANSPORT OF TR	Potassium Chloride	7447-40-7	6.62%
	Sodium Chloride	7647-14-5	8.20%
sethen Gm 11736-65 11736-65 1776-75 0.317 control Chief Cyptalmer 1180-25 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.327 0.328 0.327 0.028	Barium Sulphate	7727-43-7	7.80%
cyclamolis, Solium Acrylate Copylome 2087-200 2018-200	Sodium Carboxymethyl Cellulose	9004-32-4	0.82%
part Cyfic Cyfalling 1800-00 1507-20 2055 <td< td=""><td>Xanthan Gum</td><td></td><td>0.47%</td></td<>	Xanthan Gum		0.47%
doubn Hydroxide 497-99 0.006 doubn Sulphite 777-85-77 0.006 doubn Sulphite 777-85-77 0.007 doubn Sulphite 777-85-77 0.007 doubn Sulphite 777-85-78 0.007 doubn Sulphite 186-85 0.007 doubn Sulphite 186-85 0.007 doubn Sulphite 186-85 0.007 strains (Srydormently) 180-85	Acrylamide, Sodium Acrylate Copolymer		0.31%
April Apri			
odum Sulphate 7775-29 0.338 odum Machantel 7775-20 0.038 odum Machantel 174-20 0.028 race Administration 174-20 0.028 race Administration 174-20 0.028 rechards 177-20 0.028 rechards 177-20 0.028 rechards 170-20 0.028 rechards 170-20 0.028 ellulose 0.024-40 0.229 ellulose 0.024-40 0.759 lica, Amorphos 787-80 0.029 ellulose 0.024-40 0.029 ellulose			
odum braidbate 1779-80 0.003 odum Bicarborate 144.08 0.003 tric Acid A, Anhydrous 77-60 0.005 trick Acid A, Anhydrous 77-60 0.005 technolumine 1500-44 0.001 technolumine 1500-44 0.001<			
State Stat	Sodium Sulphite		0.13%
IXI CADA (Anylorous 77-89 0.000 retains (Infrommethyll Prosphosium Sighate 5666-3-98 0.010 retains (Infrommethyll Prosphosium Sighate 1627-16 0.633 fellure 1627-16 0.633 fellure 600-44 0.702 fellure 600-44 0.702 fellure 600-44 0.702 fellure 700-702 0.002 fellure 100-84 0.003 fellure	Sodium Sulphate		0.003%
trais (Hydrosymethyl) Phophonium Sulphate \$5566-30 0.007 tagnesium Oxide \$1524-60 0.038 tables \$1504-64 0.123 tellucio \$1504-64 0.123 alcium Oxide \$1504-64 0.123 sching \$1504-64 0.123 alcium Oxide \$1504-64 0.123 crit \$1504-64 0.123 crit \$1504-64 0.123 chill \$1504-64 0.123 chill \$1504-64 0.003 child \$1504-64	Sodium Bicarbonate		0.02%
retanolamne (102-114 0.023) tagnesium Oxide (100-114 0.023) ta	Citric Acid, Anhydrous		0.05%
lagrestam Oxide 1394-44 1329-44 1329-44 1329-44 1329-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-44 1239-45 1249-45 1259-45 1249-45 1249-45 1259-45 1249-45 1259-45 1249-45 1259-45			0.010%
effulose 900-346 97.59 lacium Onzide 757.89 0.139 lica, Amoripous 751.896 0.149 CATA 120.00 0.000 ctan-2.01 120.00 0.005 ellulose 0.005 0.005 alcium Chloride 100-52-4 1.005 dum Chloride 100-52-4 1.005 MISTOBALITE 14464-61 0.005 MISTOBALITE 14464-61 0.005 MISTOBALITE 14464-61 0.005 MISTOBALITE 1400-62 0.005 Properiories (Apprier with 1.3-butadiene Rubber 0.005-10 0.005 Vincoprince 0.005-10 0.005 Vincoprince 0.005-10 0.005 Vincoprince 0.005-10 0.005 Village (Approximate Chloride (Ap			0.633%
alcium Oxide 1305-784 0.227 OTAL 1805-80 1705-80 0.128 OTAL 1805-80	Magnesium Oxide		
IRCA, AMORPHONE	Cellulose		0.750%
OFAL Control 0.005 Claim 2-01 0.005 0.005 Claim 2-01 0.005-34-0 2.005 Colling 1-05 0.004-34-0 2.005 Colling 1-05 0.004-34-0 2.005 Colling 1-05 1.004-05 1.005 Colling 1-05 1.004-05 1.005 Sunant Colling 1-05 1.004-05 1.005 Sunant Colling 1-05 1.005-05 1.005			0.123%
tctan-2-Ol 123-964 2009-14		7631-86-9	0.149%
Bulose 1004-34 2005 1005-354 1005-			100.00%
1094-524 1059 105			
odum Chloride 7647-145 0.058 ISTOBAUTE 14644-641 0.058 buartz Silica Crystalline) 14604-661 0.038 buartz Silica Crystalline) 9003-183 0.038 atural Rubber 9003-183 0.938 yolysoprene 9005-000 0.939 yolysoprene 9003-183 0.958 subber - SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-183 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-858 0.968 suber's SBR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9002-858 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
H464-461 0.05 0.03 1.05 0.03 1.05 0.03 1.05 0.03 0.0			
watz Silica Crystalline) 4808-807 0.03 Propenentities (Asber 9008-14-8 0.03 obysoprene 9008-04-8 0.03 obber - SR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-31-0 0.34% obber - SR elastomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 9003-34-0 0.34% latomaceous Earth 8003-18-3 0.05% latomaceous Earth 8003-18-3 0.05% alcium Carbonate 1317-65-3 7.86% operation of the company of the comp			
Propensitifie, polymer with 1,3-butadiene Rubber 9003-180 90			
atural Rubber 900-64-6 0.334 0.334 ubber - SBR elstomers (derived from recycled automotive tyres) 903-55-8 0.356 iuler's earth 6855-54-9 0.218 uller's earth 6051-18-3 0.167 alctum Carbonate 903-25-8 0.018 algenesium Oxide 1905-28-4 0.038 alctum Oxide 1905-28-1 0.048 alctum Mydroxide 1905-28-8 0.048 alctum Hydroxide 1905-28-8 0.048 alctum Hydroxide 1905-28-8 0.048 alctum Hydroxide 1905-28-8 0.048 alctum Hydroxide 1905-28-8 0.038 voltegenated Hexanedinitrile Chloride 1905-28-8 0.038 examethylenediamine 114-40-4 1.648 TARCH 9005-28-8 0.518 SIGNIFIT (SI) FITAL TI, 3,5-THIADIAZINE-2-THIONE] 59.514-5 0.518 Isodium Prophosphate 2587-30-8 0.138 cylamide, Sodium Acrylate Copolymer 2588-5 0.518 archylate Hydroxide 1912-26-1 0.528 kily etsery of fatty dacids 68-81-5 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
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OTAL Contingency Chemicals 23.05%			
		NC	
	TOTAL Contingency Chemicals *Shaded products are contingent.		23.05%

* Shaded products are contingent. NOTE:- NC - not classified as Hazardous

340mm (13¾") Cement Job

A. SYSTEM DETAILS:					
OPERATOR:	Finder				
WELLS:	Helios-1				
SYSTEM:	Class G Slurry				
TOTAL VOLUME	82				

OF SYSTEM (m ³):	82				
B. PRODUCT LIS	Т: 				
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
Fresh water	Bore water sourced onsite	Mix water	10.401%	Bore water sourced onsite - Natural Product	N/A
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤100%): After hardening with water or moister, cement presents no ecotoxicity	
Cement- Class G	Halliburton	Cement	61.987%	risks. (Source: IUCLID 2000) Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Freshwater and Marine Fish: - 96 hour LC50: >1,500 mg/L Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Freshwater and Marine Invertebrates: - 48 hour LC50: >1,000 mg/L Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Freshwater and Marine Algae: - 72 hour EC50: >1,000 mg/L Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water: Not Applicable for inorganics Oxygen Demand, Chemical Oxygen Demand: Not Applicable for inorganics Biodegradability, Seawater – Indigenous microbes: Not Applicable for inorganics CONSTITUENT 2 (<10%):	Yes
				Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1)	
Econolite Liquid	Halliburton	Cement Additive Stabiliser	9.245%	CONSTITUENT 1 (<60%): Crustracean Toxicity 100h EC50: 247 mg/L (Daphnia magna); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: 301-478 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus); LD50:2000-3000 mg/kg (Rat) Component is an inorganic substance with "No bioaccumulation potential"; "studies on biodegradation are not applicable." Source: IUCLID 2000 PLONOR Bioassay testing where LC50/ EC50: >100mg/L Readily biodegradable CONSTITUENT 2 (<100%): Natural Product (Water)	Yes
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤1%):	
				The inorganic substance has a high water solubility, and is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms; "Biodegradation is not applicable." Algae toxicity (i.e. mortality) has been shown at pH >8.5. Concentration-based toxicity values were not available. Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: 45.4 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Source: IUCLID 2000 Included on the OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which Are Considered to Pose Little or No Risk to the Environment	
1.		Cement Additive		CONSTITUENT 2 (≤60%):	
Gascon 469	Halliburton	Stabiliser	8.475%	""SiO2" is a stable substance. In the environment it occurs in different modifications and it is one of the most abundant materials on the Earth's surface." Biodegrability is "not applicable" for silica since it is inorganic. Additionally, "bioaccumulation is not expected." Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 440 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum); Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 7600 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50 5000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio); Source: IUCLID 2000 PLONOR	Yes
				CONSTITUENT 3 (≤100%):	
HR-6L	Halliburton	Cement Retarder	1.331%	Natural Product (water) Acute Toxicity Retarder Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): 301 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Fish Toxicity LC50 (48h): >100 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus) (juvenile turbot) Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): 1261 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable	Yes

B. PRODUCT LIS	ST: cont'd				
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
CFR-3L	Halliburton	Friction Reducer	0.966%	CFR-3L is CFR-3 in solution Acute Toxicity Retarder Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): >100 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) [Halliburton Funded Study] Fish Toxicity LC50 (48h): 7478 mg/L (Aphyosemion bivittatum) [SKW Trostberg] Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): 1687 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) [Halliburton Funded Study] Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable Bioaccumulation Log Pow: < 0 [Halliburton Funded Study]; Marine Water Biodegradation 28d: 0% [Halliburton Funded Study]; CHARM Category - GOLD	Yes
Halad-413L	Halliburton	Fluid Loss Additive	7.264%	Acute Toxicity Oral Toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2- propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated as an ingredient (10-30%) Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): 1,102 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): >2,000 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish Toxicity LC50 (96h): >1,000 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus) (juvenile turbot) Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable. Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1- yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated As an ingredient (10-30%) Log Pow: <0 (OECD 117) Biodegradation (28 Days): 6.1% (OECD 306)	Yes
NF-6	Halliburton	Reduces air entrainment into cement slurry	0.153%	Acute Toxicity: Not determined for Fish, Crustaceans and Algae as a complete mix. Rape oil as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,000 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: >3,200 mg/L Monopropylene glycol monooleate as an ingredient (5-10%) Fish Toxicity LC50: 3,200 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 990 mg/L Sorbitan, monopalmitate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >,1800 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 41 mg/L Aluminium stearate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L EC50: 6,500 mg/L Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Readily biodegradable. Low bioaccumulation potential due to rapid degradation.	Yes

B. PRODUCT L	B. PRODUCT LIST: cont'd						
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached		
D-AIR 3000L	Halliburton	Defoamer	0.177%	CONSTITUENT 1 (≤100%): Acute Algae Toxicity 96h EC50: 22 mg/L (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) Acute Fish Toxicity Data 96h LC50: >1000 mg/L (Salmo gairdneri) Acute Fish Toxicity Data 96h LC50: >1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) CONSTITUENT 2 (≤60%): Marine Water Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 426 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) [OSPAR]; Marine Water Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 433.2 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) [OSPAR]; Marine Water Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: > 1000 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus) [Halliburton Funded Study]; Bioaccumulation Log Pow: 5.06 [Halliburton Funded Study]; CONSTITUENT 3 (≤30%): COmponent is a synthetic surface modified Amorphous Silica (CAS #: 7631 86-9); Fish and Invertebrate toxicity testing with Amorphous Silica have shown low hazard for this component. Source: OECD SIDS D-AIR 300L: Oral Toxicity: LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity: LD50: >5000 mg/kg (Rat) Paradily Biodegradable (28days): 77-81%	Yes		
	•	total	100.00%				

C. CHEMICAL LIST		
Chemicals within products in Part B	CAS number	Maximum Mass fraction in System (%)
Mix Water	NA	9.755%
Portland cement	65997-15-1	51.734%
Water in Product	7732-18-5	22.620%
Sodium silicate	1344-09-8	4.607%
Silica, amorphous - fumed	7631-86-9	4.223%
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	2.574%
Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2- propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]- 1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-		
terminated	473268-27-8	1.810%
Glass, oxide	65997-17-3	1.030%
Sodium Lignosulfonate	8061-51-6	0.663%
Sulfurous acid, monosodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde and acetone	40104-76-5	0.481%
Alkenes, C15-C18	93762-80-2	0.147%
Rape Oil	8002-13-9	0.127%
Polypropylene glycol	25322-69-4	0.088%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.070%
Silica, amorphous precipitated	67762-90-7	0.044%
Monopropylene glycol monooleate	1330-80-9	0.013%
Sorbitan, monopalmitate	26266-57-9	0.006%
Aluminium stearate	637-12-7	0.006%
	Total	100.00%

244mm (9%") Cement Job

A. SYSTEM DETA	A. SYSTEM DETAILS:				
OPERATOR:	Finder				
WELLS:	Helios-1				
SYSTEM:	Class G				
TOTAL VOLUME	42				

Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached		
Fresh water	Bore water sourced	Mix water	9.755%	Bore water sourced onsite - Natural Product	N/A		
resii watei	onsite	IVIIX Water	9.755%		N/A		
				CONSTITUENT 1 (<100%):			
				After hardening with water or moister, cement presents no ecotoxicity risks. (Source: IUCLID 2000)			
				Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity- Freshwater and Marine Fish:- 96 hour LC50:			
				>1,500 mg/L			
				Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity -Freshwater and Marine Invertebrates:- 48			
				hour LC50: >1,000 mg/L Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Freshwater and Marine Algae:- 72 hour			
Cement- Class G	Halliburton	Cement	61.357%	EC50: >1,000 mg/L	Yes		
				Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water: Not Applicable for inorganics			
				Oxygen Demand, Chemical Oxygen Demand: Not Applicable for			
				inorganics Riedogradability Copyrator Indigenous microbes Not Applicable for			
				Biodegradability, Seawater – Indigenous microbes: Not Applicable for inorganics			
				inorganics CONSTITUENT 2 (≤10%): Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1) CONSTITUENT 1 (≤1%): The inorganic substance has a high water solubility, and is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms; "Biodegradation is not applicable." Algae toxicity (i.e. mortality) has been shown at pH >8.5. Concentration			
					1		
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤1%):			
				The inerganic substance has a high water solubility, and is not expected			
				based toxicity values were not available.			
				Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: 45.4 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss);			
				Source: IUCLID 2000			
				Included on the OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which Are Considered to Pose Little or No Risk to the Environment			
				CONSTITUENT 2 (<60%):			
					1		
Gascon 469	Halliburton	Cement Additive Stabiliser	6.214%	""SiO2" is a stable substance. In the environment it occurs in different	Yes		
		Stabilisei		modifications and it is one of the most abundant materials on the Earth's surface."" Biodegrability is "not applicable" for silica since it is inorganic.			
				Additionally, "bioaccumulation is not expected."			
				Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 440 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum);			
				Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 7600 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia);			
				Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50 5000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio);			
		Source: IUCLID 2000 PLONOR CONSTITUENT 3 (<100%)					
			CONSTITUENT 3 (≤100%):	-			
					Natural Product (water)		
				Gascon 469:			
				OCNS Group: E			
				CFR-3L is CFR-3 in solution			
				Acute Toxicity: Retarder Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): >100 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum)			
				[Halliburton Funded Study]			
				Fish Toxicity LC50 (48h): 7478 mg/L (Aphyosemion bivittatum) [SKW			
				Trostberg]			
				Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): 1687 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) [Halliburton			
FR-3L	Halliburton	Friction Reducer	0.708%	Funded Study] Chronic Toxicity:	Yes		
				Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater			
				than 1% are chronic health hazards.			
				Biodegradation/bioaccumulation:			
				Slowly biodegradable			
				Bioaccumulation Log Pow: < 0 [Halliburton Funded Study];			
				Marine Water Biodegradation 28d: 0% [Halliburton Funded Study]; CHARM Category - GOLD			

B. PRODUCT I	LIST: cont'd				
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
Halad-413L	Halliburton	Fluid Loss Additive	5.326%	Acute Toxicity: Oral Toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated as an ingredient (10-30%) Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): 1,102 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): >2,000 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish Toxicity LC50 (96h): >1,000 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus) (juvenile turbot) Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable. Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated As an ingredient (10-30%) Log Pow: <0 (OECD 117) Biodegradation (28 Days): 6.1% (OECD 306)	Yes
SCR-100L	Halliburton	Cement Retarder	1.170%	Acute Toxicity: Acrylic acid polymer with Sodium AMPS, sodium salt as an ingredient (60-100%): Algae EC50(72h): >3300mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean LC50(48h): >2000mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish LC50(96h): >1000mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus juvenile) 2-Bromo-2- (bromomethyl) pentanedinitrile as an ingredient(<0.1%): LD50 Rat (male) oral 0.77 g/kg. FD&C Blue 1 as an ingredient (0.1%) Rat LD50 (oral) >5000 mg/kg. Water makes up the remainder of the product at percentages less than 100%. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Acrylic acid polymer with Sodium AMPS, sodium salt (60·100%) as an ingredient: Biodegradation (28 days): 39% (OECD306); CHARM Category: GOLD	Yes
NF-6	Halliburton	Reduces air entrainment into cement slurry	0.112%	Acute Toxicity: Not determined for Fish, Crustaceans and Algae as a complete mix. Rape oil as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: >3,200 mg/L Monopropylene glycol monooleate as an ingredient (5-10%) Fish Toxicity LC50: 3,200 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 990 mg/L Sorbitan, monopalmitate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >1800 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 41 mg/L Aluminium stearate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L EXCEPTION EXECUTE: Notice Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Readily biodegradable. Low bioaccumulation potential due to rapid degradation.	Yes

B. PRODUCT LIS	ST: cont'd				
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤60%):	
SILICALITE LIQUID	Halliburton	Light weight cement additive	13.920%	""SiO2" is a stable substance. In the environment it occurs in different modifications and it is one of the most abundant materials on the Earth's surface."" Biodegrability is "not applicable" for silica since it is inorganic. Additionally, "bioaccumulation is not expected." Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 440 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum); Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 7600 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50 5000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio); Source: IUCLID 2000	Yes
				CONSTITUENT 2 (≤60%):	
				Natural Product (water)	
				CONSTITUENT 3 (≤1%):	
			ļ	LC50(96h): > 1000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio)LC50(24h): >1000 mg/L (Daphi	1
				OCNS Group: E	
WellLife 734	Halliburton	Cement Enhancer	0.909%	Product is an inert, man-made substance and not intrinsically hazardous. <u>Ecotoxicological Information:</u> Acute Crustaceous Toxicity: TLM96: > 1,000,000 ppm (Mysidopsis bahia) <u>Biodegradation:</u> Readily Biodegradable (classified in the PLONOAR list) CHARM Category: GOLD	
HR-25L	Halliburton	Cement Retarder	0.531%	Acute Toxicity: Algae: EC50(72h): 791.25 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean: LC50(48h): 3753.85 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish: LC50(96h): 250 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus juvenile) Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow: 0 - 4.7 (OECD 117) Biodegradation(28 Days): 77% (OECD 306) CHARM Category: GOLD	Yes
		total	100.00%		

Chemicals within products in Part B	CAS number	Maximum Mass fraction in System (%)
Water	NA	9.7551%
Portland cement	65997-15-1	36.1240%
Water in Product	7732-18-5	19.9540%
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	19.4514%
Silica, amorphous	7732-18-5	7.5655%
Silica, amorphous - fumed	7631-86-9	3.3770%
Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated	473268-27-8	1.4473%
Glass, oxide	7440-44-0	0.8233%
Acrylic acid polymer with sodium AMPS, sodium salt	37350-42-8	0.6359%
Sulfurous acid, monosodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde and acetone	40104-76-5	0.3848%
Tartaric acid	7732-18-5	0.2885%
Rape Oil	7783-20-2	0.1015%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.05628%
Sulfurous acid, monosodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde and acetone	40104-76-5	0.01261%
Monopropylene glycol monooleate	26266-57-9	0.01015%
Sorbitan, monopalmitate	637-12-7	0.005077%
Aluminium stearate	7732-18-5	0.005077%
FD&C Blue 1	1330-80-9	0.001060%
2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pentanedinitrile	35691-65-7	0.001060%
	Total	100.000%

140mm (5½") Cement Job

A. SYSTEM DETA	ILS:		
OPERATOR:	Finder		
WELLS:	Helios		
SYSTEM:	Class G	Pilot Hole	11
TOTAL VOLUME OF SYSTEM (m ³):	45	Main bore	35

			Product in system		MSDS
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	Attache
resh water	Bore water sourced onsite	Mix water	9.654%	Bore water sourced onsite - Natural Product	N/A
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤100%):	
Cement- Class G	Halliburton	Cement	60.956%	After hardening with water or moister, cement presents no ecotoxicity risks. (Source: IUCLID 2000) Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity-Freshwater and Marine Fish:- 96 hour LC50: >1,500 mg/L Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity-Freshwater and Marine Invertebrates:- 48 hour LC50: >1,000 mg/L Static Acute Aquatic Toxicity - Freshwater and Marine Algae:- 72 hour EC50: >1,000 mg/L Partition Coefficient, n-Octanol/Water: Not Applicable for inorganics Oxygen Demand, Chemical Oxygen Demand: Not Applicable for inorganics Biodegradability, Seawater – Indigenous microbes: Not Applicable for inorganics CONSTITUENT 2 (<10%):	Yes
		_		Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1) CONSTITUENT 1 (<1%):	
				The inorganic substance has a high water solubility, and is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms; "Biodegradation is not applicable." Algae toxicity (i.e. mortality) has been shown at pH >8.5. Concentration-based toxicity values were not available. Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: 45.4 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss); Source: IUCLID 2000 Included on the OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which Are Considered to Pose Little or No Risk to the Environment	
Gascon 469	Halliburton	Cement Additive	6.1266%	CONSTITUENT 2 (≤60%):	Yes
		Stabiliser		""SiO2" is a stable substance. In the environment it occurs in different modifications and it is one of the most abundant materials on the Earth's surface."" Biodegrability is "not applicable" for silica since it is inorganic. Additionally, "bioaccumulation is not expected." Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 440 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum); Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 7600 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50 5000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio); Source: IUCLID 2000 PLONOR	
				CONSTITUENT 3 (≤100%):	
				Natural Product (water) Gascon 469:	
CFR-3L	Halliburton	Friction Reducer	0.7081%	OCNS Group: E CFR-3L is CFR-3 in solution Acute Toxicity: Retarder Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): >100 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) [Halliburton Funded Study] Fish Toxicity LC50 (48h): 7478 mg/L (Aphyosemion bivittatum) [SKW Trostberg] Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): 1687 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) [Halliburton Funded Study] Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable Bioaccumulation Log Pow: < 0 [Halliburton Funded Study]; Marine Water Biodegradation 28d: 0% [Halliburton Funded Study];	Yes

B. PRODUCT I	LIST: cont'd				
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
Halad-413L	Halliburton	Fluid Loss Additive	5.326%	Acute Toxicity: Oral Toxicity LD50: > 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated as an ingredient (10-30%) Algae Toxicity EC50 (72h): 1,102 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean Toxicity LC50 (48h): >2,000 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish Toxicity LC50 (96h): >1,000 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus) (juvenile turbot) Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Slowly biodegradable. Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2-propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]-1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite-terminated As an ingredient (10-30%) Log Pow: <0 (OECD 117) Biodegradation (28 Days): 6.1% (OECD 306)	Yes
SCR-100L	Halliburton	Cement Retarder	1.170%	Acute Toxicity: Acrylic acid polymer with Sodium AMPS, sodium salt as an ingredient (60-100%): Algae EC50(72h): >3300mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean LC50(48h): >2000mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish LC50(96h): >1000mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus juvenile) 2-Bromo-2- (bromomethyl) pentanedinitrile as an ingredient (<0.1%): LD50 Rat (male) oral 0.77 g/kg. FD&C Blue 1 as an ingredient (0.1%) Rat LD50 (oral) >5000 mg/kg. Water makes up the remainder of the product at percentages less than 100%. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Acrylic acid polymer with Sodium AMPS, sodium salt (60·100%) as an ingredient: Biodegradation (28 days): 39% (OECD306); CHARM Category: GOLD	Yes
NF-6	Halliburton	Reduces air entrainment into cement slurry	0.112%	Acute Toxicity: Not determined for Fish, Crustaceans and Algae as a complete mix. Rape oil as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: >3,200 mg/L Monopropylene glycol monooleate as an ingredient (5-10%) Fish Toxicity LC50: 3,200 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 990 mg/L Sorbitan, monopalmitate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >1,800 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: >1 an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L Aluminium stearate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L EC50: 6,500 mg/L Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Readily biodegradable. Low bioaccumulation potential due to rapid degradation.	Yes

Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
				CONSTITUENT 1 (≤60%):	
SILICALITE LIQUID	Halliburton	Light weight cement additive	11.293%	""SiO2" is a stable substance. In the environment it occurs in different modifications and it is one of the most abundant materials on the Earth's surface." Biodegrability is "not applicable" for silica since it is inorganic. Additionally, "bioaccumulation is not expected." Acute Algae Toxicity 72h EC50: 440 mg/L (Selenastrum capricornutum); Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h EC50: 7600 mg/L (Ceriodaphnia dubia); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50 5000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio); Source: IUCLID 2000	Yes
				CONSTITUENT 2 (≤60%):	
				Natural Product (water)	
				CONSTITUENT 3 (≤1%):	
				LC50(96h): > 1000 mg/L (Brachydanio rerio)LC50(24h): >1000 mg/L (Daphi SILICALITE LIQUID OCNS Group: E	1
WellLife 734	Halliburton	Cement Enhancer	0.901%	Product is an inert, man-made substance and not intrinsically hazardous. Ecotoxicological Information: Acute Crustaceous Toxicity: TLM96: > 1,000,000 ppm (Mysidopsis bahia) Biodegradation: Readily Biodegradable (classified in the PLONOAR list) CHARM Category: GOLD	Yes
HR-25L	Halliburton	Cement Retarder	0.513%	Acute Toxicity: Algae: EC50(72h): 791.25 mg/L (Skeletonema costatum) Crustacean: LC50(48h): 3753.85 mg/L (Acartia tonsa) Fish: LC50(96h): 250 mg/L (Scophthalmus maximus juvenile) Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow: 0 - 4.7 (OECD 117) Biodegradation(28 Days): 77% (OECD 306) CHARM Category: GOLD	Yes

CONSTITUENT 1 (\$ 100%): Freshwater Acute Algae Toxicity 72h ECS0: > 100 mg/L (Selenastrum capricomutum) [OECD SIDS]: Freshwater Acute Algae Toxicity 48h ECS0: > 100 mg/L (Opphnia magna) [OECD SIDS]: Freshwater Acute Algae Toxicity 96h ECS0: > 100 mg/L (Opytals latipes) [OECD SIDS]: Bioaccumulation: Substance is inorganic - bioaccumulation is not applicable. Biodegradation: Substance is inorganic - biodegradation is not applicable. CONSTITUENT 2 (\$ 30%): Freshwater Acute Algae Toxicity 72h ECS0: 3.6 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspiciatus) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h ECS0: 5.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Toxicity 96h ECS0: > 100 mg/L (Daphnia magna) [ECHA]; Bioaccumulation: Substance is inorganic - bioaccumulation is not applicable. CONSTITUENT 3 (\$ 10%): Effect concentrations in the aquatic environment are attributable to a change in ph value. Freshwater Acute Crustacean Toxicity 48h ECS0: 49.1 mg/L (Daphnia magna) [ECHA]; Marine Water Acute Crustacean Toxicity 56h LCS0: 158 mg/L (Crangon septemspinos) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Crustacean Toxicity 96h LCS0: 50.6 mg/L (Daphnia magna) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Crustacean Toxicity 96h LCS0: 50.6 mg/L (Opochynchus mykss) [ECHA]; Bioaccumulation: Substance is inorganic - bioaccumulation is not applicable. CONSTITUENT 4 (\$ 5%): Freshwater Acute Crustacean Toxicity 96h ECS0: 650 mg/L (Navicula seminulum) [US EPA ECOTOX); Freshwater Acute Rigae Toxicity 96h ECS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Fish Incicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Fish Incicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Fish Incicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA]; Freshwater Acute Fish Fish Incicity 96h LCS0: 7100 mg/L (Lepomis macrochius) [ECHA];

C. CHEMICAL LIST		
Chemicals within products in Part B	CAS number	Maximum Mass fraction in System (%)
Water	NA	9.7551%
Portland cement	65997-15-1	36.1240%
Water in Product	7732-18-5	19.9540%
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	19.3690%
Silica, amorphous	7732-18-5	7.5655%
Silica, amorphous - fumed	7631-86-9	3.3770%
Humic acids, sodium salts, polymers with N,N-dimethyl-2- propenamide, sodium 2-methyl-2-[(1-oxo-2-propen-1-yl)amino]- 1-propanesulfonate (1:1) and 2-propenenitrile, sodium bisulfite- terminated	473268-27-8	1.4473%
Glass, oxide	7440-44-0	0.8233%
Acrylic acid polymer with sodium AMPS, sodium salt	37350-42-8	0.6359%
Sulfurous acid, monosodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde and acetone	40104-76-5	0.3848%
Tartaric acid	7732-18-5	0.2885%
Rape Oil	7783-20-2	0.1015%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	0.05628%
Calcium aluminate	12042-68-1	0.04106%
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	0.04106%
Sulfurous acid, monosodium salt, polymer with formaldehyde and acetone	40104-76-5	0.01261%
Monopropylene glycol monooleate	26266-57-9	0.01015%
Sorbitan, monopalmitate	637-12-7	0.005077%
Aluminium stearate	7732-18-5	0.005077%
FD&C Blue 1	1330-80-9	0.001060%
2-Bromo-2-(bromomethyl)pentanedinitrile	35691-65-7	0.001060%
	Total	100.00%

Tuned Spacer (12.7m3 pumped before each cement job)

A. SYSTEM DETA	A. SYSTEM DETAILS:				
OPERATOR:	Finder				
WELLS:	Helios				
SYSTEM:	Tuned Spacer E+				
TOTAL VOLUME	51				

		_ \		
J	DD	T	1 1	CT.

B. PRODUCT LI	ST:	-			
Trade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
Fresh water	Bore water sourced onsite	Mix water	99.23%	Bore water sourced onsite - Natural Product	N/A
Econolite Liquid	Halliburton	Cement Additive Stabiliser	0.4427%	CONSTITUENT 1 (<60%): Crustracean Toxicity 100h EC50: 247 mg/L (Daphnia magna); Acute Fish Toxicity 96h LC50: 301-478 mg/L (Lepomis macrochirus); LD50:2000-3000 mg/kg (Rat) Component is an inorganic substance with "No bioaccumulation potential"; "studies on biodegradation are not applicable." Source: UCCLID 2000 PLONOR Bioassay testing where LC50/ EC50: >100mg/L Readily biodegradable CONSTITUENT 2 (<100%): Natural Product (Water)	Yes
NF-G	Halliburton	Reduces air entrainment into cement slurry	0.0006973%	Acute Toxicity: Not determined for Fish, Crustaceans and Algae as a complete mix. Rape oil as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal Toxicity LD50: >5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit) Fish Toxicity LC50: >5,600 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: >3,200 mg/L Monopropylene glycol monooleate as an ingredient (5-10%) Fish Toxicity LC50: 3,200 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 999 mg/L Sorbitan, monopalmitate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >,1800 mg/L Algae Toxicity EC50: 41 mg/L Aluminium stearate as an ingredient (1-5%) Fish Toxicity EC50: >5,600 mg/L EC50: 6,500 mg/L Water makes up the remainder of this product. Chronic Toxicity: No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards. Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Readily biodegradable. Low bioaccumulation potential due to rapid degradation.	Yes
Barite	Halliburton	Weighting Agent	0.2901%	Acute Fish Toxicity 96hr LC50 76000mg/L @ 96 hr Species Oncorhynchus mykiss EPA Ref# 869 48hr LC50 >30lb/gal (>3594790mg/L) Report no BL8279 Species Pimephales promelas (fish) 48hr LC50 >30lb/bl (>85556mg/L) Report BL8377 Species Daphnia pulex (Water Flea – crustacean) Bioassay testing where LC50/EC50: >100 mg/L Oral Toxicity: LD50: >15000 mg/kg (Rat) Barium sulphate (major ingredient of barite (60-100%) is insoluble in water and not biodegradable. Not expected to bioaccumulate. This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities. OCNS Group: E	Yes

Acute Toxicity: Bentonite as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 819 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 819 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 819 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 819 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity (LS0: 500 mg/l) Oral Toxicity LD50: 500 mg/l Oral Toxicity LD50: 500 mg/l Algae Toxicity LC50: 75,000 mg/l Algae Toxicity LC50: 75,000 mg/l Algae Toxicity LC50: 75,000 mg/l Orystalline silica, quartz. Orystalline silica, quartz. Orystalline silica, quartz. Sodium Lignosulfonate as on ingredient (0-1%) As for Crystalline silica, quartz. Sodium Lignosulfonate as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 56,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg Welon gum as on ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 R81: 50,000 mg/lg W	rade name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (mass %)	Toxicity & Ecotoxicity Info	MSDS Attached
	UNED SPACER E+	Halliburton	Mud/Cement Spacer	0.03608%	Bentonite as an ingredient (60-100%) Oral Toxicity LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rat) Fish Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 8-19 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity (Marine) 96h LC50: 8-19 g/L (Salmo gairdneri) Fish Toxicity LD50: 500 mg/kg (Rat) Oral Toxicity LD50: 500 mg/kg (Rat) Fish Toxicity LC50: >10,000 mg/l Algae Toxicity EC50: >5,000 mg/l Crystalline silica, cristobalite as an ingredient (0-1%) As for Crystalline silica, cristobalite as an ingredient (0-1%) As for Crystalline silica, quartz. Crystalline silica, tridymite as an ingredient (0-1%) As for Crystalline silica, quartz. Sodium Lignosulfonate as an ingredient (10-30%) Oral Toxicity LD50 Rat: >6,000 mg/kg Welan gum as an ingredient (5-10%) Fish Toxicity LC50: >750 mg/l Algae Toxicity: Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline Yes silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A-possible carcinogen to humans). Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Silica is a naturally occurring, insoluble component of soil. Biodegradation is "not applicable" for crystalline silica since it is inorganic.	

Chemicals within products in Part B	CAS number	Maximum Mass fraction in System (%)
Water	NA	99.23%
Water in Product	7732-18-5	0.3240%
Barite	13462-86-7	0.2123%
Sodium silicate	1344-09-8	0.1944%
Bentonite	1302-78-9	0.02640%
Sodium Lignosulfonate	8061-51-6	0.007921%
Welan gum	72121-88-1	0.002640%
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	0.0007921%
Rape Oil	8002-13-9	0.0005103%
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	0.0002640%
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0.0002640%
Monopropylene glycol monooleate	1330-80-9	0.00005103%
Sorbitan, monopalmitate	26266-57-9	0.00002551%
Aluminium stearate	637-12-7	0.00002551%
	Total	100.00%

A. SYSTEM DETAILS:

Operator:	Finder Shale
Project/ Well:	Helios-1
System:	Diagnostic Injection Test Fluid
Total Volume of System:	242m3

B. PRODUCT LIST

Product Name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (%)	Eco Toxicity Data		MSDS Attached
Water	On site Bore	Base Fluid/water	98.75901%	Natural Product, Non-hazardous	NA	N/A
CF100FSE	Condor	Surfactant	0.04270%	Species: Vibrio fischeri; Exposure: 0.25 h; Test Type: EC50; Value: 6.16 mg/l; Test Descriptor: Product MOBILITY: The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages; Air: <5%; Water: 10 - 30%; Soil/Sediment: 50 - 70% The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible. BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL Component substances have a low potential to bioconcentrate. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental exposure is: Low	SDS/EPISuite (Biodegradation)	Yes
CF110GS	Condor	Gel Stabiliser	0.08202%	Sodium Thiosulphate Acute Toxicity: Gambusia affinis (Fish): LC 50 (96h) 26,400 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Inorganic Compound Acute Toxicity: Sodium Sulphate Gambusia affinis (Fish): LC 50 (96h) 120 mg/L D. Magna (Invertebrate): EC50(96h) 630 mg/L Nitzschia linearis (Algae): EC50 (5d) 1900 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Inorganic Compound Sodium Sulphite Acute Toxicity: Leuciscus idus (Fish): LC50 (96h) 220-460 mg/L D. Magna (Invertebrate): TLm(100h): 203 mg/L Chlamydomonas reinhardii (Algae): EC50 16-32 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Inorganic Compound	IUCLID	Yes
CF110HT	Condor	Clay Control	0.08573%	Choline chloride Acute Toxicity: Leuciscus idus (fish): LC 50 (96h) >10,000 mg/L D. Magna Straus (Invertebrate): EC50(48h) >500 mg/L Scenedesmus subspicatus (Algae): EC50 (72h) >500 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 3400 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -3.77 @ 25C Biodegradation: 93.5% (14d) Ethylene Glycol Acute Toxicity: Oncorhynchus mykiss (fish): LC50 (96h) 40,761 mg/L Daphnia Magna (Invertebrate): EC50 (24h) >10,000 mg/L Selenastrum capricornutum (Algae): EC50 (7d)24,000 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 4000 mg/kg Acute inhalation toxicity (rat): LC50 (4h) 2.725 mg/l; Acute dermal toxicity (rabbit): LD50 10,600mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -1.34 @ 25C	IUCLID	Yes
CF120HT	Condor	Biocide	0.02572%	The following results are for the active components. Acute Fish Results :Species Exposure, Test Type, Value, Test DescriptorRainbow Trout, 96 hrs, LC50, 42.1 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Bluegill Sunfish, 96 hrs, LC50, 37.6 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde) Acute Toxicity (rat) oral(OECD 401) LD50 316 mg/kg (m) ' LD50 285 mg/kg (f)LD50: 1.87 mg/kg Test Descriptor: 25% Active Ingredient GlutaraldehydeACUTE INVERTEBRATE RESULTS: Species Exposure, Test Type, Value, Test DescriptorDaphnia magna, 48 hrs, LC50, 16.9 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)AQUAIC MICROORGANISM RESULTS Species Exposure, Test Type, Value, Test DescriptorSewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, LC50, 17 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)Sewage Microorganisms, 96 hrs, NOEC, 5 mg/l, 25% Ac	SDS, OECD	Yes

Product Name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (%)	Eco Toxicity Data	Source	MSDS Attached
				ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION: Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: High		
CF200	Condor	Friction Reducer	0.01413%	Acute Toxicity: Skeletonema costatum (Algae): LC50 (72h) 165.54 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: Skeletonema costatum (Algae): NOEC (72h) 10mg/L No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages; Air <5%; Water 10 - 30%; Soil/Sediment 70 - 90% The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible. This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate. PERSISTENCY AND DEGRADATION: The organic portion of this preparation is expected to be inherently biodegradable. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION Based on our bazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate	SDS	Yes
CF200PH	Condor	Buffer	0.05468%	Potassium Carbonate Acute Toxicity: Pimephales promelas (Fish): LC50 (48h) 820 mg/L; D. Magna (Invertebrate): LC50 (48h) 650 mg/L; Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): >2000 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -6.19 (Calculated) Component is predicted to have a low potential to bioaccumulate Potassium Hydroxide Acute Toxicity: Sambusia affinis (Fish): LC 50 (96h) 80 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 270 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Inorganic Compound The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages; The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible Air Water Soil/Sediment <5% 30 - 50% 50 - 70% The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.	IUCLID/ECOTOX / EPISuite (Bioaccumulatio n)	Yes
CF305DX L	Condor	Cross	0.05126%	Choline Chloride Acute Toxicity: Leuciscus idus (Fish): LC50 (96h) >10,000 mg/L D. Magna Straus (Invertebrate): EC50 (48h) >500 mg/L Scenedesmus subspicatus (Algae): EC50 (72h) >500 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 3,400 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -3.77 @ 25C Biodegradation (14d) 93.5% Alkyl Alcohol Acute Toxicity: Carassius auratus (Fish): LC50 (24h) >5000 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity: Carassius auratus (Fish): LC50 (24h) >5000 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 (rat): >10,000 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): >10,000 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -1.76 Sodium Thiosulphate Acute Toxicity: Gambusia affinis (fish): LC50 (96h) 26,400 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Inorganic Compound L-Ascorbic Acid (analogue for Sodium Ascorbate) Acute Toxicity: Oncorhynchus mykiss (Fish): LC50 (96h) >1000 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Biodegradation (5d) 97% The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages; Air Water Soil/Sediment - <5% 10 - 30% 30 - 50% The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible. BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARAC	IUCLID EPISuite (Envir. Fate)	Yes
CF110SC	Condor	Scale Inhibitor	0.04287%	environmental exposure is: High Partially neutralized polycarboxylic acid polymer Acute Toxicity: Scop (Fish): LC50 (96h) >1000 mg/L; Acar (Invertebrate): LC50 (48h)100-1000 mg/L; Skel (Algae): EC50 (72h)100-1000 mg/L Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Biodegradation: 41% (28d)		Yes

Product Supplier Name	Purpose	Product in system fluid (%)	Eco Toxicity Data	Source	MSDS Attached
CF10GGC Condor	Gelling Agent	0.42963%	Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages; Air 10 - 30% - Water 50 - 70% Soil 10 Hydrotreated Light Distillate Acute Toxicity Pimephales promelas (Fish): LC50 (96h) 45 mg/L; Diatomus forbesi (Invertebrate): LC50 (96h) 140 mg/L; Selenastrum capricornutum (Algae): IC50 (96h) 4.2 mg/L (WSF; dissolved hydrocarbons); Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): LD50 (rat): S000 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties Jordanella floridae (Fish): NOEC (128d, length) 1 mg/L (WSF) Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: BCF values of <0.2 to <1.4 (carp at 2.0 and 0.2 mg/L concentrations); Low potential to bioconcentrate in aquatic organisms 1,6-Hexanediol Acute Toxicity Leuciscus idus (Fish): LC50 (96h) 460-1000 mg/L; D. magna straus (Invertebrate): EC50 (48h) >500 mg/L; Scenedesmus subspicatus (Algae): EC50 (72h, biomass) 2200 mg/L; Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): LD50 (rat) 3000 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties; Leuciscus idus (Fish): NOEC (96h) 460 mg/L; Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow 0 @ 25C/ 75% (28d) readily biodegradable Quaternary ammonium compounds, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, salts with bentonite Acute Toxicity D. Magna (Invertebrate): EC50 (48h) >100 mg/L (2M(2Alk) bentonite); Skeletonema costatum (Algae): Er50 (72h, growth) >1,000 mg/L; (2M(2Alk) bentonite); Corophium volutator (sediment reworker) >10,000 mg/kg; (2M(2Alk) bentonite)	IUCLID OECD (organoclays (2M(2Alk) bentonite)) ECOTOX (aquatic toxicity); OECD(biodegrad ation)	Yes
CF600CI Condor	Acid Corrosion Inhibitor	0.00781%	Formic Acid Acute Toxicity: Leuciscus idus (Fish): LC50 (48h) 122 mg/L - D. Magna (Invertebrate): EC50 (48h) 120 mg/L - Scenedesmus quadricauda (Algae): EC50 (72h) 26.9 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 730 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No Rokono carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation: 1009 (11d) reacinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation: 1009 (11d) reacining biodegradation (1009 (11d) reacining biodegradation) (bioaccumulation: Log Pow 2.2 eg 18C Biodegradation) (bioaccumulation: Log Pow 2.0 eg 18C Biodegradation) (bioaccumulation: Log Pow 3.9 Biodegradation) (bioaccumulation: Log Pow 3.0 Biodegradation) (bioaccumulation: Log Pow 0.05 Biodegradation) (bi	IUCLID; EPISuite (Model, Biodegradation)	Yes

Product Name	Supplier	Purpose	Product in system fluid (%)	Eco Toxicity Data	Source	MSDS Attached
				>10000 mg/L; Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 12565 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Scenedesmus quadricauda (Algae): NOEC(7d) 100 mg/L Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow-1.98 @25C Biodegradation: >90% after 28d		
CA370FE	Condor	Iron Reducing Agent	0.02265%	Sodium erythorbate Acute Toxicity: Fish: LC50 (48h) 5.25 mg/L; Invertebrate: EC50 (24h) 1.3 mg/L; Algae: EC50 (72h) 86.2 mg/LChronic Toxicity:No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impactsBiodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Kow -1.88The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacitymodel embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) SuiteTM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady statecondition between the total input and output. The level III modeldoes not require equilibrium between the defined media. Theinformation provided is intended to give the user a generalestimate of the environmental fate of this product under thedefined conditions of the models.If released into the environment this material is expected todistribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximaterespective percentages; Air <1% Water 30-60% Soil/Sediment 60-90%The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible. This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.	EPAEPISuite/EC OSAR(Modeled, All)	Yes
CAI200	Condor	Acid Intensifier	0.01562%	Formic Acid Acute Toxicity: Leuciscus idus (Fish): LC50 (48h) 122 mg/L; D. Magna (Invertebrate): EC50 (48h) 120 mg/L; Scenedesmus quadricauda (Algae): EC50 (72h) 26.9 mg/L Acute Oral Toxicity LD50 (rat): 730 mg/kg Chronic Toxicity: No known carcinogenic properties or chronic impacts Biodegradation/bioaccumulation: Log Pow -0.54 Biodegradation: 100% (11d) readily biodegradable	IUCLID	Yes
Acid Raw 32%	Condor	Acid	0.36617%	TOXICITY DATA LC50 (inhalation): 1108ppm/1hour (human – respiratory irritation LCLo (inhalation): 300ppm/30minutes (human) LD50 (ingestion): 900mg/kg (rabbit) LDLo (ingestion): 81mg/kg (man) TCLo (inhalation): 450mg/m3/1 hour (pregnant rat – teratogenic effects) Environment If hydrochloric acid is spilled on soil, it will infiltrate. During its transport through soil, the acid will dissolve some of the soil material, in particular carbonates, and will be neutralised to some degree. However, significant amounts of acid are expected to remain for transport down to groundwater. Toxic to aquatic invertebrates at low levels (LC50: 1.21 ppm/96 hours).	SDS	Yes
			100.0000%	TOTAL		

Compound	CAS Number	% Mass
Water supplied from bore on site	NO CAS	98.759010%
Isopropanol	67-63-0	0.013400%
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	68439-46-3	0.004300%
Water	7732-18-5	0.236600%
Potassium Chloride	7447-40-7	0.002100%
Ethoxylated C11 Alcohol	34398-01-1	0.012800%
sodium thiosulphate	7772-98-7	0.027200%
sodium sulphate	7757-82-6	0.004100%
sodium sulphite	7757-83-7	0.004100%
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	0.000900%
Choline Chloride	67-48-1	0.074500%
Glutaraldehyde	111-30-8	0.007700%
Ammonium Sulphate	7783-20-2	0.004200%
Polyacrylamide	25085-02-3	0.004200%
Sodium polyacrylate	2594415	0.000700%
Sodium bisulfite	7631-90-5	0.000100%
Alkyl Alcohol	56-81-5	0.005300%
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer, ammonium salt	2594383	0.000100%
Ammonium Persulphate	7727-54-0	0.003000%
Potassium persulfate	7727-21-1	0.000100%
2-Ethoxy-naphthalene	93-18-5	0.000100%
Potassium Hydroxide	1310-58-3	0.016400%
Potassium Carbonate	584-08-7	0.016400%
Ulexite	1319-33-1	0.020500%
L-Ascorbic acid, monosodium salt	134-03-2	0.002600%
Sodium Benzoate	532-32-1	0.000300%
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.000400%
Partially neutralized polycarboxylic acid polymer	68715-83-3	0.021400%
DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED LIGHT	64742-47-8	0.171900%
Guar Gum	9000-30-0	0.145600%
Polyoxyethylene nonylphenol ether	9016-45-9	0.043000%
Quaternary ammonium compounds, bis(hydrogenated tallow alkyl)dimethyl, salts with bentonite	68953-58-2	0.043000%
1,6-Hexanediol	629-11-8	0.004300%
HydroChloric Acid	7647-01-0	0.304690%
Formic Acid	64-18-6	0.018700%
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	0.000500%
Tar Bases, Quinoline Derivatives, Benzyl Chloride-Quat	72480-70-7	0.000500%
Castor Oil	61791-12-6	0.000500%
Pine Oil	2228957	0.000500%
N-Benzyl-Alkylpyridinium Chloride	68909-18-2	0.000400%
2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol	60-24-2	0.000400%
Polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene Block Copolymer	2594628	0.000400%
Diethylene Glycol	111-46-6	0.000100%
Methanol	67-56-1	0.000300%
Sodium erythorbate	6381-77-7	0.022700%
TOTAL		100.00%



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name BARITE POWDER

Synonym(s) BARITE (API 13A SECTION 7) • NEWBAR • RHEOBAR

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • WEIGHTING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Response statement(s)

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015 Version No: 3.2

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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<3%
BARIUM SULPHATE	7727-43-7	231-784-4	>89%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Chronic exposure to crystalline silica may result in lung fibrosis (silicosis). Principal symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness. Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1).

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (sulphur oxides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

Version No: 3.2

PRODUCT NAME **BARITE POWDER**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Kelelelice	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Barium sulphate	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. **Body**

Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. Respiratory





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

OFF-WHITE POWDER Appearance Odour **ODOURLESS Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point NOT RELEVANT NOT RELEVANT **Boiling point**

Melting point > 1300°C

Evaporation rate NOT RELEVANT pН 8.2 (20% Slurry) NOT RELEVANT Vapour density

Specific gravity 4.20

INSOLUBLE Solubility (water) Vapour pressure NOT RELEVANT **Upper explosion limit** NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT RELEVANT **Autoignition temperature** NOT RELEVANT **Decomposition temperature** NOT RELEVANT **Viscosity** NOT RELEVANT **Explosive properties** NOT EXPLOSIVE NON OXIDISING Oxidising properties

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PRODUCT NAME BARITE POWDER

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Odour threshold NOT RELEVENT

9.2 Other information

Bulk density ~1.5 kg/L

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (sulphur oxides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

Toxicity Data available on the ingredients: QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE) (14808-60-7): LCLo (inhalation) = 300 ug/m³/10 years (human)

TCLo (inhalation) = 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis) Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation and dermatitis.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation and dermatitis.Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization The available data is not considered sufficient for classification as a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This product contains crystalline silica which is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1).

However there is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in

persons with silicosis. Therefore preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Repeated exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). Silicosis is a fibronodular lung disease caused deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. Principal

symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness.

Aspiration This product is not expected to present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Fish Toxicity:

LC50 (Rainbow trout) > 7500 ppm/96hrs.

LC50 (Fresh Water Trout) > 21,000 ppm/96hrs.

LC50 (Salt Water Stickel Back) > 56,000 ppm/96hrs.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Barium sulphate (major ingredient of barite (60-100%)) is insoluble in water and not biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

ChemAlert.

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BARITE POWDER PRODUCT NAME

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Χn Harmful

Risk phrases R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

S22 Safety phrases Do not breathe dust.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible).

Inventory listing(s) **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)**

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name BENTONITE POWDER

Synonym(s) HISWELL • NATURALGEL • NEWGEL • RHEOBEN • RHEOBEN NT • SODIUM BENTONITE • SODIUM

MONTMORILLONITE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Response statement(s)

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.



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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	2 to 10%
BENTONITE	1302-78-9	215-108-5	90 to 98%
SODA ASH	-	-	2 to 4%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Chronic exposure to crystalline silica may result in lung fibrosis (silicosis). Principal symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness. Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1).

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Moisten with water to prevent a dust hazard and place in sealable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



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PRODUCT NAME BENTONITE POWDER

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure packaging are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TV	VA	STEL	
ingredient	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance BROWN POWDER
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 1100°C to 1200°C (Fusion Point)

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE PH NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.7

INSOLUBLE Solubility (water) Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT EXPLOSIVE **Explosive properties Oxidising properties** NON OXIDISING **Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

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PRODUCT NAME **BENTONITE POWDER**

9.2 Other information

~ 0.9 kg/L **Bulk density**

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information available for the product: **Acute toxicity**

> Toxicity Data available for the ingredients: QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE) (14808-60-7): LCLo (inhalation) = 300 ug/m³/10 years (human)

TCLo (inhalation) = 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

BENTONITE (1302-78-9):

LD50 (intravenous) = 35 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (oral): > 2000mg/kg (rat) LDLo (intravenous) = 10 mg/kg (dog) Inhalation LC 50: > 5.27 mg/L, 4hr (rat)

Additional ingredient toxicity value(s):

BENTONITE (1302-78-9)

LD50 (intravenous) 35 mg/kg (rat) 10 mg/kg (dog) LDLo (intravenous)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation and dermatitis.

Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness. Eye

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation. Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen. Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity This product contains crystalline silica which is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1).

However, there is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in

persons with silicosis. Therefore, preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. STOT - single Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Repeated exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). Silicosis is a fibronodular exposure

lung disease caused deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. Principal

symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness.

Aspiration Not expected to present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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PRODUCT NAME BENTONITE POWDER

12.1 Toxicity

Bentonite (1302-78-9):

EC50 Daphnia > 100 mg/l, 48 hours

EC50 Freshwater algae > 100 mg/l, 72 hours

LC50 Freshwater fish = 16000 mg/l, 96 hours

LC50 Marine water fish = 2800 - 3200 mg/l, 24 hours

EC50 Coon stripe shrimp (Pandalus danae) = 24.8 mg/l, 96 hours

EC50 Dungeness or edible crab (Cancer magister) = 81.6 mg/l, 96 hours

LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) = 19000 mg/l, 96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not relevant for inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Will not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Low water solubility, expected to sink and migrate into the sediment. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

12.5 Other adverse effects

The main component/s of this product are not anticipated to cause any adverse effects to plants or animals.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reuse where possible. No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xn Harmful

Risk phrases R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Safety phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.



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PRODUCT NAME **BENTONITE POWDER**

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Inventory listing(s)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide **GTEPG IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose LD50

Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m³ Occupational Exposure Limit OEL

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pΗ

alkaline).

Parts Per Million ppm

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia TLV Threshold Limit Value **TWA** Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

Synonym(s) KCL • MURIATE OF POTASH • POTASH • SYLVITE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • FERTILISER • INHIBITOR

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
POTASSIUM CHLORIDE	7447-40-7	231-211-8	>97%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.



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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (potassium oxides, chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

ChemAlert.

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PPE

Eye / Face At high dust levels, wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands With prolonged use, wear PVC or rubber or cotton gloves.

Body With prolonged use, wear coveralls.

Respiratory At high dust levels, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE SOLID
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT

Boiling point 1413°C **Melting point** 773°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE PH NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.0

Solubility (water) 340 g/L @ 20°C Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible (potentially explosive) with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (potassium oxides, chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be harmful if swallowed. Oral Toxicity: An oral LD50 in rats of 2600 mg/kg was reported for potassium

chloride. Additional toxicity data for potassium chloride:

LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 620 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 117 mg/kg (mouse)

LDLo (Ingestion): 20 mg/kg (man)



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LDLo (Intraperitoneal): 900 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDLo (Intravenous): 77 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDLo (Subcutaneous): 2120 mg/kg (frog) TDLo (Ingestion): 60 mg/kg/days (woman)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation and rash.Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause mild irritation and lacrimation.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityNo evidence of mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenic effects.ReproductiveNo evidence of reproductive effects.

Reproductive No evidence of reproductive effects.

STOT – single Acute potassium poisoning via ingestion is rare as a large single dose usually induces vomiting, and

potassium is rapidly excreted by the body, however this product does have the potential to cause

cardiovascular disorders.

STOT - repeated

exposure

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

In short-term acute toxicity tests with fish, daphnia and algae the following results were found (lowest test result values): Ictalurus punctulus 48h-LC50 = 720 mg/l; Daphnia magna: 48h-LC50 = 177 mg/l; Nitzschia linearis: 120 h-EC50 = 1337 mg/l. A chronic reproductive test with the invertebrate Daphnia magna gave a LOEC of 101 mg/l. All the studies compiled on the acute and chronic aquatic toxicity were > 100 mg/L. Thus it is concluded that KCl is not hazardous to freshwater organisms. Taking into considerations the background concentrations of KCl in seawater (380 mg/l K+ and 19,000 mg/l Cl-), it is concluded that there is no reason for further investigations of KCl on marine species. The low concern for the environment is supported by the absence of a bioaccumulation potential for the substance.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No impact if small amount is released to the soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Collect and place in sealable containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the

manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided



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14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

Synonym(s) **NACL BRINE**

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

COMPLETION FLUID • CORE FLUID • DRILLING FLUID Use(s)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD** Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	>74%
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	231-598-3	<26%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.



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PRODUCT NAME SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Not required under normal conditions of use.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance COLOURLESS LIQUID
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE

Flash point

Boiling point

Mo°C to 106°C

Melting point

0°C to -19°C

Evaporation rate

NOT AVAILABLE

pH 7 to 9

Vapour density
Specific gravity
Solubility (water)
NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE

Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE **Upper explosion limit** NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Compatible with most commonly used materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

ChemAlert.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not Acute toxicity

anticipated. Sodium Chloride: LD50 (oral) is 3000 mg/kg (rat).

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity This product is not classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive No evidence of reproductive effects. STOT - single No known effects from this product. exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Sodium Chloride: LC50 (water flea) is 2122 mg/L/48 hours; LC50 (fathead minnow) is 6.57 g/L/96 hours.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Solutions: Cover with sodium carbonate (soda ash), lime or similar alkali to ensure pH greater than 8.5.

Collect precipitated solids in sealable containers and label accordingly. Solids: Dampen if necessary and avoid dust generation. Collect solids and store in sealable labelled containers. Absorb with soil and contact

the manufacturer for disposal instructions.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

None Allocated



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06 Jan 2015 SDS Date:

PRODUCT NAME SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

Hazchem code

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
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CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Revision history

Revision Description	
1.1	Standard SDS Review.
1.0	Initial SDS Creation



SDS Date: 06 Jan 2015

PRODUCT NAME SODIUM CHLORIDE BRINE

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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SDS date: 06 January 2015

[End of SDS]



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SDS Date: 06 Jan 2015



Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations
Date of issue: 08/08/2014

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Form: Substance
Product Name: NewZan D
CAS No: 11138-66-2

Synonyms: Xanthum gum, Polysaccharaide gum

Intended Use of the Product

Drilling aid - Viscosifier

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Newpark Drilling Fluids 21920 Merchants Way Katy, Texas 77449 T: 800-444-0682

http://www.newpark.com/

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency number : North America - 800-424-9300 International & Maritime - 703-527-3887

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Comb. Dust

<u>Label Elements</u>

GHS-US Labeling

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification: Other Hazards: No additional information available Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>Substances</u>

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Xanthan gum	(CAS No) 11138-66-2	100	Comb. Dust

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area.

Skin Contact: Rinse with plenty of water.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

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Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Ingestion: None under normal use. **Chronic Symptoms:** Not available

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible Dust. Dust explosion hazard in air. Supports combustion at high temperatures. Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

Explosion Hazard: Avoid dust clouds in combination with static electricity. Dust clouds can be explosive.

Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not available

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of this material to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Cleaning Up: Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. strong acids.

Specific End Use(s) Drilling aid - Viscosifier

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

08/08/2014 EN (English US) 2/5

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Dust formation: dust mask. Gloves. Protective goggles.



Viscosity





Materials for Protective Clothing: Not available Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist

are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : Cream-colored powder, white

Odor : Odorless
Odor Threshold : Not available

pH : 6 - 8 (1% by weight in water)

Evaporation Rate Not available **Melting Point** Not available **Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available **Relative Density** 1.02 - 1.45**Specific Gravity** 1.02 - 1.45 Solubility Complete. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Not available

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

08/08/2014 EN (English US) 3/5

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Protect from moisture. Use good housekeeping practices

during storage, transfer, handling, to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

Incompatible Materials: strong acids. Strong bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions this material may produce hazardous carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon

monoxide (CO), various low molecular weight hydrocarbons, and smoke.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified pH: 6 - 8 (1% by weight in water)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6 - 8 (1% by weight in water)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: None under normal use.

Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Not classified

Persistence and Degradability

NewZan D (11138-66-2)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

NewZan D (11138-66-2)	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 In Accordance with DOTNot regulated for transport **14.2 In Accordance with IMDG**Not regulated for transport

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14.3 In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport14.4 In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

Canadian Regulations

NewZan D (11138-66-2)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Xanthan gum (11138-66-2)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date :

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

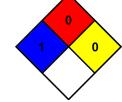
NFPA Fire Hazard

Comb. Du	st	Combustible Dust
		May form combustible dust concentrations in air
NFPA Health Haz	ird :	1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual
		njury even if no treatment is given.

: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Newpark Drilling Fluids T: 800-444-0682

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 07/22/2014 Supersedes Date: 11/24/2014

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: NewPac LV
CAS No: 9004-32-4, 7647-14-5
Intended Use of the Product

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Newpark Drilling Fluids 21920 Merchants Way Katy, Texas 77449

Filtration Control Agent

T: 800-444-0682

http://www.newpark.com/

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency number : North America - 800-424-9300 International & Maritime - 703-527-3887

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Comb. Dust

Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air

Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification:

Other Hazards: As with most solid particulate organic materials and some inorganic materials, high concentrations of dusts from this product suspended in air in the presence of other dusts, are an explosion hazard in the presence of sparks, flames, and heat. Do not allow dust to accumulate on equipment and surfaces where this product is used. In the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 499, a "combustible dust" is any finely divided solid material 420 microns or less in diameter that presents a fire or explosion hazard when dispersed in air.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	(CAS No) 9004-32-4	> 85	Comb. Dust
Sodium chloride	(CAS No) 7647-14-5	>= 15	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area.

Skin Contact: Rinse with plenty of water.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

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Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Ingestion: None under normal use. **Chronic Symptoms:** Not available

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible Dust. Dust explosion hazard in air. Supports combustion at high temperatures. Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

Explosion Hazard: Avoid dust clouds in combination with static electricity. Dust clouds can be explosive.

Reactivity: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not available

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of this material to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Cleaning Up: Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Direct sunlight, Heat sources.

Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. strong acids.

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Specific End Use(s)

Filtration Control Agent.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Dust formation: dust mask. Gloves. Protective goggles.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Not available Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist

are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : White or slightly yellowish or greyish granular or fibrous powder

Odor Codorless
Odor Threshold : Not available

pH : 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Relative Evaporation Rate (butylacetate=1) Not available **Melting Point** Not available **Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available **Relative Density** Not available

Specific Gravity : 1.6

Solubility : Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available

Viscosity : 15 - 40 cP (1.43% in KCl/Seawater solution)

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid formation of dust. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions this material may produce hazardous carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon

monoxide (CO), various low molecular weight hydrocarbons, and smoke.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified pH: 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: None under normal use. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (9004-32-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	27000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5800 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)		
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)		
LD50 Oral Rat	3 g/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 42 g/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h)	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Not classified

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	5560 (5560 - 6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-
	through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	12946 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	340.7 (340.7 - 469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

Persistence and Degradability

NewPac LV (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Bioaccumulative Potential

NewPac LV (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2 In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3 In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

14.4 In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (9004-32-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

Canadian Regulations

NewPac LV (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (9004-32-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date : 07/22/2014

Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA

Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air

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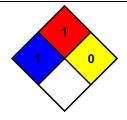
NFPA Health Hazard : 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual

injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA Fire Hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.

NFPA Reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.



Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Newpark Drilling Fluids T: 800-444-0682

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Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 08/08/2014 Supersedes Date: 11/24/2014

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Form: Mixture
Product Name: NewPac R
CAS No: 9004-32-4, 7647-14-5
Intended Use of the Product
Filtration Control Agent

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Manufacturer

Newpark Drilling Fluids 21920 Merchants Way Katy, Texas 77449

T: 800-444-0682

http://www.newpark.com/

Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency number : North America - 800-424-9300 International & Maritime - 703-527-3887

For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident, call CHEMTREC - Day or Night

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Comb. Dust

Label Elements
GHS-US Labeling

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Warning

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

Other Hazards

Other Hazards Not Contributing to the Classification:

Other Hazards: As with most solid particulate organic materials and some inorganic materials, high concentrations of dusts from this product suspended in air in the presence of other dusts, are an explosion hazard in the presence of sparks, flames, and heat. Do not allow dust to accumulate on equipment and surfaces where this product is used. In the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 499, a "combustible dust" is any finely divided solid material 420 microns or less in diameter that presents a fire or explosion hazard when dispersed in air.

Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture

Name	Product identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	(CAS No) 9004-32-4	> 85	Comb. Dust
Sodium chloride	(CAS No) 7647-14-5	<= 15	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area.

Skin Contact: Rinse with plenty of water.

Eye Contact: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting.

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Ingestion: None under normal use. **Chronic Symptoms:** Not available

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use water jet. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Combustible Dust. Dust explosion hazard in air. Supports combustion at high temperatures. Under conditions of fire this material may produce: Carbon dioxide. Carbon monoxide.

Explosion Hazard: Avoid dust clouds in combination with static electricity. Dust clouds can be explosive.

Reactivity: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Not available

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Good housekeeping is needed during storage, transfer, handling, and use of this material to avoid excessive dust accumulation.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

Methods for Cleaning Up: Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from: Direct sunlight, Heat sources.

Keep container closed when not in use. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Strong bases. strong acids.

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Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Specific End Use(s) Filtration Control Agent

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Provide adequate ventilation to minimize dust concentrations. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Dust formation: dust mask. Gloves. Protective goggles.







Materials for Protective Clothing: Not available

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Not available

Respiratory Protection: Use NIOSH-approved air-purifying or supplied-air respirator where airborne concentrations of vapor or mist

are expected to exceed exposure limits.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State : Solid

Appearance : White or slightly yellowish or greyish granular or fibrous powder

Odor : Odorless
Odor Threshold : Not available

pH : 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Not available **Evaporation Rate** Not available **Melting Point Freezing Point** Not available **Boiling Point** Not available **Flash Point** Not available Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C Not available Not available **Relative Density** Not available Density

Specific Gravity : 1.6

Solubility : Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available

Viscosity : 50 cP (0.88% IN KCI/Seawater solution)

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact : Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge : Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Avoid formation of dust. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition. Protect from moisture.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions this material may produce hazardous carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon

monoxide (CO), various low molecular weight hydrocarbons, and smoke.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified pH: 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6 - 8.5 (1% by weight in water)

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust from this product may cause minor eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: None under normal use. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (9004-32-	4)
LD50 Oral Rat	27000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5800 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
ATE US (oral)	27,000.00 mg/kg body weight
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	3 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 42 g/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h)
ATE US (oral)	3,000.00 mg/kg body weight

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity Not classified

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)	
LC50 Fish 1	5560 (5560 - 6080) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-
	through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	12946 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	340.7 (340.7 - 469.2) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

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according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Persistence and Degradability

NewPac R (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

Bioaccumulative Potential

NewPac R (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	

Mobility in Soil Not available

Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Ecology – Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance With ICAO/IATA/DOT/TDG

- **14.1. UN Number** Not regulated for transport
- **14.2. UN Proper Shipping Name** Not regulated for transport
- 14.3. Additional Information Not regulated for transport

Transport by Sea Not regulated for transport

Air Transport Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations

Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose (9004-32-4)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Sodium chloride (7647-14-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

US State Regulations

Neither this product nor its chemical components appear on any US state lists.

Canadian Regulations

NewPac R (9004-32-4, 7647-14-5)

NewFac N (5004-52-4, 7047-14-5)		
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
	•	
Sodium carboxymethyl ce	ellulose (9004-32-4)	-
Listed on the Canadian DSI	L (Domestic Substances List) inventory.	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	
Sodium chloride (7647-14	i-5)	

30010111 CHIOTIGE (7047 14 3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision date :

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Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Other Information	: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.		
GHS Full Text Phrases:			
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust		
H232	May form combustible dust concentrations in air		
NFPA Health Hazard	: 1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.		
NFPA Fire Hazard	: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.		
NFPA Reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.		

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Newpark Drilling Fluids T: 800-444-0682

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North America GHS US 2012 & WHMIS 2

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name JK-161 LV

Synonym(s) JK - 161 LV • LOW MOLECULAR WEIGHT PHPA • PARTIALLY HYDROLYZED POLYACRYLAMIDE •

PHPA

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) ENCAPSULATING AGENT • HIGH PERFORMANCE WBM

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
ACRYLAMIDE, SODIUM ACRYLATE COPOLYMER	25085-02-3	607-529-1	>90%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.



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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled and tightly closed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Kelelelice	ppm mg/m³		ppm	mg/m³
Acrylamide	SWA (AUS)		0.03		

Biological limits

No Biological Limit Value allocated.



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PRODUCT NAME JK-161 LV

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE GRANULAR SOLID

Odour **ODOURLESS Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point NOT RELEVANT **Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE** Hq Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE**

Specific gravity 0.8 Solubility (water) 10 g/L

Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE **Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

ChemAlert.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated. LD50 rat (oral): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401).

Skin Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not classified to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser. However, allergic reactions are possible.

Mutagenicity This product is not classified as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This product may contain trace amounts of residual acrylamide, which is classified as a probable human

carcinogen (IARC Group 2A). However, due to the very low levels present, adverse health effects are not

anticipated with normal use.

Reproductive This product is not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product is not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

(10000 ppm test concentration) (EPA-821-R-02-012)

Mysidopsis bahia = 48hr LC50 = 16.2 mg/L.

Menidia beryllina = 48hr LC50 = 34.2 mg/L.

Scophthalmus Maximus = 96hr LC50 > 1000 mg/L.

Skeletonemia costatum = 72hr EC50 = 393 mg/L [NOEC = 118 mg/L]

Acartia tonsa = 48 hr EC50 = 393 mg/L [NOEC = 112 mg/L]

Corophium Volutator = 10 Day LC50 = 9338 mg/Kg [NOEC = 1000 mg/Kg

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Based on its structural properties, the polymer is not biologically available. Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

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information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

ACRYLIC - ACRYLAMIDE RESINS: These resins are generally of low toxicity. Toxicity increases with presence of significant concentrations of acrylic - acrylamide monomers. These monomers have been linked with the development of skin sensitisation.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME JK-161 LV

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name IDCIDE-20 Synonym(s) **IDCIDE 20**

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) BIOCIDE • DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • WATER TREATMENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD** Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

GHS classification Skin Sensitization: Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

2.2 Label elements

Signal word **WARNING**

Pictograms



Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

Response statement(s)

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.



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28 Jul 2014 SDS Date:

PRODUCT NAME **IDCIDE-20**

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	Identification	Classification		Content
		GHS	Risk	
TETRAKIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)PHOSPHONI UM SULPHATE	CAS: 55566-30-8 EC: 259-709-0	Not Available	Not Available	18 to 25%
WATER	CAS: 7732-18-5 EC: 231-791-2	Not Available	Not Available	Remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated. May evolve carbon oxides, sulphur oxides and phosphates when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible.



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PRODUCT NAME IDCIDE-20

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear a faceshield and splash-proof goggles.

Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

BodyNot required under normal conditions of use. **Respiratory**Not required under normal conditions of use.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance COLOURLESS TO PALE YELLOW LIQUID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT

Boiling point > 100°C **Melting point** < 0°C

Evaporation rate AS FOR WATER **pH** 3.0 to 3.5

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 1.08
Solubility (water) SOLUBLE



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PRODUCT NAME IDCIDE-20

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Vapour pressure 18 mm Hg @ 20°C Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT **NOT AVAILABLE** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Oxidising properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles > 60 % (Water)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites) and acids (eg. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides, sulphur oxides and phosphates when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard May be harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure.

summary Upon dilution, the potential for adverse health effects may be reduced.

Eye Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Low to moderate irritant. Over exposure to vapours may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with

coughing. High level exposure may result in dizziness, nausea and headache. Due to the low vapour

pressure, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated with normal use.

Skin Irritant. Contact may result in irritation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Ingestion May be harmful. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and

diarrhoea.

Toxicity data TETRAKIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)PHOSPHONIUM SULPHATE (55566-30-8)

LD50 (ingestion) 248 mg/kg (rat)

TDLo (ingestion) 650 mg/kg/13 weeks - intermittent (rat)



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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

75% TETRAKIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)PHOSPHONIUM SULPHATE (55566-30-8):

LC50 (Rainbow Trout) = 119 mg/L/96 hr

LC50(Bluegill Sunfish) = 93 mg/L/ 96 hr

EC50 (Daphnia Magna) = 19 mg/L/48 hr

LC50 (Brown Shrimp) = 340 mg/L/96 hr

LC50 (Mysid Shrimp) = 9.5 mg/L/96 hr

LC50 (Sheepshead Minnow) = 94 mg/L/96 hr

LC50 (Jevenile Plaice) = 86 mg/L/96 hr

Waste Water management

EC50 (Activated Sludge) = 24 mg/L/3 hr

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. For

larger amounts, contact the manufacturer for additional information. Prevent contamination of drains or

waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].



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Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R36/38 Irritating to eyes and skin.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Safety phrases S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes. S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

EXPOSURE CONTROL: If utilised in a closed system the potential for over exposure is reduced. If not used in a closed system, local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control exposure. Provide eye wash and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure. Where the potential for an inhalation risk exists, an approved respirator may be required. Do not eat, store, consume food, tobacco or drink in areas where product is used.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



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SDS Date: 28 Jul 2014

PRODUCT NAME IDCIDE-20

Revision history

Revision	Description
2.0	Converted to GHS.
1.0	Initial SDS creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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Revision: 2

SDS date: 28 July 2014

[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 28 Jul 2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name CAUSTIC SODA

Synonym(s) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLID

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) MANUFACTURE OF CHEMICALS • REAGENT • SCRUBBING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1A

2.2 Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage statement(s)

P405 Store locked up.



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PRODUCT NAME CAUSTIC SODA

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	215-185-5	>99%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator where an inhalation Inhalation

risk exists. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

CORROSIVE POISONING TREATMENT: Immediate treatment preferably in a hospital is mandatory. In treating corrosive poisoning, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; DO NOT ATTEMPT GASTRIC LAVAGE; and DO NOT ATTEMPT TO NEUTRALISE THE CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE. Vomiting will increase the severity of damage to the oesophagus as the corrosive substance will again come in contact with it. Attempting gastric lavage may result in perforating either the oesophagus or stomach. Immediately dilute the corrosive substance by having the patient drink milk or water. If the trachea has been damaged tracheostamy may be required. For oesophageal burns begin broad-spectrum antibiotics and corticosteroid therapy. Intravenous fluids will be required if oesophageal or gastric damage prevents ingestion of liquids. Long-range therapy will be directed toward preventing or treating oesophageal scars and strictures.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. Use carbon dioxide or suitable dry chemical extinguisher. Do NOT use water

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve flammable hydrogen gas in contact with some metals. Direct contact with water can produce a violent exothermic reaction.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

2X

2 Fine Water Spray.

Χ Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Allow only trained personnel wearing appropriate protective equipment to be involved in spill response. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Increase ventilation. Avoid walking through spilled product as it is slippery when spilt. Isolate the danger area. Use clean, non-sparking tools and equipment. Shut off all possible sources of ignition.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Mechanically collect as much of the spill as possible. Absorb with sand, earth or clay. Transfer to suitable, labelled, corrosion-resistant containers and dispose of promptly as hazardous waste. Spill on areas other than pavement, dirt or sand may be handled by removing the affected soils and placing into approved containers.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Ensure an eye bath and safety shower are available and ready for use. Observe good personal hygiene practices and recommended procedures. Wash thoroughly after handling. Take precautionary measures against static discharges by bonding and grounding equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not inhale product vapours. Avoid prolonged or repeated exposure. Do not smoke, eat or drink when handling product. Product can react violently with water and acids. Caustic solution generates heat when further diluted with water. Concentrations greater than 40%, the heat generated can raise temperatures above the boiling point resulting in sporadic, violent eruptions or spattering. Emergency showers and eye-washes must be available. When used in its various applications, the product must be prevented from coming into uncontrolled direct contact with other products such as acids and metals. Never neutralise the solid product.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Inspect regularly for deficiencies such as damage or leaks. Protect against physical damage. Store away from incompatible materials as listed in section 10. Store away from aluminium, tin, zinc and alloys (bronzes), chrome and lead. Protect from damp and kept apart from acids, halogenated hydrocarbons, nitroparaffins, etc. The floor must be waterproof and anti-slip. A water supply or source must be provided in the place of storage. Emergency showers and eye-washes must be available. Special conditions: Prevent the product from becoming damp or erated. Hygroscopic product. Becomes carbonated in contact with the air or moisture.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient	ppm		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Sodium hydroxide (peak limitation)	SWA (AUS)		2		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.



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PRODUCT NAME CAUSTIC SODA

PPE

Eye / Face Wear a faceshield and dust-proof goggles.

Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Wear coveralls and rubber boots and a PVC apron.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. At high dust levels, wear an Air-line

respirator or a Full-face Class P3 (Particulate) respirator.













9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE DELIQUESCENT PEARLS

OdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANT

Boiling point 1390°C **Melting point** 318°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE pH 13.5 (1 % solution)
Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.12

Solubility (water) 1110 kg/m3 @ 20°C Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Highly exothermal reaction with strong acids. Reacts dangerously with acetic acid, allyl chloride, chlorine trifluoride, chloroform, methylic alcohol, chloronitrotoluene, chlorosulphonic acid, glyoxal, cyanohydrin, hydrochloric acid, hydrofluoric acid, hydroquinone, nitric acid, sulphuric acid and oleum, nitropropane, phosphorous, propiolactone, phosphorous pentoxide, tetrachlorobenzene, tetrahydrofuran, etc. Caustic soda forms salts with nitromethane and nitroparaffins that explode on impact. Heat is generated when mixed with water. Spattering and boiling can occur. Caustic soda solution reacts readily with various reducing sugars (ie: fructose, glactose, maltose, dry whey solids) to produce carbon monoxide. Caustic soda forms salts with nitromethane and nitroparaffins that explode on impact. Reacts with aluminium, tin, zinc and their alloys, copper, lead, etc. giving off hydrogen.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), metals, heat and ignition sources.

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PRODUCT NAME CAUSTIC SODA

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reacts with aluminium, tin, zinc and their alloys, copper, lead, etc. giving off hydrogen. When the product decomposes, toxic sodium oxide gases are evolved.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Highly corrosive. This product has the potential to cause serious adverse health effects. Use safe work

practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in severe burns with corrosive tissue damage. Upon dilution, the potential for corrosive effects may be reduced.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (1310-73-2): LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 40 mg/kg (mouse) LDLo (Ingestion): 1.57 mg/kg (human)

Skin Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns.

Eye Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and corneal burns with

possible permanent eye damage.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen. Both the in vitro and the in vivo genetic toxicity tests

indicated no evidence of mutagenic activity. Furthermore the substance is not expected to be systemically available in the body under normal handling and use conditions and for this reason additional testing is

considered unnecessary (EU RAR, 2007).

Carcinogenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen. Systemic carcinogenicity is not expected to occur

because the substance is not expected to be systemically available in the body under normal handling and

use conditions.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. The substance is not expected to be

systemically available in the body under normal handling and use conditions and for this reason it can be stated that the substance will not reach the foetus nor reach male and female reproductive organs. The substance is not expected to be systemically available in the body under normal handling and use conditions

Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in

and for this reason additional testing is considered unnecessary.

STOT – single exposure

STOT – repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

breathing difficulties.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

EC50 Ceriodaphnia: 40 mg/L.

No other valid studies available. The hazard of NaOH for the environment is caused by the hydroxyl ion (pH effect). For this reason the effect of NaOH on the organisms depends on the buffer capacity of the aquatic or terrestrial ecosystem (see also 3.1.2). Also the variation in acute toxicity for aquatic organisms can be explained for a significant extent by the variation in buffer capacity of the test medium. LC50 values ranged between 33 and 189 mg/L.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable. NaOH is a strong alkaline substance that dissociates completely in water to Na+ and OH-. High water solubility and low vapour pressure indicate that NaOH will be found predominantly in aquatic environment. This implies that it will not adsorb on particulate matter or surfaces. Atmospheric emissions as aerosols are rapidly neutralized by carbon dioxide and the salts will be washed out by rain.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate. Considering its high water solubility, NaOH is not expected to bioconcentrate in organisms. In addition, sodium is a naturally-occurring element that is prevalent in the environment and to which organisms are exposed regularly, for which they have some capacity to regulate the concentration in the organism.

12.4 Mobility in soil

High water solubility and mobility

12.5 Other adverse effects

WATER: If released to waterways, alkaline products may change the pH of the waterway. Fish will die if the pH reaches 10-11 (goldfish 10.9, bluegill 10.5). SOIL: May leach to groundwater with toxic effects on aquatic life as above. ATMOSPHERE: Not expected to reside in the atmosphere. Drops or particles released to atmosphere should be removed by gravity and/or be rained out.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Collect without generating dust. Place in clean, sealed containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site.

Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). The product can be neutralised using highly diluted hydrochloric acid, which should be added very slowly by specialised personnel wearing

proper protection. Never neutralise the solid product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1823	1823	1823
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID	SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SOLID
14.3 Transport hazard class	8	8	8
14.4 Packing Group	II	II	II

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 2X

 GTEPG
 8A1

 EMS
 F-A, S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes C Corrosive

Risk phrases R35 Causes severe burns.

Safety phrases S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible).

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information



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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name SODIUM SULPHITE Synonym(s) SODIUM SULFITE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) ANTIOXIDANT • FOOD PRESERVATIVE • LABORATORY REAGENT • PAPER INDUSTRY •

PHOTOGRAPHIC DEVELOPER • REDUCING AGENT • WATER TREATMENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

Prevention statement(s)

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P330 Rinse mouth.

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.



SDS Date: 04 Aug 2016

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM SULPHITE	7757-83-7	231-821-4	>97%
SODIUM SULPHATE	7757-82-6	231-820-9	<2.5%
SODIUM CARBONATE	497-19-8	207-838-8	<0.1%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	<0.1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Urgent

hospital treatment is likely to be needed. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (sulphur oxides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.



SDS Date: 04 Aug 2016

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Sodium Carbonate (total dust)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. At high dust levels, wear a

Full-face Class P3 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE CRYSTALLINE SOLID

Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE
pH 9.0 to 10.5

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity2.6Solubility (water)SOLUBLEVapour pressureNOT AVAILABLEUpper explosion limitNOT RELEVANT

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 04 Aug 2016

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Sensitive to air and moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (sulphur oxides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information available for the product: **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
SODIUM SULPHITE	820 mg/kg (mouse)		
SODIUM SULPHATE	5989 mg/kg (mouse)		
SODIUM CARBONATE	4090 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	800 mg/m³/2 hours

Additional ingredient toxicity value(s):

SODIUM SULPHITE (7757-83-7)

LD50 (intraperitoneal) 950 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (intravenous) 175 mg/kg (mouse) LDLo (intravenous) 400 mg/kg (cat) LDLo (oral) 2825 mg/kg (rabbit) LDLo (subcutaneous) 600 mg/kg (rabbit)

SODIUM SULPHATE (7757-82-6)

LD50 (intravenous) 1220 mg/kg (rabbit) LDLo (intravenous) 1220 mg/kg (mouse)

14 g/kg (mouse - 8-12 days pregnant) TDLo (oral) TDLo (subcutaneous) 806 mg/kg/26 weeks intermittently (mouse)

Page 4 of 7

SODIUM CARBONATE (497-19-8)

LD50 (intraperitoneal) 117 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (subcutaneous) 2210 mg/kg (mouse)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Causes serious eye damage. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.



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Sensitisation Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation. Some individuals are hypersensitive to sulphites,

and may experience asthma like symptoms (wheezing and shortness of breath) immediately following

exposure.

MutagenicityNot classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNot classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive Not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Over exposure may result in mucous membrane irritation of the respiratory tract, with coughing.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Cover spill with soda ash or sodium bicarbonate. Mix and spray with water, may be effervescent. Wait until

reaction is complete, scoop into a large beaker and cautiously add equal volume of sodium hypochlorite (reaction may be vigorous). Add more water, stir and allow to stand (~1hr). Dilute and neutralise. Absorb with sand/similar dispose of to an approved landfill site, or alternatively (for small amounts) flush to sewer with

large excess of water.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION



SDS Date: 04 Aug 2016

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes T Toxic

Xi Irritant Xn Harmful

Risk phrases R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety phrases S25 Avoid contact with eyes.

S46 If swallowed, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately and show container

or label.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name SODA ASH

Synonym(s) SODA ASH DENSE • SODIUM CARBONATE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) **DRILLING AID**

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD** Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Signal word **DANGER**

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsina.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P310

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

ChemAlert.

PRODUCT NAME SODA ASH

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM CARBONATE	497-19-8	207-838-8	>97%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eve If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Inhalation

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Skin

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes and skin.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

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5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.



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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Reference	ppm mg/m³		ppm	mg/m³
Sodium Carbonate (total dust)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE POWDER
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 854°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE PH NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.533 Solubility (water) 170 g/L

Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT **Partition coefficient** NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties**

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9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
SODIUM CARBONATE	4090 mg/kg (rat)	> 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	800 mg/m³/2 hours

Additional ingredient toxicity value(s):

SODIUM CARBONATE (497-19-8)

LD50 (intraperitoneal) 117 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (subcutaneous) 2210 mg/kg (mouse)

Skin Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with

prolonged contact.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

MutagenicityNot classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNot classified as a carcinogen.ReproductiveNot classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in

exposure breathing difficulties.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Fishes, Lepomis macrochirus, LC50, 96 h, 300 mg/l. Crustaceans, Ceriodaphnia dubia, EC50, 48 h, 200 - 227 mg/l.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

WATER: If released to waterways, alkaline products may change the pH of the waterway. Fish will die if the pH reaches 10-11 (goldfish 10.9, bluegill 10.5). SOIL: May leach to groundwater with toxic effects on aquatic life as above. ATMOSPHERE: Not expected to reside in the atmosphere. Drops or particles released to atmosphere should be removed by gravity and/or be rained out.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Collect without generating dust. Place in clean, sealed containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site.

Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information



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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name SODIUM BICARBONATE

Synonym(s) BAKING SODA • BICARBONATE OF SODA • CARBONIC ACID, MONOSODIUM SALT • MONOSODIUM

CARBONATE • SODIUM ACID CARBONATE • SODIUM HYDROGEN CARBONATE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) PH CONTROL

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM BICARBONATE	144-55-8	205-633-8	>99%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower are recommended.

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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with the SDS and the product label.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Keierence	ppm mg/m³		ppm	mg/m³
Sodium Bicarbonate (total dust)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Not required under normal conditions of use.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceWHITE POWDEROdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANTBoiling pointNOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 854°C

Evaporation rateNOT AVAILABLEpH8 (1% Solution)Vapour densityNOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.533

Solubility (water) 170 g/L @ 25°C **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure **NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE** NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

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anticipated. Sodium bicarbonate can neutralise the gastric juices in the stomach. During neutralisation, carbon dioxide gas is evolved and may cause stretching of the stomach, and with very large doses possible damage or rupture.

LD50 (Ingestion): 3360 mg/kg (mouse) LC50 (inhalation): 4.74 mg/L (rat)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation.Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityThis product is not classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityThis product is not classified as a carcinogen.ReproductiveThis product is not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss) = 7.700 mg/l/96hrs.

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus) = 7.100 mg/l/96hrs.

EC50 (Crustaceans, Daphnia magna) = 4.100 mg/l/48hrs

LOEC (Crustaceans, Daphnia magna) = 3.100 mg/l/48hrs.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user



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Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 16 Apr 2015

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 16 Apr 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name ANCOR 1

Synonym(s) CORROSION INHIBITOR

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) BRINE • CORROSION INHIBITOR • DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • OIL AND GAS INDUSTRY

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

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do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.



SDS Date: 06 May 2015

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
TRIETHANOLAMINE	102-71-6	203-049-8	68 to 72%
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	28 to 32%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or

an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over exposure may result in irritation to the eyes, nose and respiratory system. May cause allergic contact dermatitis.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

Ingestion

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE



SDS Date: 06 May 2015

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
mgredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Triethanolamine	SWA (AUS)		5		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class

P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance COLOURLESS LIQUID
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR

Flammability CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE

Flash point > 100°C

Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE
pH NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 1.1 Solubility (water) **SOLUBLE NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure **Upper explosion limit** NOT AVAILABLE Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE**

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME ANCOR 1

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), nitrites, heat and ignition sources.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin, and/or if inhaled.

Toxicity Data available for the ingredient:

TRIETHANOLAMINE (102-71-6): LD50 (Ingestion): 2200 mg/kg (rabbit) LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 1450 mg/kg (mouse)

LD50 (Skin): > 20 mL/kg (rabbit)

TDLo (Ingestion): 16 g/kg/64 weeks (mouse - cancer)
Contact may result in mild irritation, redness, pain and rash.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with prolonged contact.

Sensitization Triethanolamine has been reported to cause allergic contact dermatitis. It is not known to cause respiratory

sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity Triethanolamine is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (IARC Group 3).

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. High level exposure may result in

breathing difficulties.

STOT – repeated

exposure

exposure

Skin

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product is not expected to present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

LC50 (shrimp): > 100 ppm.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

In soil and water, triethanolamine will biodegrade fairly rapidly following acclamation (half-life in the order of days to weeks).

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.



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PRODUCT NAME ANCOR 1

12.4 Mobility in soil

In soil, residual triethanolamine may leach to groundwater.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reduce with sodium thiosulphate/ bisulphite (not strong reducing agent), acidify with 3M sulphuric acid.

Scoop into a container of water and neutralise with soda ash. Absorb with sand or similar and dispose of to

an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

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Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R36 Irritating to eyes.

Safety phrases S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ChemAlert.

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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[End of SDS]

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SDS Date: 06 May 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name CITRIC ACID

Synonym(s) 2-HYDROXY-1,2,3-PROPANETRICARBOXYLIC ACID • CITRIC ACID ANHYDROUS • CITRIC ACID

MONOHYDRATE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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PRODUCT NAME CITRIC ACID

Response statement(s)

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions. P321 P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CITRIC ACID	77-92-9	201-069-1	>99%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	<1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eve If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area, Apply artificial respiration if not breathing,

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Acute: Irritating to the eyes and skin. Delayed: No information available.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

ChemAlert.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from moisture, incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory At high dust levels, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE CRYSTALLINE POWDER

Odour ODOURLESS Flammability COMBUSTIBLE

Flash point 174°C

Boiling point 175°C (Decomposes)

Melting point 153°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE



SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015

PRODUCT NAME CITRIC ACID

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

pH 2.2 (0.1M Solution)
Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 1.665

Solubility (water) 1330 kg/m³ @ 20°C
Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE

Autoignition temperature 345°C

Decomposition temperatureNOT AVAILABLEViscosityNOT AVAILABLEExplosive propertiesNOT AVAILABLEOxidising propertiesNOT AVAILABLEOdour thresholdNOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD50 (Ingestion): 3000 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 290 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Intravenous): 42 mg/kg (mouse) LDLo (Ingestion): 7000 mg/kg (rabbit)

Skin Irritating to the skin. Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with

prolonged contact.

Sensitization This product is not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation. However, citric acid has the

potential to cause allergic effects.

MutagenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.ReproductiveInsufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single Irritating to the respiratory system. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with

exposure coughing.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.



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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

LC50 (Leuciscus idus melanotus): 440 mg/L/48hrs. LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.535 mg/L/24hrs.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

WATER: If citric acid is released to water, it is expected to biodegrade rapidly. May be toxic to fish at moderately high levels (120 ppm is fatal to daphnia; 894 ppm with pH 4 is fatal to goldfish) due to acidic nature. Fairly high biological oxygen demand (BOD) which may cause oxygen depletion in large spills. Citric acid occurs naturally in many plants.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Neutralise with lime, anion exchanger or similar. For small amounts, absorb with sand or similar and dispose

of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Safety phrases S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.



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Inventory listing(s)

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015 Version No: 2.1



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name FRACSEAL FINE/MEDIUM

Synonym(s) FRACSEAL F • FRACSEAL FINE • FRACSEAL M • FRACSEAL MEDIUM

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CELLULOSE	9004-34-6	232-674-9	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin Exposure is considered unlikely. Skin irritation is not anticipated.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated.

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME FRACSEAL FINE/MEDIUM

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Finely divided dust may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Moisten with water to prevent a dust hazard and place in sealable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for damage to containers.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
migredient	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Cellulose (paper fibre) (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



SDS Date: 25 Nov 2014

PRODUCT NAME FRACSEAL FINE/MEDIUM

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure

standard.

PPE

Eye / Face When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance YELLOW TO BROWN SOLID

Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point 500°C to 518°C
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH 6.5 to 7.5

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 0.9

Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE** Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.



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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Oral LD50 (rat) is > 5000 mg/kg. Dermal LD50 (rabbit) is > 2000 mg/kg.

LC50 (rat) is 510 mg/m³/2 hours.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause mild discomfort.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityNo evidence of mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenic effects.ReproductiveNo evidence of reproductive effects.

STOT – single

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT – repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reuse where possible. No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user



Page 4 of 6 SDS Date: 25 Nov 2014

FRACSEAL FINE/MEDIUM PRODUCT NAME

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Poison schedule

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

None allocated. **Hazard codes** Risk phrases None allocated. None allocated. Safety phrases

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Inventory listing(s)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre **OEL** Occupational Exposure Limit

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pΗ

alkaline).

Parts Per Million ppm

Short-Term Exposure Limit STEL

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-RE STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Safe Work Australia **SWA** Threshold Limit Value TLV **TWA** Time Weighted Average



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SDS Date: 25 Nov 2014

PRODUCT NAME FRACSEAL FINE/MEDIUM

Revision history

Revision	Description
3.2	Standard SDS Review.
3.1	Standard SDS Review.
3.0	Converted to GHS.
2.0	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Initial SDS creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794

Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

Revision: 3.2

SDS date: 25 November 2014

[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 25 Nov 2014



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name MAGNESIUM OXIDE

Synonym(s) CALCINED MAGNESIA • MAGNESIA • MAGOXI16 / 27 - PRODUCT CODE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • PH INDICATOR

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CALCIUM OXIDE	1305-78-8	215-138-9	<3.5%
MAGNESIUM OXIDE	1309-48-4	215-171-9	>94%
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	7631-86-9	231-545-4	<2.5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.



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First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve magnesium oxides when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure product is adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	I/GIGIGIICG		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Calcium oxide	SWA (AUS)		2		
Fumed silica (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		2		
Magnesium oxide (fume)	SWA (AUS)		10		



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Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Not required under normal conditions of use.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceWHITE GRANULESOdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANT

Boiling point 3600°C **Melting point** 2800°C

Evaporation rateNOT AVAILABLEpHNOT AVAILABLEVapour densityNOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 3.6 - 3.7

Solubility (water) SLIGHTLY SOLUBLE Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles 0 %

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible (violently) with interhalogens (e.g. bromine pentafluoride, chlorine trifluoride) and phosphorus pentachloride. May ignite or explode when heated with aluminium powder. Also incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid) and dampness as material hydrates.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve magnesium oxides when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
SILICA, AMORPHOUS	3160 mg/kg (rat)		

Skin Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Sensitization This product is not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity This product is not classified as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This product is not classified as a carcinogen.

This product is not classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive This product is not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure .

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, cover with moist sand, vermiculite or similar to avoid dust hazard and dispose of to an

approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information if disposing of large

quantities (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

None allocated. **Hazard codes** Risk phrases None allocated. None allocated. Safety phrases

Inventory listing(s) **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)**

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

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HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

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It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

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SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name DEFOAM A (I)

Synonym(s) DEFOAM E • DEFOAM-A (I)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) COMPLETION FLUID • DRILLING FLUID

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Flammable Liquids: Category 4

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H227 Combustible liquid.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Prevention statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



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PRODUCT NAME DEFOAM A (I)

Response statement(s)

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P332 + P337 + P313 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use appropriate media for extinction.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
OCTAN-2-OL	123-96-6	204-667-0	>98%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.



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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear nitrile or neoprene gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.







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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance CLEAR LIQUID
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR

Flammability CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE

Flash point 88°C (cc)
Boiling point 180°C
Melting point -39°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE pH NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density 4.5 (Air = 1) Specific gravity 0.87

Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure 1 mm Hg @ 33°C NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

Odour threshold

% Volatiles 100 %

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), heat and ignition sources.

NOT AVAILABLE

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard May be harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure.

Summary Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in central

Ose sale work practices to avoid eye of skill contact and illimatation. Over exposure may

nervous system (CNS) effects.

Eye Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and headache. High level

exposure may result in nausea, dizziness and drowsiness.

Skin Irritant. Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.

Ingestion May be harmful. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and

drowsiness. Aspiration or inhalation may cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

Toxicity data No LD50 data available for this product.



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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 75 mg/l - 96 h.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Incinerate where available. For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an

approved landfill site.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Xn Harmful

Risk phrases R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.



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Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

WORK PRACTICES - SOLVENTS: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



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PRODUCT NAME DEFOAM A (I)

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 28 Apr 2016



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name CALCIUM CHLORIDE POWDER 94-97%
Synonym(s) CALCIUM CHLORIDE ANHYDRATE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) CONCRETE CONDITIONER • DESICCANT • DUST CONTROL AGENT • FOOD ADDITIVE • INDUSTRIAL

APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage statement(s)

None allocated.

Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.

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PRODUCT NAME **CALCIUM CHLORIDE POWDER 94-97%**

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CALCIUM CHLORIDE ANHYDROUS	10043-52-4	233-140-8	94 to 97%
SODIUM CHLORIDE	7647-14-5	231-598-3	1 to 5%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Inhalation

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Skin

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes and skin.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.



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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

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ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE POWDER
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point > 1600°C

Melting point 772°C

Evaporation rate NOT RELEVANT **pH** 7.0 to 9.0

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.15

Solubility (water) 590 kg/m³ (Approximately)

Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

ChemAlert.

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9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with incompatible substances.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid), methyl vinyl ether, zinc/ galvanised metals, bromine trifluoride, boron oxide and calcium oxide. May react exothermically with water (i.e. releasing heat).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Toxicity Data available for the ingredients:

CALCIUM CHLORIDE ANHYDROUS (10043-52-4):

LD50 (Ingestion): 1000 mg/kg (rat)

LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 210 mg/kg (mouse)

LD50 (Intravenous): 42 mg/kg (mouse)

LD50 (Subcutaneous): 823 mg/kg (mouse)

LDLo (Ingestion): 1384 mg/kg (rabbit)

LDLo (Intravenous): 150 mg/kg (guinea pig)

LDLo (Subcutaneous): 249 mg/kg (cat)

TDLo (Intravenous): 20 mg/kg/1 hour (woman)

SODIUM CHLORIDE (7647-14-5):

LC50 (Inhalation): > 42000 mg/m3/1 hour (rat)

LD50 (Ingestion): 3000 mg/kg (rat)

LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 2602 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 645 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Skin): > 10000 mg/kg (rabbit)

LD50 (Subcutaneous): 3000 mg/kg (mouse) LDLo (Ingestion): 8000 mg/kg (rabbit)

LDLo (Intravenous): 300 mg/kg (guinea pig) LDLo (Subcutaneous): 2160 mg/kg (guinea pig)

TDLo (Ingestion): 12357 mg/kg (human)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation, redness and rash.

Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. Eve

This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser. Sensitization

Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen. Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen. Carcinogenicity

Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive STOT - single Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

exposure

STOT - repeated

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure. exposure

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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PRODUCT NAME CALCIUM CHLORIDE POWDER 94-97%

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to approved Council

landfill. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R36 Irritating to eyes.

Safety phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION



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PRODUCT NAME CALCIUM CHLORIDE POWDER 94-97%

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

ChemAlert.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name TOPSPOT Synonym(s) TOP SPOT

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) SURFACTANT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	Remainder
SURFACTANT(S)	-	-	Not Available

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME TOPSPOT

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.



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PRODUCT NAME TOPSPOT

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. In a laboratory situation,

wear a laboratory coat.

Respiratory Not required under normal conditions of use.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

DARK AMBER COLOURED TO BLACK LIQUID **Appearance**

MILD ODOUR Odour NON FLAMMABLE **Flammability** Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE** рΗ **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE**

Specific gravity 1.1 to 1.2

Solubility (water) **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

PRODUCT NAME TOPSPOT

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityNo evidence of mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenic effects.ReproductiveNo evidence of reproductive effects.STOT – singleNo known effects from this product.

STOT - repeated

exposure

exposure

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the

manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Ensure that appropriate personal protective

equipment is used during disposal.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION



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PRODUCT NAME TOPSPOT

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

PRODUCT NAME TOPSPOT

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name STRATA-VANGUARD Synonym(s) STRATA VANGUARD

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CRISTOBALITE	14464-46-1	238-455-4	<5%
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<2%
2-PROPENENITRILE-1,3-BUTADIENE RUBBER	9003-18-3	618-357-1	<50%
NATURAL RUBBER	9006-04-6	232-689-0	<50%
POLYISOPRENE	9003-31-0	618-362-9	<50%
SBR ELASTOMERS	9003-55-8	618-370-2	<50%
CELLULOSE	9004-34-6	232-674-9	<30%
DIATOMACEOUS EARTH, FLUX CALCINED	68855-54-9	272-489-0	<15%
FULLERS EARTH	8031-18-3	617-052-0	<10%
LIMESTONE (CALCIUM CARBONATE)	1317-65-3	215-279-6	<10%

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PRODUCT NAME STRATA-VANGUARD

POLYETHYLENE	9002-88-4	618-339-3	<3%
MAGNESIUM OXIDE	1309-48-4	215-171-9	<1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to Eye

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

ChemAlert.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TV	VA	STEL	
Ingredient	Kelerence	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Calcium carbonate (Limestone, Marble, Whiting)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Cellulose (paper fibre) (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Cristobalite	SWA (AUS)		0.1		
Magnesium oxide (fume)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Wear dust-proof goggles. Eye / Face Hands Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. Body

Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. At high dust levels, wear a Respiratory

Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 (Particulate) filter or a Full-face Class P3

(Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

TAN COLOURED POWDER **Appearance**

Odour MILD ODOUR NON FLAMMABLE **Flammability** Flash point **NOT AVAILABLE Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE** 6.3 (5% Suspension) pН

Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE**

Specific gravity 2.1

Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure 1 mm Hg @ 20°C **NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit** Lower explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Oxidising properties** NOT AVAILABLE

NOT AVAILABLE

ChemAlert.

Odour threshold

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9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with incompatible substances.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid). Also incompatible with oxygen difluoride, chlorine and trifluoride.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity
Toxicity Data available for the ingredients:

CRISTOBALITE (14464-46-1):

TCLo (inhalation) 16 mppcf/8hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE) (14808-60-7): LCLo (inhalation) 300 ug/m³/10 years (human)

TCLo (inhalation) 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

CELLULOSE (9004-34-6):

LC50 (inhalation) > 5800 mg/m³/4 hours (rat) LD50 (ingestion) > 5000 mg/kg (rat)

LD50 (intraperitoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (skin) > 2000 mg/kg (rabbit) POLYETHYLENE (9002-88-4): LDLo (ingestion) 3000 mg/kg (rat)

LDLo (ingestion) 3000 mg/kg (rat) MAGNESIUM OXIDE (1309-48-4): TCLo (inhalation) 400 mg/kg (human)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is insufficient

respirable silica in this product to be classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive No evidence of reproductive effects.

STOT – single No known effects from this product.

exposure

exposure

STOT – repeated Adverse

Adverse health effects associated with silica, such as the development of silicosis (lung fibrosis), is not

anticipated unless chronic (i.e. prolonged and repeated) exposure to silica quartz dust occurs.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not applicable.

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PRODUCT NAME STRATA-VANGUARD

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

This product has low mobility in soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to approved Council

landfill. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ChemAlert.

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name FRAC ATTACK
Synonym(s) FRAC-ATTACK

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) LOST CIRCULATION MATERIAL

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

2.2 Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.



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PRODUCT NAME FRAC ATTACK

Response statement(s)

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CALCIUM OXIDE	1305-78-8	215-138-9	<10%
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE	1305-62-0	215-137-3	<5%
CRISTOBALITE	14464-46-1	238-455-4	<5%
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<3%
2-PROPENENITRILE-1,3-BUTADIENE RUBBER	9003-18-3	618-357-1	<50%
NATURAL RUBBER	9006-04-6	232-689-0	<50%
POLYISOPRENE	9003-31-0	618-362-9	<50%
SBR ELASTOMERS	9003-55-8	618-370-2	<50%
CELLULOSE	9004-34-6	232-674-9	<30%
DIATOMACEOUS EARTH	61790-53-2	612-383-7	<15%
FULLERS EARTH	8031-18-3	617-052-0	<12%
MAGNESIUM OXIDE	1309-48-4	215-171-9	<2%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		A STEL	
Ingredient	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Calcium hydroxide	SWA (AUS)		5		
Calcium oxide	SWA (AUS)		2		
Cellulose (paper fibre) (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Cristobalite	SWA (AUS)		0.1		
Diatomaceous earth (uncalcined) (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Magnesium oxide (fume)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



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PRODUCT NAME FRAC ATTACK

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance BROWN/GREY POWDER

Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NON VOLATILE
pH ALKALINE

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.10

Solubility (water) **NEGLIGIBLE** Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT RELEVANT

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve Fluorine, Oxygen Difluoride, Chlorine, Trifluoride and Hydrofluoric Acid when heated to decomposition.

ChemAlert.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxicity Data available for the ingredients:

CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0): LD50 (ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse)

CRISTOBALITE (14464-46-1):

TCLo (inhalation) 16 mppcf/8hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE) (14808-60-7): LCLo (inhalation): 300 ug/m³/10 years (human)

TCLo (inhalation): 16 000 000 particles/ft3/8 hours/17.9 years (human-fibrosis)

CELLULOSE (9004-34-6):

LC50 (inhalation) > 5800 mg/m³/4 hours (rat) LD50 (ingestion) > 5000 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (intraperitoneal) > 31600 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (skin) > 2000 mg/kg (rabbit)

MAGNESIÚM OXIDE (1309-48-4): TCLo (inhalation): 400 mg/kg (human)

Skin Irritating to the skin. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible skin burns.

Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, conjunctivitis and possible Eye

burns.

Sensitization This product is not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is insufficient

respirable silica in this product to be classified as a carcinogen.

Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive

STOT - single Irritating to the respiratory system. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with

coughing. exposure

STOT - repeated Chronic exposure to crystalline silica may cause lung fibrosis (silicosis), however due to the low levels of exposure

crystalline silica in this product, chronic health effects are not anticipated with normal use.

Not relevant. **Aspiration**

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

The manufacturer reports that this product is harmful to aquatic life.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Collect without generating dust. Place in clean, sealed containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site.

Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015

PRODUCT NAME FRAC ATTACK

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

Risk phrases R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety phrases S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible).

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME FRAC ATTACK

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name AVAPERM NF

Synonym(s) F003132 - SDS CODE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) INHIBITOR IN DRILLING FLUIDS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Acute Toxicity: Skin: Category 4
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictograms



Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME AVAPERM NF

Response statement(s)

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332 + P337 + P313 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed (applies if the substance is volatile so as to

generate a hazardous atmosphere).

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	Identification	Classifica	ation	Content
HYDROGENATED HEXANEDINITRILE CHLORIDE	Not Available			35 to 70%
WATER	CAS: 7732-18-5 EC: 231-791-2			30 to 65%

Ingredient Notes

This product is mixture of 30-50% Hexanedinitrile, 5-20% Hydrochloric acid (as pH corrector) and water. Hydrochloric acid is used to neutralise hexanedinitrile to become the salt with slightly alkali (pH 9-11).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.



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PRODUCT NAME AVAPERM NF

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of this SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.





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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance LIQUID

Odour **PUNGENT ODOUR Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point** 100°C (Approximately) **Melting point NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE**

pН 9 to 10

Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE** Specific gravity 1.00 to 1.10 Solubility (water) **SOLUBLE** Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE **Upper explosion limit** NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), nitrites, heat and ignition sources. Incompatible with Isocyanates, aldehydes, ketones, anhydrides, phenols, nitrates, halogenated compounds.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard Harmful - irritant. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in irritation to the summary

eyes, skin and respiratory system.

Eve Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Irritant. Over exposure to vapours may result in respiratory irritation, nausea, dizziness and headache. High

level exposure may result in drowsiness and breathing difficulties.

Skin Irritant. Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.

Harmful. Ingestion may result in gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, Ingestion

headache, dizziness and drowsiness with large quantities.

Toxicity data No LD50 data available for this product.



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12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This product is registered on Offshore Chemical Notification Scheme Gold, Gold, Gold for HQ Band 17.5", 12.25" and 8.5" respectively.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. For

larger amounts, contact the manufacturer for additional information. Prevent contamination of drains or

waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 UN proper shipping name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard classes			
DG class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
Subsidiary risk(s)	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards None Allocated

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Xi Irritant Harmful Xn

Risk phrases R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. R36/37/38

Keep locked up and out of reach of children. Safety phrases S1/2

> In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice S26 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label S45

where possible).



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PRODUCT NAME AVAPERM NF

Inventory listing(s) **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)**

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

EUROPE: EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on EINECS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

The manufacturer indicates the product is mixture of 30-50% Hexanedinitrile, 5-20% Hydrochloric acid (as pH corrector) and water. Hydrochloric acid is used to neutralise hexanedinitrile to become the salt with slightly alkali (pH 9-11).

AMINE: CAUTION THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS AN AMINE. DO NOT ADD NITRITES or other NITROSATING AGENTS to this product due to the potential for NITROSAMINE formation. Nitrosamines are potent carcinogens and some have been shown to cause severe acute (heart, brain, blood, liver - kidney) damage as well as chronic effects (reproductive effects, liver - lung and kidney tumours).

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA) or WES (WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARD) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use, quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME AVAPERM NF

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Revision history

Revi	ision	Description
1.0		Initial SDS Creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

Revision: 1

SDS date: 08 April 2014

[End of SDS]





SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name HIPERM Synonym(s) NONE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • SHALE INHIBITOR

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1A Acute Toxicity: Skin: Category 4

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

Aquatic Toxicity (Acute): Category 3

2.2 Label elements

Signal word DANGER

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.



SDS Date: 21 Oct 2015

Version No: 4

PRODUCT NAME HIPERM

Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statement(s)

P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE	124-09-4	204-679-6	30 to 60%
FORMIC ACID	64-18-6	200-579-1	10 to 30%
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	<10%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or

an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth out with water and give plenty of water to drink.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower are recommended.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.



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PRODUCT NAME HIPERM

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, pilot lights, heaters, naked lights, mobile phones, etc when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas. Thermal decomposition generates corrosive vapours.

5.4 Hazchem code

2X

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- X Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Only trained personnel should undertake clean up.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should be bunded and have appropriate ventilation systems. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient	Kelerence	ppm mg/m³		ppm	mg/m³
Formic acid	SWA (AUS)	5	9.4	10	19

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly ventilated areas. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel some distance to an ignition source and flash back. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.



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PRODUCT NAME HIPERM

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear butyl or nitrile gloves.

Body Wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class

P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator or an Air-line respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance CLEAR COLOURLESS LIQUID

Odour ODOURLESS

Flammability CLASS C1 COMBUSTIBLE

Flash point > 100°C

Boiling point 100°C

Melting point < -35°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH 9 to 10

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 1.07
Solubility (water) SOLUBLE

Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates corrosive vapours.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), metals, nitrites, heat and ignition sources.

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME **HIPERM**

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. LD50 (oral) = 500 mg/kg. LD50 (dermal) = 1100 mg/kg.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity (LD50)	Dermal Toxicity (LD50)	Inhalation Toxicity (LC50)
HEXAMETHYLENEDIAMINE	750 mg/kg (rat)	1110 mg/kg (rabbit)	
FORMIC ACID	700 mg/kg (mouse)		6200 mg/m³/15 min.

Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and severe burns. Skin

Eye Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, corneal burns and possible

permanent damage.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Not classified as a mutagen. Carcinogenicity Not classified as a carcinogen.

Not classified as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive

STOT - single Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea, dizziness and headache. High level exposure may result in breathing difficulties. exposure

STOT - repeated Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Adverse effects are generally associated exposure

with single exposure.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No data of Hiperm is available on the product itself. However the ecotoxicity data of the main components:

Hexaxamethylenediamine (124-09-4):

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus [static]) > 56 mg/l/96 hours.

EC (Daphnia magna) = 23.4 mg/l/48 hours.

LC50 (Pimephlaes promelas [static]) = 1825 mg/l/96 hours.

Formic Acid (64-18-6):

EC (Daphnia magna) = 120 mg/l/48 hours.

EC (Daphnia magna [static]) = 138 to 165.6 mg/l/48 hours.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available for the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available for the product.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Not available.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Avoid release to the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. For

large quantities, contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information. Prevent contamination of drains

and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	2735	2735	2735
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.	AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. or POLYAMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
14.3 Transport hazard class	8	8	8
14.4 Packing Group	II	II	II

14.5 Environmental hazards Not a Marine Pollutant

14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 2X

 GTEPG
 8A1

 EMS
 F-A, S-B

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes C Corrosive

N Dangerous for the environment

Xi Irritant Xn Harmful

Risk phrases R21/22 Harmful in contact with skin and if swallowed.

R35 Causes severe burns.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.
R52 Harmful to aquatic organisms.

Safety phrases S23 Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (where applicable).

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

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S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label

where possible).

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

AMINE: CAUTION: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS AN AMINE. DO NOT ADD NITRITES or other NITROSATING AGENTS to this product due to the potential for NITROSAMINE formation. Nitrosamines are potent carcinogens and some have been shown to cause severe acute (heart, brain, blood, liver - kidney) damage as well as chronic effects (reproductive effects, liver - lung and kidney tumours).



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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name STARCH B

Synonym(s) PREGEL STARCH • STARCH (API 13A SECTION 16) • VICTOSAL

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
DAZOMET (ISO)[TETRAHYDRO-3,5-DIMETHYL-1,3,5-THIA DIAZINE-2-THIONE]	533-74-4	208-576-7	<1%
STARCH	9005-25-8	232-679-6	>98%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

First aid facilities No information provided.



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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Kelelelice	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Starch (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls No special precautions are normally required when handling this product. Maintain dust levels below the

recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Not required under normal conditions of use.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OFF WHITE POWDER

Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point > 125°C

Boiling pointNOT AVAILABLEMelting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rateNOT AVAILABLE

pH 5 - 8

NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density Specific gravity **NOT AVAILABLE** Solubility (water) **DISPERSIBLE NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold**

9.2 Other information

Bulk density 550 - 700 kg/m3

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:



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This product is expected to be of low toxicity. This product contains Dazomet (ISO) [Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione], however due to the low levels present, adverse health effects are not anticipated.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
DAZOMET (ISO)[TETRAHYDRO-3,5-DIMETHYL-1,3,5-THIADIAZINE-2-THIONE]	180 mg/kg (mouse)	2260 mg/kg (rat)	

Additional ingredient toxicity value(s):

DAZOMET (ISO) [TETRAHYDRO-3,5-DIMETHYL-1,3,5-THIADIAZINE-2-THIONE] (533-74-4)

LCLo (inhalation)8400 mg/m³/4h (rat)LD50 (intraperitoneal)87 mg/kg (rat)LD50 (subcutaneous)248 mg/kg (mouse)LDLo (intramuscular)250 mg/kg (dog)

TDLo (oral) 3120 mg/kg/30 days-continuous (rat)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause mild irritation and lacrimation.

Sensitisation Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenic effects.

Reproductive No relevant or reliable studies were identified.

STOT – single exposure

No known effects from this product.

STOT – repeated

exposure

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Starch B is not harmful to aquatic organisms and does not cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. This product contains Dazomet (ISO) [Tetrahydro-3,5-dimethyl-1,3,5-thiadiazine-2-thione], however due to the low levels present, adverse environmental effects are not anticipated.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal No special precautions are required for the disposal of this product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport Hazard Class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

WORKPLACE CONTROLS AND PRACTICES: Unless a less toxic chemical can be substituted for a hazardous substance, ENGINEERING CONTROLS are the most effective way of reducing exposure. The best protection is to enclose operations and/or provide local exhaust ventilation at the site of chemical release. Isolating operations can also reduce exposure. Using respirators or protective equipment is less effective than the controls mentioned above, but is sometimes necessary.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

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The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name SAPP

Synonym(s) DISODIUM DIHYDROGEN PYROPHOSPHATE • DISODIUM PYROPHOSPHATE

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) ACIDIFIER • BUFFERING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

 Telephone
 +61 8 9410 8200

 Fax
 +61 8 9410 8299

 Website
 www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
DISODIUM PYROPHOSPHATE	7758-16-9	231-835-0	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



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4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled and tightly closed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient	Kelerence	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Nuisance dust	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.



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PRODUCT NAME SAPP

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceWHITE POWDEROdourSLIGHT ODOURFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANTBoiling pointNOT AVAILABLE

Melting point > 600°C

Evaporation rate pH 4 - 5 (10% Solution)
Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE
Specific gravity 1.35 - 1.41

Specific gravity 1.35 - 1.4 Solubility (water) 119 g/L

Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (phosphorus oxides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Low toxicity. Ingestion of large quantities may result in nausea, vomiting and gastrointestinal irritation.

Ingestion of large quantities may also result in serious disturbances in calcium metabolism.

LD50 (Ingestion): 2650 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intraperitoneal): 1 g/kg (mouse) LD50 (Intravenous): 59 mg/kg (mouse) LD50 (Subcutaneous): 480 mg/kg (mouse)

Skin Low to moderate irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in irritation and rash.Eye Low to moderate irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

MutagenicityThis product is not classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityThis product is not classified as a carcinogen.ReproductiveThis product is not classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Low irritant. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing.

STOT – repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user



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Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



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PRODUCT NAME SAPP

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name LIMESTONE LSC/L80

Synonym(s) CALCIUM CARBONATE • STONE DUST

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) BRIDGING AGENT • WEIGHTING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<1%
CALCIUM CARBONATE	471-34-1	207-439-9	>96%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.



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PRODUCT NAME LIMESTONE LSC/L80

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt, collect and reuse where possible. Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	n mg/m³ ppm ı		
Calcium carbonate (Limestone, Marble, Whiting)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



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PRODUCT NAME LIMESTONE LSC/L80

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Wear a Class P3 (Particulate) respirator. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate)

respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OFF-WHITE POWDER
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 825°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE PH NOT AVAILABLE Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.7

Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid), fluorine, aluminium (hot) and ammonium salts.



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PRODUCT NAME **LIMESTONE LSC/L80**

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated. LD50 (Ingestion): 6450 mg/kg (rat).

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation and rash.

Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness. Eve

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is insufficient Carcinogenicity

respirable silica in this product to be classified as a carcinogen.

Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive STOT - single Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure. exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Chronic exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). However, given the low

levels present, over exposure is not anticipated.

Not relevant. **Aspiration**

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability does not pertain to inorganic substances. Dissolved calcium carbonate dissociates into calcium and carbonate ions. Calcium ions will be assimilated by living organisms in the water and the carbonate will become part of the carbon cycle.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Due to its limited solubility, calcium carbonate precipitates and deposits on the sediment.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to approved Council

landfill. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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PRODUCT NAME LIMESTONE LSC/L80

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE CONTROL: If utilised in a closed system the potential for over exposure is reduced. If not used in a closed system, local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control exposure. Provide eye wash and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure. Where the potential for an inhalation risk exists, an approved respirator may be required. Do not eat, store, consume food, tobacco or drink in areas where product is used.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME LIMESTONE LSC/L80

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name OMYACARB

Synonym(s) AGRICULTURAL LIME • CALCIUM CARBONATE • CHALK • LIMESTONE • OMYACARB 10 • OMYACARB 2

OMYACARB 20 • OMYACARB 40

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) BRIDGING AGENT • DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • WEIGHTING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	<1%
LIMESTONE (CALCIUM CARBONATE)	1317-65-3	215-279-6	>96%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.



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PRODUCT NAME OMYACARB

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

If spilt, collect and reuse where possible. Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient	Kelerence	ppm	ppm mg/m³ ppm		
Calcium carbonate (Limestone, Marble, Whiting)	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015 Version No: 2.2

PRODUCT NAME OMYACARB

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceOFF-WHITE POWDEROdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANTBoiling pointNOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 825°C

Evaporation rateNOT RELEVANTpHNOT RELEVANTVapour densityNOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.7

INSOLUBLE Solubility (water) Vapour pressure **NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT RELEVANT

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (e.g. nitric acid), fluorine, aluminium (hot) and ammonium salts.

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10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information available for the product: Acute toxicity

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation and rash.

Eve Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is insufficient Carcinogenicity

respirable silica in this product to be classified as a carcinogen.

Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. Reproductive STOT - single Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Chronic exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). However, given the low

levels present, over exposure is not anticipated.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Dissolved calcium carbonate dissociates into calcium and carbonate ions. Calcium ions will be assimilated by living organisms in the water and the carbonate will become part of the carbon cycle.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Due to its limited solubility, calcium carbonate precipitates and deposits on the sediment.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to approved Council

landfill. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided



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PRODUCT NAME OMYACARB

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE CONTROL: If utilised in a closed system the potential for over exposure is reduced. If not used in a closed system, local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control exposure. Provide eye wash and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure. Where the potential for an inhalation risk exists, an approved respirator may be required. Do not eat, store, consume food, tobacco or drink in areas where product is used.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

PRODUCT NAME OMYACARB

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name CIRCAL

Synonym(s) CALCIUM CARBONATE • LIMESTONE • MARBLE • OMYACARB • RHEOCARB

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE • WEIGHTING AGENT

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD** Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	Identification	Classification		Content
		GHS	Risk	
QUARTZ (SILICA CRYSTALLINE)	CAS: 14808-60-7 EC: 238-878-4	Not Available	Not Available	<1%
CALCIUM CARBONATE	CAS: 471-34-1 EC: 207-439-9	Not Available	Not Available	>96%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.



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First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover/absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference		WA STEL		EL
Ingredient	Kererenee	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Calcium carbonate	SWA (AUS)		10		
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

Biological limits

No Biological Limit Value allocated.



8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OFF-WHITE POWDER

OdourODOURLESSFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANTBoiling pointNOT AVAILABLE

Melting point 825°C

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 2.7

Solubility (water)
Vapour pressure
Upper explosion limit
Lower explosion limit
Partition coefficient
Autoignition temperature
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE
NOT AVAILABLE

Decomposition temperature 840°C

Viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidising properties

Odour threshold

NOT AVAILABLE

NOT AVAILABLE

NOT AVAILABLE

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with acids (eg. nitric acid), fluorine, aluminium (hot) and ammonium salts. Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites).

ChemAlert.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

LD50 (Ingestion) = 6450 mg/kg (rat).

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, redness and rash.

Eve Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityInsufficient data available to classify as a carcinogen.ReproductiveInsufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.STOT – singleNot classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

exposure STOT – repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure. Chronic exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). However, given the low levels present, over exposure is not

anticipated.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Calcium carbonate occurs naturally in a wide variety of substances including limestone, marble and egg shells. It is not anticipated to cause adverse environmental effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Avoid contaminating waterways.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to approved Council

landfill. Contact the manufacturer if additional information is required.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

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14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE CONTROL: If utilized in a closed system the potential for over exposure is reduced. If not used in a closed system, local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control exposure. Provide eye wash and safety shower in close proximity to points of potential exposure. Where the potential for an inhalation risk exists, an approved respirator may be required. Do not eat, store, consume food, tobacco or drink in areas where product is used.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

> CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m³ Occupational Exposure Limit OEL **PEL** Permissible Exposure Limit

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly Hq

alkaline).

LD50

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Short-Term Exposure Limit **STEL**

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia Threshold Limit Value TLV TWA Time Weighted Average

Revision history

Revision	Description
2.0	Converted to GHS.
1.0	Initial SDS creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711

Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

Revision: 2

SDS date: 19 August 2014

[End of SDS]



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name JK-261

Synonym(s) HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT PHPA • JK 261 • PARTIALLY HYDROLYZED POLYACRYLAMIDE •

PHPA

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD
Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
COPOLYMER OF ACRYLAMIDE AND ACRYLIC ACID,	25987-30-8	607-842-3	>90%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.



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4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for reuse or disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled and tightly closed when not in use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction **Engineering controls**

ventilation is recommended.



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PRODUCT NAME JK-261

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE GRANULAR SOLID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR **Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point** NOT AVAILABLE **Melting point** NOT AVAILABLE **Evaporation rate** NOT AVAILABLE Hq NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Vapour density

Specific gravity 0.8
Solubility (water) 10 g/L

Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION



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11.1 Information on toxicological effects

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not **Acute toxicity**

anticipated. LD50 rat (oral): > 2,000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 401).

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation, rash and

dermatitis.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This product is not classified as a carcinogen. This product may contain trace amounts of residual

acrylamide, which is classified as a probable human carcinogen (IARC Group 2A). However, due to the very

low levels present, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin. Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure. STOT - single exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

This product is not expected to present an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration**

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

(10000 ppm test concentration) (EPA-821-R-02-012) Mysidopsis bahia = 48hr LC50 = 16.2 mg/L. Menidia beryllina = 48hr LC50 = 34.2 mg/L. Scophthalmus Maximus = 96hr LC50 > 1000 mg/L.

Skeletonemia costatum = 72hr EC50 = 393 mg/L [NOEC = 118 mg/L]

Acartia tonsa = 48 hr EC50 = 393 mg/L [NOEC = 112 mg/L] Corophium Volutator = 10 Day LC50 = 9338 mg/Kg [NOEC = 1000 mg/Kg

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Based on its structural properties, the polymer is not biologically available. Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

ChemAlert.

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PRODUCT NAME JK-261

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

ACRYLIC - ACRYLAMIDE RESINS: These resins are generally of low toxicity. Toxicity increases with presence of significant concentrations of acrylic - acrylamide monomers. These monomers have been linked with the development of skin sensitisation.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015

PRODUCT NAME JK-261

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]

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SDS Date: 17 Apr 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name QUICKSEAL (F,M,C)

Synonym(s) QUICKSEAL

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID ADDITIVE

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD** Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CELLULOSE	9004-34-6	232-674-9	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Inhalation

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Skin

For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

ChemAlert.

Page 1 of 6

SDS Date: 13 Feb 2015

PRODUCT NAME QUICKSEAL (F,M,C)

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. Dust may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Difficult to extinguish once burning.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Moisten with water to prevent a dust hazard and place in sealable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are labelled, protected from light, freezing or physical damage and tightly sealed when not in use. Keep out of reach of children.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TV	VA	STEL	
ingredient	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Cellulose (paper fibre) (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		

Biological limits No Biological Limit Value allocated.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.



SDS Date: 13 Feb 2015

PRODUCT NAME QUICKSEAL (F,M,C)

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance YELLOW TO BROWN SOLID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling point NOT RELEVANT
Melting point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH 7 to 8

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE

Specific gravity 0.9 - 1.2Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE** Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE **Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with calcium oxides, bleaching powder, perchlorates, perchloric acid, sodium chlorate, fluorine, nitric acid, sodium nitrate and sodium nitrite.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.



SDS Date: 13 Feb 2015

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50 (oral) > 5000 mg/kg (rats). Acute Dermal Toxicity: LD50 (dermal) > 2000 mg/kg (rats). Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50 (Inhalation) = 5800 mg/m3/4hrs (rat).

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mechanical irritation, redness and rash.

Not classified as an eye irritant. However, this product may cause mechanical eye irritation with redness and Eye

lacrimation.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

Mutagenicity No evidence of mutagenic effects. Carcinogenicity No evidence of carcinogenic effects. Reproductive No evidence of reproductive effects.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT - repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Low toxicity to aquatic organisms.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This product is readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Reuse where possible. No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user



Page 4 of 6 13 Feb 2015 SDS Date:

PRODUCT NAME QUICKSEAL (F,M,C)

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average



SDS Date: 13 Feb 2015

PRODUCT NAME QUICKSEAL (F,M,C)

Revision history

Revision	Description
2.3	Standard SDS Review.
2.2	Standard SDS Review.
2.1	Provided Ingredient CAS No.
2.0	Converted to GHS.
1.0	Initial SDS creation

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

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Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794

Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

Revision: 2.3

SDS date: 13 February 2015

[End of SDS]



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SDS Date: 13 Feb 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name RHEOLUBE RHEO LUBE Synonym(s)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) **LUBRICANT • MINING INDUSTRY • TORQUE REDUCER**

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name **NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD Address** 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder
VEGETABLE OIL(S)	-	-	10 to 60%
ANIONIC SURFACTANT(S)	-	-	<10%
NONIONIC SURFACTANT(S)	-	-	<10%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eve If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If



swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. However, the residue may burn once the water component has evaporated. May evolve toxic carbon oxides if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

No fire or explosion hazard exists.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Suitable storage containers: polyethylene, PVC, stainless steel or polyethylene lined mild steel.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	Peference		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Vegetable oil mists	SWA (AUS)		10		



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015 Version No: 2.2

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Not required under normal conditions of use.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OPAQUE WHITE LIQUID

OdourSLIGHT ODOURFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANT

Boiling point > 100°C

Melting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rateNOT AVAILABLE

pH 8 to 10

Vapour densityNOT AVAILABLESpecific gravity1 (Approximately)

Solubility (water) SOLUBLE

NOT AVAILABLE Vapour pressure **Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE** Decomposition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE Odour threshold NOT AVAILABLE**

9.2 Other information

% Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
VEGETABLE OIL(S)	840 mg/m³		

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.

MutagenicityNo evidence of mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenic effects.ReproductiveNo evidence of reproductive effects.STOT – single
exposureNo known effects from this product.

STOT – repeated

exposure .

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration This product does not present an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The surfactants contained in this product are biodegradable according to Australian Standard AS 1792-1976.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the

manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Ensure that appropriate personal protective

equipment is used during disposal.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015 Version No: 2.2

Page 4 of 6

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

PRODUCT NAME RHEOLUBE

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

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Prepared by

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[End of SDS]

Page 6 of 6



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name FLEXFIRM KA

Synonym(s) POTASSIUM SILICATE POWDER

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING AID

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H302
H315
H319
H335
H335
H34
H35
H36
H37
H37
H38
H39
H39
H39
H39
H39
H39
H39
H39
H39
H30
H30<

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prevention statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

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SDS Date: 23 Oct 2015

PRODUCT NAME FLEXFIRM KA

Response statement(s)

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsina.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P332 + P337 + P313 If skin or eye irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
QUARTZ (CRYSTALLINE SILICA)	14808-60-7	238-878-4	0.1 to 1%
POTASSIUM SILICATE	1312-76-1	215-199-1	99%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to the eyes and skin.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases if strongly heated.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

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5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

ChemAlert.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Ventilate area where possible.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference		VA STEL		EL
migredient	Reference	ppm mg/m³		ppm	mg/m³
Quartz (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		0.1		

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Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear dust-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance WHITE POWDER
Odour ODOURLESS
Flammability NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point NOT RELEVANT



SDS Date: 23 Oct 2015

PRODUCT NAME FLEXFIRM KA

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE

Melting point NOT AVAILABLE

Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH 11.3 (50 % solution) (Approximately)

Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE** Specific gravity NOT AVAILABLE Solubility (water) **SOLUBLE** NOT AVAILABLE Vapour pressure NOT RELEVANT Upper explosion limit Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Oxidising properties** NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites) and acids (e.g. nitric acid).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

Harmful if swallowed.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
POTASSIUM SILICATE	1600 mg/kg (rat)		

Skin Irritating to the skin. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible skin burns.

Eye Irritating to the eyes. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, conjunctivitis and possible

burns.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

Mutagenicity Insufficient data available to classify as a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity Crystalline silica is classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). However, there is a body of

evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from

silicosis.

Reproductive Insufficient data available to classify as a reproductive toxin.

STOT - single Irritating to the respiratory system. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with

exposure coughing. High level exposure may result in breathing difficulties.

STOT – repeated Repeated exposure to respirable silica may result in pulmonary fibrosis (silicosis). Silicosis is a fibronodular

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PRODUCT NAME FLEXFIRM KA

lung disease caused deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. Principal exposure

symptoms of silicosis are coughing and breathlessness.

Not classified as causing aspiration. Aspiration

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

The high pH when undiluted or unneutralized is acutely harmful to aquatic life. The following data is reported for chemically similar Sodium Silicates on a 100% solids basis: A 96 hour median tolerance for fish (Gambusia affnis) of 2320 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for water fleas (Daphnia magna) of 247 ppm; a 96 hour median tolerance for snail eggs (Lymnea) of 632 ppm; and a 96 hour median tolerance for Amphipoda of 160 ppm.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

This material is not persistent in aquatic systems.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Neither silica nor potassium will appreciably bio-concentrate up the food chain.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Expected to be mobile in soil. Diluted material rapidly depolymerizes to yield dissolved silica in a form that is indistinguishable from natural dissolved silica.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Collect without generating dust. Place in clean, sealed containers and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Waste disposal

Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Classifications

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes Xi Irritant

> Xn Harmful



PRODUCT NAME FLEXFIRM KA

Risk phrases R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

Safety phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.



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PRODUCT NAME FLEXFIRM KA

Prepared by

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[End of SDS]

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name GAGETROL

Synonym(s)

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING AID

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
CARBOXYMETHYL STARCH	9057-06-1	-	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation Due to product form / nature of use, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). Due to

product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

First aid facilities No information provided.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

ChemAlert.

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4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. Dust may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Use engineering controls to eliminate potential dust exposure.



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PRODUCT NAME GAGETROL

PPE

Eye / Face When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear dust-proof goggles.

Hands When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body Not required under normal conditions of use.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance OFF-WHITE POWDER
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point NOT AVAILABLE
Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE
Melting point NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE

pH 9.0 to 10.5 (4 % solution)

Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE Specific gravity NOT AVAILABLE Solubility (water) **SOLUBLE** Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE Lower explosion limit Partition coefficient **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Autoignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties

NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Odour threshold

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites).

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may result in mild irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause mild irritation and lacrimation.

Sensitization This product is not known to be a skin or respiratory sensitiser.



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PRODUCT NAME GAGETROL

MutagenicityNo evidence of mutagenic effects.CarcinogenicityNo evidence of carcinogenic effects.ReproductiveNo evidence of reproductive effects.STOT – single
exposureNo known effects from this product.

STOT – repeated

exposure

No known effects from this product.

Aspiration Not relevant.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

This product is not anticipated to cause adverse effects to animal or plant life if released to the environment in small quantities.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal No special precautions are required for the disposal of this product.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].



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PRODUCT NAME **GAGETROL**

Hazard codes None allocated. None allocated. Risk phrases None allocated. Safety phrases

AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Inventory listing(s)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide International Agency for Research on Cancer **IARC**

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m³ OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pΗ

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

Short-Term Exposure Limit STEL

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia Threshold Limit Value TLV TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

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It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

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Web: www.rmt.com.au.



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SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015



SAFETY DATA SHEET

EC 1272/2008 Regulation

AVAGREEN LUBE

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY				
1.1. Substance Identif	ication			
Product Name:	AVAGREEN	AVAGREEN LUBE		
1.2. Substance Use				
Application:	Ecological lubri	cant for drilling fluids		
1.3. Company Identific	cation			
Name:	Newpark Drilling Fluids S.p.A.			
Address:	Via Salaria 1313/C			
City/Country:	00138 ROMA (taly)		
Phone numbers:	+39 06 885611	386 / +39 06 885611324 / +39 06 8856	5111	
Fax:	+39 06 888936	3		
1.4. Emergency Phone	1.4. Emergency Phone Numbers			
+39 06 885611	611386 +39 06 885611324 +39 06 8856111			
1.5. Responsible Person E-Mail Address				
e-mail:	laboratorio.roma@newpark.com			

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFIC	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION				
2.1. Substance/Mixtu	ıre Classifica	tion			
Indication of hazards sp	ecific for hu	man health and environment:			
THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTU	IRE IS NOT C	LASSIFIED AS DANGEROUS IN ACCORDANCE TO FOLLOWING REGULATIONS			
Classification according	to EC Regul	ation n. 1272/2008 - (CLP)			
	-	NOT CLASSIFIED AS DANGEROUS IN ACCORDANCE TO FOLLOWING REGULATIONS			
2.2. Label Elements					
Label according to EC Re	egulation n.	1272/2008 (CLP)			
Hazards Identification:		NOT CLASSIFIED AS DANGEROUS IN ACCORDANCE TO FOLLOWING REGULATIONS			
Precautionary					
Statements:					
Disposal					
2.3. Other Hazards					

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3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS			
3.1. Chemical Prop	perties of Substance or Mixture		
Composition:	Substance		
Contains:	As per following table		
Molecular Formula:			
EC Number:			
CAS Number:			
UN Number:			
REACH Number:			
3.2. Information o	3.2. Information on ingredients		

Name	CAS No.	EC No.	Quantity	Classification	Symbols	Hazard Statements
Methyl esters of fatty acids	68990-52-3	273-606-8	100%			

4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
4.1. Description of First Aid	Measures	
General information:	In case of diseases, get medical attention. Show to the doctor this Material Safety Data Sheet	
After inhalation:	At room temperature or normal handling the risk of inhalation of vapors is negligible	
After skin contact:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with plenty of water; use, if available, mild soap. Seek immediate medical attention if irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists	
After eye contact:	It may cause irritation. Immediately remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15-20 minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation, blurred vision or swelling persist, consult a medical specialist	
After swallowing:	In case of disease contact a physician	
Other information:	N.a.	
4.2. Main symptoms and eff	ects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms:	N.a.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Medical surveillance:	Medical surveillance during job not required. In case of disease or accident, consult immediately a doctor and show him this MSDS	
Special intervention means:	N.a.	

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5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES	
5.1. Extinguishing Media	
Precautions in case of fire:	In case of fire respect following instructions:
Suitable extinguishing media:	In case of fire use: foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	Avoid the use of water jets on the burning product; could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface as water destroys the foam. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel in fire fighting
Hazards arising from combustion:	In case of incomplete combustion can form smoke and carbon monoxide. Acrolein thermal decomposition
Special firefighting equipment:	In case of fire wear a full face positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit
Others:	N.a.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU	RES		
6.1. Personal Precautions			
Protective equipment:	Wear personal protective equipment (PPE)		
Emergency procedures:	Remove personnel not involved from the spill. Warn emergency crews. Avoid skin contact and contact with eyes by wearing appropriate personal protective equipment. Respiratory protection: respiratory protection will be necessary only in special cases, such as: oil mist		
6.2. Environmental Precautions			
Containment media:	Confine the spill immediately with floating barriers		
Containment methods:	Small spills: can be dried with paper towels. The normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. For large spills: Recover by skimming or pumping using explosion-proof equipment, or contain spilled liquid with sand, or other non-combustible absorbent such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place into containers. In the case in which the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if there is a risk of oxygen deficiency, use only SCBA		
Additional information:	N.a.		

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE			
7.1. Precautions for Handling			
Handling precautions:	Wear proper personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothes. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Wash hands after handling. If handling at elevated temperatures or with high speed mechanical equipment, vapors or mists can form and require a well ventilated workplace. Keep the product in cool, well ventilated area away from heat sources and exposure direct sunlight. Electrical equipment and fittings must comply with local regulations regarding fire prevention materials of this type		
7.2. Precautions for Storage			
Storage conditions:	MATERIALS AND COVERINGS SUITABLE: Carbon steel, stainless steel, Teflon. The compatibility with plastic materials may vary; It is advisable to check before use		
Storage area specifications:	TEMPERATURE loading / unloading: environment STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store in closed containers at temperatures between 10°C and 40°C		
Containers specifications:	EMPTY CONTAINER WARNING: Do not pressurize, cut etc. or expose container to heat, flame or sparks; containers may explode causing injury or death. Not groped to clean since residue is difficult to remove. Empty drums should be drained, capped and sent to reconditioning according to current regulations		
Incompatibility:	N.a.		
7.3. Particular Uses:			
Particular uses:	N.a.		

8. EXPOSURE	CONTROLS / PERSO	ONAL PROTECTION	
8.1. Exposure	Limits		
TLV _{Celing} :	TLV _{Celing} :		
TLV _{TWA} :			
TLV _{STEL} :			
Biological limit:	Biological limit:		
8.2. Profession	onal Exposure Cont	rols	
Plant protections: General ventilation recommended		General ventilation recommended	
Collective protections: Provide adequate ventilation		Provide adequate ventilation	
Individual	Respiratory:	When concentrations in air may exceed the exposure limit, and where engineering, work procedures and other means to limit exposure are not adequate, they are necessary means of respiratory protection: masks against vapor and dust/mist	
protections:	Eyes:	Where only incidental contact is likely, wear safety glasses with side shields	
	Hand:	In cases of prolonged contact, use gloves resistant to oils and solvents. No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use	
	Body:	Protective standard clothing	
8.3. Environmental Exposure Controls			
Exposure Scenarios: N.a.			

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES		
9.1. General Information		
Form:	Liquid	
Appearance:	Liquid	
Color:	Yellow	
Odor:	Sweet vegetables	
Olfactory threshold:	N.a.	
9.2. Information about Health, Sa	fety and Environment	
рН:	Not applicable	
Melting point:	N.a.	
Pour point:	ASTM D 97 : < - 13°C	
Boiling temperature:	> 300°C	
Flash point:	180°C	
Flammability (solid, gas):	N.a.	
Auto ignition temperature:	260°C	
Decomposition temperature:	N.a.	
Danger of explosion:	N.a.	
Upper flammability limit:	N.a.	
Lower flammability limit:	N.a.	
Vapor pressure:	< 0.01 Pa a 20°C	
Density at 20°C:	0.91 – 0.92	
Apparent density (20°C):	N.a.	
Relative density:	N.a.	
Vapor density:	N.a.	
Evaporation rate:	N.a.	
Solubility in water (20°C):	< 1%	
Distribution coefficient (n-Octanol):	20 - 25 (approx)	
Viscosity:	30 (approx)	
9.3. Other information		
Other information:	N.a.	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY		
10.1. Reactivity		
Stability:	Keep away from heat sources, open flames, direct sunlight and other sources of ignition	
10.2. Chemical Stability		
Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with acids and bases and strong oxidizing agents. This main the evolution of harmful and flammable gases or vapors		
Possibility of dangerous reactions:	Hazardous polymerization will not occur	
10.3. Hazardous Decomposition Products		
Other information:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, you should not generate dangerous decomposition products. The high temperature, above 150°C, may result in the development of acrolein	

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORM	MATION
11.1. Acute Toxicity	
Substance Toxicity	
Oral toxicity:	N.a.
Inhalation toxicity:	N.a.
Dermal toxicity:	N.a.
11.2. Corrosively	
Skin:	N.a.
Eyes:	N.a.
11.3. Primary Irritability	
Skin:	After long-term exposure can be a risk of irritation
Eyes:	It is possible an irritation of the mucous membranes
11.4. Harmfulness	
Ingestion:	Rinse your mouth and drink plenty of water. Seek medical advice immediately
Inhalation:	No data available
11.5. Sensitization	
Skin:	Not skin sensitizer. Were not observed skin allergies
Eyes:	N.a.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMAT	ION
12.1. Toxicity	
	LC50 (Fish) 48 h: > 10000 μg / L
Toxicity in the water:	LC50 (Mollusc) 48 h: > 10000 μg /L
	LC50 (Amphibious) 48 h: > 7600 μg/L
Toxicity in the air:	N.a.
Toxicity in the soil:	N.a.
12.2. Persistence and Degra	ndability
Other information:	70% 28 days (method OECD 301 B)
12.3. Bio cumulative Potent	tial
Other information:	Low potential for bío-accumulation in aquatic organisms or terrestrial even after repeated exposure
12.4. Mobility in Soil	
Other information:	It is not volatile and are not expected to persist in the environment
12.5. Results of PBT e vPvB	Assessment
PBT:	This product is not, or does not contain a substance classified as PBT or vPvB
vPvB:	This product is not, or does not contain a substance classified as PBT or vPvB
12.6. Other Adverse Effects	
Other information:	Spills can cause the formation of film on water surfaces causing physical damage
Other information.	to organisms, limiting the exchange of oxygen

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
13.1. Product Disposal Methods			
Advices	Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations		
Waste code:	N.a.		
13.2. Methods of Disposal of packaging			
Advices:	Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations		
Other information:	N.a.		

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
14.1. Land/Rail Transport (ADR/RID)			
UN Number:	er: No dangerous good under transport regulations		
UN shipping norms:	N.a.		
Hazard class:	N.a.		
Packaging group:	N.a.		
Dangers for the environment:	N.a.		
14.2. Maritime Transport (IMDG)			
IMDG Class:	No dangerous good under transport regulations		
Marine pollutant:	N.a.		
14.3. Air Transport (ICAO-TI and IATA-DGR)			
ICAO Class:	No dangerous good under transport regulations		
IATA Class:	N.a.		
14.4. Bulk Transport			
Annex II of MARPOL73/78:	No dangerous good under transport regulations		
IBC Code:	N.a.		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION
15.1. Health, Safety and Environment Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture
D.Lgs. 3/2/1997 n. 52 (Classification, packaging and labeling of hazardous substances)
D.Lgs. 14/3/2003 n. 65 (Classification, packaging and labeling of hazardous mixtures)
D.Lgs. 2/2/2002 n. 25 (Risks due to chemical agents during the work)
D.M. Lavoro 26/02/2004 (Professional exposure limits)
D.M. 03/04/2007 (Implementation of the Directive n. 2006/8/CE)
CE Regulation n. 1907/2006 (REACH)
CE Regulation n.1272/2008 (CLP)
CE Regulation n.790/2009 (Adequacy to technical progress to CLP Regulation)
CE Regulation n. 453/2010 (Modification of REACH Regulation)
CE Regulation n.790/2009 (adaptation to technical and scientific progress of CLP Regulation)
CE Regulation nº 453/2010 (Modification of REACH Regulation)

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1. Main Bibliographic Sources

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

Istituto Superiore di Sanità - Inventario Nazionale Sostanze Chimiche

ACGIH - Threshold Limit Values - 2009 edition

16.2. Declarations

This sheet completes the technical bulletin without to substitute it. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication.

The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

This material safety datasheet only contains information relating to health and safety. The product has to be used in applications consistent with Newpark Drilling Fluids S.p.A. technology. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the safety precautions and should have access to this information.

This safety data sheet has been completely updated in compliance to Regulation 453/2010/EU.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

16.3. Abbreviations and Acronyms:

ADR: Accord européen sur le transport des marchandises dangereuses par Route (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement international concernant le transport des marchandises dangereuses par chemin de fer (Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

ACGIH: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

EC50: median effective concentration **LC50:** median lethal concentration

LD50: median lethal dose

NOEC: no observable effect concentration **PNEC:** predicted no-effect concentration

PBT: persistent, bio accumulative, toxic chemicals **vPvB:** very persistent, very bio accumulative chemicals

TLV-TWA: Threshold limit value – Time weighted average; professional exposure limit average on 8 hours **TLV-STEL:** Threshold limit value – Short Term exposure limit; professional exposure limit at short term

TLV-C: Threshold limit value - Ceiling

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NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DeepDrill® Inhibitor

NDF00008 Revision Date 28-May-2015 Version 2

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name DeepDrill® Inhibitor

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use shale inhibitor.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Newpark Drilling Fluids LLC 21920 Merchants Way Katy, Texas 77449 Tel: +1 (800)-444-0682 http://www.newpark.com/

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec - US +1 (800) 424-9300

Chemtrec - International +1 (703) 527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This product is not considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements

Emergency Overview

The product contains no substances which at their given concentration, are considered to be hazardous to health

Appearance viscous Physical state liquid Odor No information available

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

Not applicable.

Unknown acute toxicity 59.07% of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

NDF00008

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Glycerol	56-81-5	7 - 13*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If

symptoms persist, call a physician. Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eyes wide open while rinsing.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Immediate medical attention is

not required. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapors.

Immediate medical attention is not required. Rinse mouth. Drink plenty of water. Do NOT

induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and afterwards drink plenty of water. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aiderUse personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Caution: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in

confined areas.

For emergency responders In the case of vapor formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Do not flush into

surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike to collect large liquid spills.

Methods for cleaning up

Use personal protective equipment as required. Use a non-combustible material like

vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use

clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep container tightly closed. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep containers tightly

closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labeled containers.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Glycerol	-	TWA: 15 mg/m³ mist, total	-
56-81-5		particulate	
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ mist, respirable	
		fraction	
		(vacated) TWA: 10 mg/m³ mist,	
		total particulate	
		(vacated) TWA: 5 mg/m³ mist,	
		respirable fraction	

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protection Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

Remarks • Method

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Regular

cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateliquidAppearanceviscousOdorNo information availableColorbrownOdor thresholdNo information available

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u>

pH 11.0

Melting point/freezing pointNo information availableBoiling point / boiling rangeNo information availableFlash point> 149 °C / > 300 °FEvaporation rateNo information availableFlammability (solid, gas)No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available

Specific Gravity 1.18-1.22

Water solubility No information available Solubility in other solvents No information available **Partition coefficient** No information available **Autoignition temperature** No information available **Decomposition temperature** No information available Kinematic viscosity No information available **Dynamic viscosity** No information available **Explosive properties** No information available Oxidizing properties No information available

Other Information

Softening point
Molecular weight
VOC Content (%)
Density
No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No data available

Inhalation No data available.

Eye contact No data available.

Skin contact No data available.

Ingestion No data available.

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Glycerol	= 12600 mg/kg (Rat)	> 10 g/kg (Rabbit)	> 570 mg/m³ (Rat) 1 h
56-81-5			- ' '

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Chronic toxicity

No information available.

Avoid repeated exposure.

Target Organ Effects Eyes, kidney, Respiratory system, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (dermal) 40,971.00 mg/kg

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

59.07% of the mixture consists of components(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Glycerol	-	51 - 57: 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss	500: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L
56-81-5		mL/L LC50 static	EC50

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Glycerol	-1.76
56-81-5	

Other adverse effects No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastesDisposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packagingDo not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated.

TDG Not regulated

MEX Not regulated

ICAO (air) Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

RID Not regulated

ADR Not regulated

ADN Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies DSL/NDSL Complies Does not comply **EINECS/ELINCS** Does not comply **ENCS** Complies **IECSC** Complies **KECL PICCS** Does not comply **AICS** Complies **NZIoC** Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Part 372

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	No
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Glycerol	X	X	X
56-81-5			

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

<u>Canada</u>

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA_	Health hazards	1	A HMIS	Health hazards	1
	Flammability	1		Flammability	1
	Instability	0		Physical hazards	0
	Physical and Chemical	-		Personal protection	Χ
	Properties			-	

Revision Date 28-May-2015

Disclaimer

This document is provided as an information resource relating exclusively to the product or material described herein. The information contained herein may not be applicable to other products/ materials or processes and may not be valid when this product/material is used in combination with any other product/material or process. The information provided in this document is compiled by Newpark Drilling Fluids LLC or its representatives from various sources including manufacturers, suppliers and other third-party sources, and is based on the information available as of the indicated date of preparation. As the conditions under which this product could be used will vary and may not be within the control of Newpark Drilling Fluids LLC there is no guarantee that the precautions outlined above will be sufficient for all individuals or situations. The buyer assumes all responsibility for using and handling the product in accordance with federal, state, provincial, or local regulations. For the product/ material described in this document, NO WARRANTY IS MADE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OTHERWISE.

End of Safety Data Sheet



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name NEW 100N Synonym(s) NEW100N

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) DRILLING FLUID

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS (AUSTRALIA) LTD

Address 11 Alacrity Place, Henderson, WA, 6166, AUSTRALIA

Telephone +61 8 9410 8200 Fax +61 8 9410 8299 Website www.newpark.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 1800 127 406 (Australia); +64 3 3530199 (International)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

2.2 Label elements

No signal word, pictograms, hazard or precautionary statements have been allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
POLYGLYCEROL	25618-55-7	-	30 to 60%
WATER	7732-18-5	231-791-2	Remainder
GLYCEROL (GLYCERINE)	56-81-5	200-289-5	10 to 30%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).

First aid facilities No information provided.



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PRODUCT NAME NEW 100N

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Adverse effects not expected from this product under normal conditions of use.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Treat as per requirements for surrounding fires. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
mgredient	ppm		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Glycerin mist (a)	SWA (AUS)		10		



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

PRODUCT NAME NEW 100N

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas.

PPE

Eye / Face Wear splash-proof goggles. **Hands** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.

Body When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls.

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance VISCOUS DARK BROWN LIQUID

OdourSLIGHT ODOURFlammabilityNON FLAMMABLEFlash pointNOT RELEVANT

Boiling point 176°C

Melting pointNOT AVAILABLEEvaporation rateNOT AVAILABLE

pH 7 to 8.5

Vapour densityNOT AVAILABLESpecific gravity1.16 to 1.25Solubility (water)SOLUBLE

Vapour pressure < 4 mm Hg @ 20°C **Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties** NOT AVAILABLE Oxidising properties NOT AVAILABLE **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), heat and ignition sources.

Page 3 of 6

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.



SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information available for the product:

This product is expected to be of low toxicity. Under normal conditions of use, adverse health effects are not

anticipated.

Information available for the ingredient(s):

Ingredient	Oral Toxicity	Dermal Toxicity	Inhalation Toxicity
	(LD50)	(LD50)	(LC50)
GLYCEROL (GLYCERINE)	4090 mg/kg (mouse)		

Additional ingredient toxicity value(s):

GLYCEROL (GLYCERINE) (56-81-5)

LD50 (intraperitoneal)4420 mg/kg (rat)LD50 (intravenous)4250 mg/kg (mouse)LD50 (subcutaneous)91 mg/kg (mouse)TDLo (oral)1428 mg/kg (human)

Skin Not classified as a skin irritant. Contact may cause temporary mild skin irritation.

Eye Not classified as an eye irritant. Contact may cause discomfort, lacrimation and redness.

Sensitization Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

MutagenicityNot classified as a mutagen.CarcinogenicityNot classified as a carcinogen.ReproductiveNot classified as a reproductive toxin.

STOT – single exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from single exposure.

STOT – repeated

exposure

Not classified as causing organ effects from repeated exposure.

Aspiration Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Dispose of to an approved landfill or waste processing site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA



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PRODUCT NAME NEW 100N

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes None allocated.

Risk phrases None allocated.

Safety phrases None allocated.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.



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PRODUCT NAME NEW 100N

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

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SDS Date: 02 Jun 2015

NEWPARK DRILLING FLUIDS

SAFETY DATA SHEET

EvoLube® TR

NDF00132 Revision Date 22-Oct-2015 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name EvoLube® TR

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Lubricant

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Newpark Drilling Fluids LLC 21920 Merchants Way Katy, Texas 77449 Tel: +1 (800)-444-0682 http://www.newpark.com/

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtrec - US +1 (800) 424-9300

Chemtrec - International +1 (703) 527-3887

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4 - (H302)
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4 - (H332)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1 - (H318)
Carcinogenicity	Category 2 - (H351)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 2 - (H373)

Label elements

Emergency Overview

Danger

Hazard statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Appearance No information available

Physical state liquid

Odor No information available

Precautionary statements

- P264 Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention
- P405 Store locked up
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
- P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial incineration plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Other Information

May be harmful in contact with skin. Causes mild skin irritation.

Unknown acute toxicity

84 % of the mixture consists of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether	143-22-6	7 - 13*
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	3 - 7*
Diethanolamine	111-42-2	1 - 5*

^{*}The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

NDF00132 EvoLube® TR Revision Date 22-Oct-2015

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyes wide open while rinsing. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

Skin contact Wash skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If symptoms persist, call a

physician.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

Self-protection of the first aiderUse personal protective equipment as required.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No information available.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep people away from and

upwind of spill/leak.

For emergency responders In the case of vapor formation use a respirator with an approved filter.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike to collect large liquid spills.

Methods for cleaning up

Use personal protective equipment as required. Use a non-combustible material like

vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use

clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m³ (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m³ (vacated) S* S*	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m³
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	TWA: 1 mg/m³ inhalable fraction and vapor S*	(vacated) TWA: 3 ppm (vacated) TWA: 15 mg/m³	TWA: 3 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m³

NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962

(11th Cir., 1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Showers

Eyewash stations Ventilation systems.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and body protection Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.

respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be

provided in accordance with current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

AppearanceNo information availableOdorNo information availableColorOdor thresholdNo information available

5% solution

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

8.9

Melting point / freezing point

Boiling point / boiling range

Flash point

Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

No information available
No information available
No information available
No information available

Flammability Limit in Air

Ha

Upper flammability limit:
Lower flammability limit:
Vapor pressure
Vapor density

No information available
No information available
No information available

Specific Gravity 0.94

Water solubility No information available Solubility in other solvents No information available Partition coefficient No information available **Autoignition temperature** No information available **Decomposition temperature** No information available Kinematic viscosity No information available Dynamic viscosity No information available **Explosive properties** No information available Oxidizing properties No information available

Other Information

Softening pointNo information availableMolecular weightNo information availableVOC Content (%)No information availableDensityNo information availableBulk densityNo information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

No data available

Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

None known based on information supplied.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information No data available

Inhalation No data available.

No data available. Eve contact

Skin contact No data available.

No data available. Ingestion

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether 143-22-6	= 5300 mg/kg (Rat)	= 3480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	= 470 mg/kg(Rat)	= 99 mg/kg(Rabbit)	= 450 ppm (Rat) 4 h
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	= 620 μ L/kg (Rat) = 0.62 mL/kg (Rat)	= 7640 μL/kg (Rabbit)	-

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization No information available. Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	A3	Group 3	-	-
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	A3	Group 2B	-	X

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans Not classifiable as a human carcinogen

OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

Reproductive toxicity No information available. STOT - single exposure No information available. STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Chronic toxicity May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and blood-forming system. May cause

adverse liver effects.

blood, Central nervous system, Eyes, Hematopoietic System, kidney, liver, Respiratory **Target Organ Effects**

system, Skin.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Numerical measures of toxicity - Product Information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (oral) 500.00 mg/kg ATEmix (dermal)

2,022.00 mg/kg mg/l

ATEmix (inhalation-dust/mist) 1.50 mg/l ATEmix (inhalation-vapor) 450.00 mg/l

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

84 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

Chemical Name Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
------------------------------------	------	-----------

Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether 143-22-6	500: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50	2200 - 4600: 96 h Leuciscus idus mg/L LC50 static 2400: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 2400: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50	500: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	-	2950: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 1490: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	1000: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50 1698 - 1940: 24 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	7.8: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50 2.1 - 2.3: 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	4460 - 4980: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 flow-through 1200 - 1580: 96 h Pimephales promelas mg/L LC50 static 600 - 1000: 96 h Lepomis macrochirus mg/L LC50 static	55: 48 h Daphnia magna mg/L EC50

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

No information available.

Mobility

No information available.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether 143-22-6	0.51
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	0.81
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	-2.18

Other adverse effects

No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and

regulations.

Contaminated packaging Do not reuse container. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Not regulated.

TDG Not regulated

MEX Not regulated

ICAO (air) Not regulated

IATA Not regulated

IMDG Not regulated

RID Not regulated

ADR Not regulated

ADN Not regulated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies **DSL/NDSL** Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Complies Does not comply **ENCS** Complies **IECSC** Complies **KECL PICCS** Complies **AICS** Complies **NZIoC** Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical Name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether - 143-22-6	1.0
2-Butoxyethanol - 111-76-2	1.0
Diethanolamine - 111-42-2	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire hazard	No
Sudden release of pressure hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Diethanolamine	100 lb	-	RQ 100 lb final RQ
111-42-2			RQ 45.4 kg final RQ

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals

Chemical Name	California Proposition 65
Diethanolamine - 111-42-2	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Vegetable oil	-	-	Х
Triethylene glycol, monobutyl ether 143-22-6	Х	-	X
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	X	X	Х
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	Х	X	Х

U.S. EPA Label Information

EPA Pesticide Registration Number Not applicable

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR **WHMIS Hazard Class**



D2A - Very toxic materials

16. OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OF THE LAST REVISION

NFPA **Health hazards** 2 **Flammability** 1 Instability 0 **Physical and Chemical**

Properties

HMIS

Health hazards 2 **Flammability** 1 Physical hazards 0

Personal protection Χ

22-Oct-2015 **Revision Date**

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: CEMENT - CLASS G

Revision Date: 29-Apr-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: CEMENT - CLASS G

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Cement
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code: None Allocated Poisons Schedule: None Allocated

Application: Cement

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Portland cement	65997-15-1	60 - 100%	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	<3	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview CAUTION! - ACUTE HEALTH HAZARD

May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation.

DANGER! - CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney

disease.

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product, which has been provided to your employer.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

> R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact. R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

HSNO Classification 6.1E (Inhalation) Acutely Toxic Substances 8.2C Corrosive to dermal tissue if

> exposed for greater than 1 hour 8.3A Corrosive to ocular tissue 6.5B Contact sensitisers 6.7A Known or presumed human carcinogens 6.9A Toxic to human

target organs or systems

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water **Eyes**

for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required. Ingestion

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media None - does not burn.

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards

Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Environmental Precautionary Measures

None known.

Weasules

Procedure for Cleaning / Absorption

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate

methods for collection, storage and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. This product contains quartz, cristobalite,

and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is

slippery when wet.

Storage Information Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep container closed when not in use. Store

locked up. Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Product has

a shelf life of 24 months.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering ControlsUse approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain

exposures below applicable exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), or equivalent

respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be

laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when

removing or laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid
Color: Gray
Odor: Odorless
pH: 12.4
Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 3.14

Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined **Flash Point Method:** Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined

> CEMENT - CLASS G Page 3 of 7

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg):

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Percent Volatiles:

Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Not Determined Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined **Decomposition Temperature (C):** Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from any contact with water.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Hydrofluoric acid.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or

cristobalite (1470 C).

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection

below).

Skin Contact Can dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause alkali burns with

confined contact.

Eye Contact May cause severe eye irritation.

Ingestion None known

Aggravated Medical Conditions Individuals with respiratory disease, including but not limited to asthma and

bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should not be exposed to quartz dust.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Other Information

For further information consult "Adverse Effects of Crystalline Silica Exposure" published by the American Thoracic Society Medical Section of the American Lung Association, American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, Volume 155, pages 761-768 (1997).

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June

1997).

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not applicable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined

CEMENT - CLASS G Page 5 of 7 Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be

disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into

commercial waste collection.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA
Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Xi - Irritant.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact. R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

Safety Phrases

S2 Keep out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S37 Wear suitable gloves.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: ECONOLITE LIQUID

Revision Date: 17-Jan-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substance or Preparation

Product Trade Name: ECONOLITE LIQUID

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Silicate
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None
Hazchem Code: None
Poisons Schedule: S5

Application: Light Weight Cement Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance	CAS Number	Percent	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Sodium silicate	1344-09-8	35-49	Not determined	Not determined	Not applicable

Non-hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye and skin burns. May cause respiratory irritation. May be harmful if

swallowed.

Risk Phrases R34 Causes burns.

HSNO Classification Not Determined

FIRST AID MEASURES

If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation Inhalation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 Skin

minutes. Get medical attention. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before

reuse.

In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water Eyes

for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None known

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Special Exposure Hazards

Fire-Fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use Appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways or low areas.

Procedure for

Cleaning/Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials. Neutralise to pH of 6-8. Scoop up and remove. Do NOT spread spilled product with

water.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash hands after

use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid breathing mist.

Storage Information Store away from acids. Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep container closed

when not in use.

ECONOLITE LIQUID Page 2 of 6

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering ControlsUse in a well ventilated area. Local exhaust ventilation should be used in areas

without good cross ventilation.

Respiratory Protection Dust/mist respirator. (N95,P2/P3)

Hand Protection Impervious rubber gloves.

Skin Protection Full protective clothing.

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:LiquidColour:Clear to hazyOdour:Slightly soapy

pH: 11.2 Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.4 Density @ 20 C (kg/l): 1.4

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (C): 101
Freezing Point/Range (C): -1

Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Not Determined **Flash Point Method: Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapour Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapour Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1):** Not determined.

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Soluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C

Not Determined
Not Determined

(centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C Not Determined

(centistokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:Not DeterminedMolecular Weight (g/mole):Not DeterminedDecomposition Temperature (C):Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerisation: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong acids. Amphoteric metals such as aluminium, magnesium, lead, tin, or zinc.

ECONOLITE LIQUID
Page 3 of 6

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Toxic fumes.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation Causes severe respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact May cause skin burns.

Eye Contact May cause eye burns.

Ingestion Causes burns of the mouth, throat and stomach.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Skin disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: LD50: 2000-3000 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined.
Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined
Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined
Carcinogenicity: Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive/Development Not determined

al

Toxicity:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air)Not determinedPersistence/DegradabilityNot determinedBio-accumulationNot Determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

ECONOLITE LIQUID
Page 4 of 6

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG Not restricted

Other Shipping Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory

EINECS Inventory

All components listed.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed.

All components are listed on the inventory.

Classification - Corrosive.

Risk Phrases R34 Causes burns.

Safety Phrases S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S36 Wear suitable protective clothing.

OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS:

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Product Stewardship at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: GASCON 469

Revision Date: 26-Mar-2014

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000

New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: GASCON 469

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Blend
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:

Poisons Schedule:

Application:

None Allocated

None Allocated

Cement Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Hazard Overview May cause mild eye irritation. May cause mild skin irritation.

Classification None

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

HSNO Classification 6.3B Mildly irritating to the skin

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w) Australia NOHSCNew Zealand			ACGIH TLV-TWA
				WES	
Contains no hazardous	Mixture	60 - 100%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
substances					

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of

water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment

for Fire-Fighters

Not applicable.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert

materials. Scoop up and remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors.

Storage Information Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep from excessive heat. Keep from

freezing. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in non-rusting containers.

Product has a shelf life of 12 months.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

Respiratory Protection Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Impervious rubber gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:LiquidColor:TransparentOdor:OdorlesspH:10Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1):1.1

Density @ 20 C (kg/l): 1.098

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/M3): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (C): 100

Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 80

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not Determined

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): 10

Solubility in Vater (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Decomposition Temperature (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None known.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Acute Toxicity

InhalationMay cause mild respiratory irritation.Eye ContactMay cause mild eye irritation.Skin ContactMay cause mild skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic

health hazards.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Contains no hazardous	Mixture	No data available	No data available	No data available
substances				

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

Ecotoxicity Product

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Ecotoxicity Substance

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Contains no hazardous substances	Mixture	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS 13.

Disposal Method Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

> Incineration recommended in approved incinerator according to federal, state, and local regulations. Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be **Contaminated Packaging**

> disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging

into commercial waste collection.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION 14.

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

EINECS Inventory

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Classification Not Classified Not classified **Risk Phrases**

Safety Phrases

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to

accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the

sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: HR-6L

Revision Date: 02-May-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: HR-6L Synonyms: None

Chemical Family: Lignosulfonate

UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:None AllocatedPoisons Schedule:None AllocatedApplication:Cement Retarder

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Modifed lignosulfonate	Proprietary	30 - 60%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye and respiratory irritation.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification Non-hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

Fire-Fighters

fire fighting personnel.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors.

Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

Respiratory Protection Not normally necessary.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Color:

Dark brown

Odor:

Molasses

pH:

9.5

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1):

Density @ 20 C (kg/l):

1.208

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³):Not DeterminedBoiling Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedFreezing Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedPour Point/Range (C):Not Determined

Flash Point/Range (C): Not DeterminedMin: > 98

Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Soluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Not Determined

Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation May cause mild respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact None known.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

Ingestion None known

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Slowly biodegradable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate InformationNot determinedOther InformationNot applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method This product is not regarded as hazardous waste. Dispose in accordance with local

regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

HR-6L Page 4 of 6

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

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Disclaimer Statement

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: CFR-3L

Revision Date: 22-Feb-2012

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

CFR-3L **Product Trade Name:** Synonyms: None **Chemical Family:** Blend **UN Number:** None **Dangerous Goods Class:** None **Subsidiary Risk:** None **Hazchem Code:** None **Poisons Schedule:** None

Application: Friction Reducer

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand OEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Sulfonic acid salt		30 - 60%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye and skin irritation.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification Non-hazardous

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes **Eyes**

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

Fire-Fighters

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Store away from oxidizers. Store in a cool well ventilated area. Keep container **Storage Information**

closed when not in use.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

> CFR-3I Page 2 of 6

Respiratory Protection Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

 Physical State:
 Liquid

 Color:
 Red

 Odor:
 Musty

 pH:
 7

 Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1):
 1.17

 Density @ 20 C (kg/l):
 1.17

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³):Not DeterminedBoiling Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedFreezing Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedPour Point/Range (C):Not Determined

Flash Point/Range (C): Not DeterminedMin: > 98

Flash Point Method: PMCC

Autoignition Temperature (C):

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³):

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%):

Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³):

Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³):

Not Determined Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg):

Vapor Density (Air=1):

Not Determined Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 67

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not Determined

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Soluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Decomposition Temperature (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Inhalation None known.

Skin Contact May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

Ingestion None known

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: LD50: 8670 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive / Not determined

Developmental Toxicity:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodDisposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. This product does not comply with NZIOC

US TSCA Inventory All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

EINECS Inventory This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement

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END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: HALAD® 413L CEMENT ADDITIVE

Revision Date: 02-May-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000

New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: HALAD® 413L CEMENT ADDITIVE

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Polymer
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:None AllocatedPoisons Schedule:None AllocatedApplication:Fluid Loss Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Acrylic polymer	Proprietary	10 - 30%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview No significant hazards expected.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification Non-hazardous

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes **Eyes**

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

All standard fire fighting media Suitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for Fire-Fighters

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Absorption

Scoop up and remove.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Storage Information Store away from oxidizers. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

> **HALAD® 413L CEMENT ADDITIVE** Page 2 of 6

Respiratory Protection If engineering controls and work practices cannot keep exposure below occupational

exposure limits or if exposure is unknown, wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Selection of and instruction on using all personal protective equipment, including respirators, should

be performed by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional.

Not normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following

respirator is recommended: Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:

Color:
Brown-black
Odor:
pH:
7.5
Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1):
Density @ 20 C (kg/l):

Liquid
Brown-black
Sweet
7.5
1.1
1.098

Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Miscible

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

Not Determined VOCs (g/l):

Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes):

Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Not Determined Not Determined Decomposition Temperature (C):

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

HALAD® 413L CEMENT ADDITIVE Page 3 of 6 **Hazardous Decomposition**

Products

Oxides of nitrogen. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

None known. Inhalation

Skin Contact None known.

None known. **Eye Contact**

None known Ingestion

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

None known. Other Information

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: LD50: > 5000 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal Toxicity: LD50: > 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Not determined **Inhalation Toxicity:**

Primary Irritation Effect: Draize Rating (Skin): 0.09/8.0 (Rabbit) Practically Non-irritating

Carcinogenicity Not determined **Genotoxicity:** Not determined Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Slowly biodegradable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Not determined **Acute Fish Toxicity:** Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Not determined **Acute Algae Toxicity:**

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

> **HALAD® 413L CEMENT ADDITIVE** Page 4 of 6

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory

New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

Product contains one or more components not listed on inventory.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product does not comply with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement

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END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: NF-6

Revision Date: 10-Apr-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: NF-6
Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Blend
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:None AllocatedPoisons Schedule:None AllocatedApplication:Defoamer

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Vegetable oil	Proprietary	60 - 100%	10 mg/m ³	Not applicable	Not applicable
Aluminum stearate	637-12-7	1 - 5%	10 mg/m ³	Not applicable	2 mg/m ³

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause mild eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May be harmful if swallowed.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification 9.1D Slightly harmful in the aquatic environment

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes **Eyes**

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam.

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces. Decomposition in fire may produce **Special Exposure Hazards**

toxic gases.

Fire-Fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors.

Storage Information Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls A well ventilated area to control dust levels. Local exhaust ventilation should be used

in areas without good cross ventilation.

Respiratory ProtectionNot normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following

respirator is recommended:

Organic vapor respirator with a dust/mist filter. (A2P2/P3)

Hand Protection Polyvinylchloride gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Yellow Odor: Mild

pH: Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 0.93 **Density @ 20 C (kg/l):** 0.93

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (C): 182

Freezing Point/Range (C):

Pour Point/Range (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Flash Point/Range (C): >170

Flash Point Method: Not Determined

Autoignition Temperature (C): 385

Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined Solubility in Water (g/100ml): **Disperses** Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Decomposition Temperature (C):

Stability Data: Stable

Conditions to Avoid None known.

Otense as ideas.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Not Determined

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Hydrocarbons. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation None known.

Skin Contact May cause mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

Ingestion May cause abdominal pain, vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea.

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Not determined

Developmental Toxicity:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Readily biodegradable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method Incineration recommended in approved incinerator according to federal, state, and

local regulations. Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be **Contaminated Packaging**

disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into

commercial waste collection.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory

EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer StatementThis information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

SAFETY DATA SHEET

D-AIR 3000L

17-Feb-2015 **Revision Date: Revision Number: 16**

1. Product Identifier & Identity for the Chemical

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Name D-AIR 3000L

Other means of Identification

Synonyms: None **Product Code:** HM003191

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Defoamer

Uses Advised Against No information available

Supplier's name, address and phone number

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

fdunexchem@halliburton.com E-Mail address:

Emergency phone number

61 (08) 9455 8300

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

2. Hazard Identification

Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to **Statement of Hazardous Nature**

the criteria of ADG.

Classification of the hazardous chemical

Not classified

Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard Pictograms

Signal Word

Not Hazardous

Hazard Statements

Not Classified

Precautionary Statements

Prevention None

Response None

Storage None

Disposal None

Contains

SubstancesCAS NumberAlkenesProprietary

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known

Australia Classification

For the full text of the R/H-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

3. Composition/information on Ingredients						
Substances CAS Number PERCENT (w/w) GHS Classification - Australia						
Alkenes	Proprietary	60 - 100%				

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Get medical attention! If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent

aspiration.

Symptoms caused by exposure

May cause lung damage if swallowed.

Medical Attention and Special Treatment

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing equipment

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Special Exposure Hazards

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for fire fighting personnel.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use appropriate protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

None known.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials. Scoop up and remove.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Handling Precautions

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Information

Store away from oxidizers. Keep container closed when not in use. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

Other Guidelines

No information available

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control parameters - exposure standards, biological monitoring

Exposure Limits

Substances	CAS Number	Australia NOHSC	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Alkenes	Proprietary	Not applicable	Not applicable

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Respiratory Protection Not normally necessary.

Hand Protection None known.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

Environmental Exposure Controls No information available

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State: Liquid Color: Opaque

Odor: Hydrocarbon Odor Threshold: No information available

Property Values
Remarks/ - Method

pH: 5.5-7.9

Freezing Point/Range
Melting Point/Range
No data available
Flash Point
Sevaporation rate
No data available
Vapor Pressure
No data available
Vapor Density
No data available
No data available

Specific Gravity 0.92

Water Solubility Insoluble in water Solubility in other solvents No data available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data available No data available **Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature** No data available Viscosity No data available **Explosive Properties** No information available **Oxidizing Properties** No information available

9.2. Other information

VOC Content (%) No data available

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Not applicable

10.2. Chemical Stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Will Not Occur

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None anticipated

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizers.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Information on routes of exposure

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

May cause lung damage if swallowed.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Alkenes	Proprietary	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat) (similar substance)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat) (similar substance)	> 2.1 mg/L (Rat)

Immediate, delayed and chronic health effects from exposure

Inhalation May cause central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, drowsiness,

incoordination, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness and unconsciousness.

Eye ContactMay cause mild eye irritation. **Skin Contact**May cause mild skin irritation.

Ingestion May cause abdominal pain, vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea. Aspiration into the lungs may

cause chemical pneumonitis including coughing, difficulty breathing, wheezing, coughing up

blood and pneumonia, which can be fatal.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1%

are chronic health hazards.

Exposure Levels

No data available

Interactive effects

None known.

Data limitations

No data available

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Product Ecotoxicity Data

No data available

Substance Ecotoxicity Data

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Alkenes	Proprietary	EC50(72h): > 1000 mg/L (Selenastrum capicomutum) (similar substance)	LL50(96h): > 1000 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss) (similar substance) LL50(96h): > 10000 mg/L (Scopthalmus maximus) (similar substance)		EC50(48h): > 1000 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (similar substance)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Substances	CAS Number	Persistence and Degradability
Alkenes	Proprietary	Readily biodegradable (77 - 81% @ 28d)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Substances	CAS Number	Log Pow
Alkenes	Proprietary	> 7

12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

13. Disposal Considerations

Safe handling and disposal methods

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. Incineration recommended in approved incinerator according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Disposal of any contaminated packaging

Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

Environmental regulations

Not applicable

14. Transport Information

Transportation Information

UN Number:
UN Proper Shipping Name:
Transport Hazard Class(es):
Packing Group:
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable
Not applicable

Special precautions during transport

None

HazChem Code

None Allocated

15. Regulatory Information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

International Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory
New Zealand Inventory of

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Chemicals
EINECS Inventory
This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

US TSCA Inventory
Canadian DSL Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

Poisons Schedule number

None Allocated

16. Other information

Date of preparation or review

Revision Date: 17-Feb-2015

Revision Note

Update to Format SECTION: 2

Full text of R-phrases referred to under Sections 2 and 3

None

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

None

Additional information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact

Chemical Stewardship at 1-580-251-4335.

Key abreviations or acronyms used

Not applicable

Key literature references and sources for data

www.ChemADVISOR.com/ NZ CCID

Disclaimer Statement

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

End of Safety Data Sheet

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: WellLife™ 734

Revision Date: 12-Apr-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton/Baroid Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

New Zealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: WellLife™ 734

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Inorganic
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:

Poisons Schedule:

Application:

None Allocated

None Allocated

Cement Enhancer

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Contains no hazardous substances	Mixture	60 - 100%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview No significant hazards expected.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification Non-hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

InhalationUnder normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.SkinUnder normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Scoop up and remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Material is slippery underfoot. Keep floors clean of spills.

Storage Information Store in a dry location. Product has a shelf life of 60 months.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls None known.

Respiratory Protection Not normally necessary.

WellLife™ 734 Page 2 of 6 **Hand Protection** Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid

Color: White to Variable

Odor: Odorless pH: Not Determined

2.6 Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): Density @ 20 C (kg/l): 2.48

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined

Freezing Point/Range (C): 1200

Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined Insoluble

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined

Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined **Decomposition Temperature (C):** Not Determined

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None known.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

None known.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

> WellLife™ 734 Page 3 of 6

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation None known.

Skin Contact None known.

Eye Contact May cause mechanical irritation to eye.

Ingestion None known

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Draize Rating (Eye): 1.3/110 (Rabbit) Practically Non-irritating

Draize Rating (Skin): 0.5/8.0 (Rabbit) Non-Irritating

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not biodegradable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: TLM96: > 1,000,000 ppm (Mysidopsis bahia) SPP @ 10 ppb

Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate InformationNot determinedOther InformationNot applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Contaminated Packaging

Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into commercial waste collection.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory

EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Not Classified Classification

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

WellLife™ 734 Page 5 of 6

Additional Information

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: CEMENT - CLASS G + 35% SSA-1

Revision Date: 29-Apr-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substance or Preparation

Product Trade Name: CEMENT - CLASS G + 35% SSA-1

Synonyms: None **Chemical Family:** Cement **UN Number:** None **Dangerous Goods Class:** None **Subsidiary Risk:** None **Hazchem Code:** None **Poisons Schedule:** None Application: Cement

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance	CAS Number	Percent	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Portland cement	65997-15-1	60 - 100%	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 mg/m ³	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	30 - 60%	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview CAUTION! - ACUTE HEALTH HAZARD

May cause eye, skin and respiratory irritation.

DANGER! - CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product, which has been provided to your employer.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R49 May cause cancer by inhalation.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation.

HSNO Classification Not Determined

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media None - does not burn.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media None known

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use Appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for

Cleaning/Absorption

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate

methods for collection, storage and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. This product contains quartz, cristobalite,

and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is

slippery when wet.

Storage Information Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to

prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Product has a shelf

life of 24 months

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain

exposures below applicable exposure limits listed in Section 2.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), or equivalent

respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be

laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when

removing or laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid
Colour: Grey
Odour: Odourless
pH: 12.4

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): Not Determined Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapour Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapour Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles:

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1):

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Not determined.
Insoluble

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C

Not Determined

Not Determined

(centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C Not Determined

(centistokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Decomposition Temperature (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerisation: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid Keep away from any contact with water.

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Hydrofluoric acid

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or

cristobalite (1470 C).

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection

below).

Skin ContactCan dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause alkali burns with

confined contact.

Eye Contact May cause severe eye irritation.

Ingestion None known

bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should not be exposed to quartz dust.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

"There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Other Information

For further information consult Adverse Effects of Crystalline Silica Exposure" published by the American Thoracic Society Medical Section of the American Lung Association, American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, Volume 155, pages 761-768 (1997)."

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined.

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity: Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June

1997).

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive/Development Not determined

al

Toxicity:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air)Not determinedPersistence/DegradabilityNot applicableBio-accumulationNot Determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

CEMENT - CLASS G + 35% SSA-1 Page 5 of 7 Chemical Fate InformationNot determinedOther InformationNot applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG Not restricted

Other Shipping Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed.
All components listed of

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

US TSCA Inventory All components listed.

EINECS Inventory All components are listed on the inventory.

Classification T - Toxic.

Xi - Irritant.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R49 May cause cancer by inhalation.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through

inhalation.

Safety Phrases S2 Keep out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S37 Wear suitable gloves.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS:

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Product Stewardship at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: SCR-100L

Revision Date: 12-Apr-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: SCR-100L Synonyms: None

Chemical Family: Anionic Polymer

UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:

Poisons Schedule:

Application:

None Allocated
None Allocated
Retarder

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number			New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Contains no hazardous	Mixture	60 - 100%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
substances					

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye irritation.

HSNO Classification Non-hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get

immediate medical attention.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing by mouth. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

Fire-Fighters

fire fighting personnel.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials. Scoop up and remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Storage Information Store away from oxidizers. Store in a dry location. Keep container closed when not in

use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

SCR-100L Page 2 of 6 **Respiratory Protection** Not normally needed. But if significant exposures are possible then the following

respirator is recommended:

Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Impervious rubber gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure. **Eye Protection**

Other Precautions None known.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Blue Odor: Odorless pH: 3 - 4 (28%) Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.16 Density @ 20 C (kg/l): 1.16

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined

Freezing Point/Range (C): -4

Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C):

Flash Point/Range (C): Not DeterminedMin: > 93

Flash Point Method: **PMCC Autoignition Temperature (C):** 520

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: ~60

Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):**

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Soluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): 15-30 (25C) Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): **Decomposition Temperature (C):** Not Determined

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Oxides of nitrogen. Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

> SCR-1001 Page 3 of 6

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact May cause mild skin irritation.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

Ingestion Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Skin disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate InformationNot determinedOther InformationNot applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill or burn in an approved incinerator according to federal,

state, and local regulations. Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage

facility.

Contaminated Packaging

Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into commercial waste collection.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

Risk Phrases

US TSCA Inventory

EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Safety Phrases Not classified

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Not classified

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

SCR-100L Page 5 of 6

Additional Information

For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement

This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: SILICALITE LIQUID

Revision Date: 22-Feb-2012

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Non-Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods

according to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: SILICALITE LIQUID

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Blend
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None
Hazchem Code: None
Poisons Schedule: None

Application: Light Weight Cement Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand OEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Silica, amorphous - fumed	7631-86-9	30 - 60%	2 mg/m ³	Not applicable	2 mg/m ³

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye irritation.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification Not Determined

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Scoop up and remove.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing.

Storage Information Keep container closed when not in use. Product has a shelf life of 24 months.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

SILICALITE LIQUID Page 2 of 6 **Respiratory Protection** Not normally necessary.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid Color: Dark gray Odor: Odorless 6-8 pH: Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 1.37 Density @ 20 C (kg/l): 1.397

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (C): 100 Freezing Point/Range (C):

Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined

100 Flash Point/Range (C):

Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined

Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): 22.9

Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Not Determined Miscible Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined **Decomposition Temperature (C):** Not Determined

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur **Conditions to Avoid** None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition

cristobalite (1470 C).

Products

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye and skin contact.

Inhalation None known.

Skin Contact Practically Non-toxic by Skin Contact.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

Ingestion None known

Aggravated Medical Conditions None known.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Ames Test: Negative

Developmental Toxicity:

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate InformationNot determinedOther InformationNot applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodDisposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product does not comply with NZIOC

US TSCA Inventory All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

EINECS Inventory This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Not Classified

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

OTHER INFORMATION 16.

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS

Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

SILICALITE LIQUID Page 5 of 6

Disclaimer Statement

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END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: HR-25L

Revision Date: 14-May-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000 New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: HR-25L Synonyms: None

Chemical Family: Organic acid

UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:None AllocatedPoisons Schedule:None AllocatedApplication:Cement Retarder

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand WES	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Tartaric acid	87-69-4	30 - 60%	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

HSNO Classification 8.3A Corrosive to ocular tissue 9.3C Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before

reuse.

Eyes In case of contact, or suspected contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention immediately after flushing.

Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek Ingestion

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Not Applicable **Notes to Physician**

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must None known. not be used for safety reasons

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. Special Exposure Hazards

Fire-Fighters

Special Protective Equipment for Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required for

fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Isolate spill and stop leak where safe. Contain spill with sand or other inert materials.

Neutralize to pH of 6-8. Scoop up and remove.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands after **Handling Precautions**

use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Store away from alkalis. Store away from oxidizers. Store in a cool well ventilated **Storage Information**

area. Keep container closed when not in use. Product has a shelf life of 60 months.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

Respiratory Protection Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Impervious rubber gloves.

Skin Protection Rubber apron.

Eye Protection Chemical goggles; also wear a face shield if splashing hazard exists.

Other Precautions Eyewash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid

Color: Light yellow-green

 Odor:
 Odorless

 pH:
 1.7

 Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1):
 1.2

 Density @ 20 C (kg/l):
 1.2

Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³): Not Determined

Boiling Point/Range (C): 103

Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined

Percent Volatiles: 60

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not Determined

Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Soluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes):

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Molecular Weight (g/mole):

Decomposition Temperature (C):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers. Strong alkalis.

Hazardous Decomposition Carbon monoxide

Products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

HR-25L Page 3 of 6

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin Contact May cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact May cause moderate eye irritation.

Ingestion Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Skin disorders.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are

chronic health hazards.

Other Information None known.

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: Not determined

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Not determined

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not determined

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

Incineration recommended in approved incinerator according to federal, state, and local regulations. Substance should NOT be deposited into a sewage facility.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations. Contaminated packaging may be

disposed of by: rendering packaging incapable of containing any substance, or treating packaging to remove residual contents, or treating packaging to make sure the residual contents are no longer hazardous, or by disposing of packaging into

commercial waste collection.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory

EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Irritant.

Risk Phrases R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety Phrases

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer StatementThis information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: MICROBOND EXPANDING ADDITIVE

Revision Date: 03-Apr-2014

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according

to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000

New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: MICROBOND EXPANDING ADDITIVE

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Mineral
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:

Poisons Schedule:

Application:

None Allocated

None Allocated

Cement Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according

to the criteria of ADG.

Hazard Overview May cause severe eye irritation. May cause skin irritation.

Classification Χi Irritant.

Risk Phrases R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety Phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

HSNO Classification 6.3A Irritating to the skin

6.4A Irritating to the eye

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w) Australia NOHSC New Zealand			ACGIH TLV-TWA
				WES	
Calcium aluminate	12042-68-1	10 - 30%	Not applicable	Not applicable	10 mg/m ³
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	10 - 30%	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 mg/m ³

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 **Eves**

minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek Ingestion

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases. **Special Exposure Hazards**

Special Protective Equipment

for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required

for fire fighting personnel.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

Prevent from entering sewers, waterways, or low areas.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Scoop up and remove.

Absorption

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Avoid creating or inhaling dust.

Storage Information Store in a cool, dry location.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls Use in a well ventilated area.

Respiratory Protection Dust/mist respirator. (N95, P2/P3)

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Normal work coveralls.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State:SolidColor:Light redOdor:Odorless

pH: Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 3.2

Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/M3): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHq): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not Determined Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Insoluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml):

VOCs (g/l):

Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise):

Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes):

Not Determined
Not Determined
Not Determined

Molecular Weight (g/mole): >600

Decomposition Temperature (C):Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water:

Not Determined

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Acute Toxicity

InhalationMay cause respiratory irritation.Eye ContactMay cause severe eye irritation.Skin ContactMay cause skin irritation.

Ingestion Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic

health hazards.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Calcium aluminate	12042-68-1	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat) (similar substance)	> 2000 mg/kg (Rat) (similar substance)	No data available
Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	7340 mg/kg (Rat) > 2000 mg/kg (Rat)	>2500 mg/kg (Rabbit)	No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

Ecotoxicity Product

Acute Fish Toxicity:Not determinedAcute Crustaceans Toxicity:Not determinedAcute Algae Toxicity:Not determined

Ecotoxicity Substance

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Toxicity to Invertebrates
Calcium aluminate	12042-68-1	EC50(72h): 3.6 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus) NOEC(72h): 2.6 mg/L (Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50(96h): >100 mg/L (Danio rerio)	EC50(3h): > 1000 mg/L (Activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage)	EC50(48h): 5.4 mg/L (Daphnia magna)

Calcium hydroxide	1305-62-0	EC50(72h): 184.57 mg/L	TLM96: 100-500 ppm	EC50(3h): 300.4 mg/L	TLM96: 478,520 ppm
		(Pseudokirchnerella	(Oncorhynchus mykiss)	(respiration rate)	(Mysidopsis bahia)
		subcapitata)	33.884 mg/L (Clarias	(activated sludge of a	EC50(48h): 49.1 mg/L
			gariepinus)	predominantly domestic	(Daphnia magna)
			LC50(96h): 50.6 mg/L	sewage)	LC50:(96h): 158 mg/L
			(Oncorhynchus mykiss)		(Crangon septemspinosa)
			LC50(96h): 457 mg/L		NOEC(14d): 32 mg/L
			(Gasterosteus aculeatus)		(Crangon septemspinosa)
			<u> </u>		, , ,

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Substances	Persistence and Degradability
Calcium aluminate	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable
	to inorganic substances.
Calcium hydroxide	The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable
	to inorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product does not comply with NZIOC

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification Xi - Irritant.

Risk Phrases R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety Phrases S22 Do not breathe dust.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to

accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the

sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: BARITE

Revision Date: 03-Aug-2012

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according to

the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

53-55 Bannister Road

Canning Vale WA 6155 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000

New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

BARITE Product Trade Name: Synonyms: None **Chemical Family:** Mineral **UN Number:** None **Dangerous Goods Class:** None **Subsidiary Risk:** None **Hazchem Code:** None **Poisons Schedule:** None

Application: Weight Additive

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT	Australia NOHSC	New Zealand OEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA
Barium sulfate	7727-43-7	60 - 100%	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	0.1 mg/m ³	0.2 mg/m ³	0.025 mg/m ³

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview CAUTION! - ACUTE HEALTH HAZARD

May cause eye, skin, and respiratory irritation. May be harmful if swallowed.

DANGER! - CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney

disease.

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN

149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product, which has been provided to your employer.

Risk Phrases None

HSNO Classification 6.7A Substances that are known or presumed human carcinogens.

6.9A Substances that are toxic to human target organs or systems.

FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory irritation

develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Skin

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes Eyes

and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Do not induce vomiting. Slowly dilute with 1-2 glasses of water or milk and seek Ingestion

medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Notes to Physician Not Applicable

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media All standard fire fighting media

Extinguishing media which must None known.

not be used for safety reasons

Special Exposure Hazards Not applicable.

Special Protective Equipment for Not applicable.

Fire-Fighters

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary Measures Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning / Absorption

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become

airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below

recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149,

or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when wet.

Storage Information Store in a cool, dry location. Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to

prevent accumulation of dust. Close container when not in use. Do not reuse empty

container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering ControlsUse approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain

exposures below applicable exposure limits listed in Section 2.

Personal Protective Equipment If engineering controls and work practices cannot prevent excessive exposures, the

selection and proper use of personal protective equipment should be determined by

an industrial hygienist or other qualified professional based on the specific

application of this product.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when

using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be

laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when

removing or laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid

Color: Pink to tan to gray

Odorless Odorless

pH: Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 4.23

Density @ 20 C (kg/l):Not DeterminedBulk Density @ 20 C (kg/m³):Not DeterminedBoiling Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedFreezing Point/Range (C):Not DeterminedPour Point/Range (C):Not Determined

Flash Point/Range (C): > 100

Flash Point Method:

Autoignition Temperature (C):

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³):

Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%):

Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (g/m³):

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Not Determined

Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%):

Not Determined

BARITE Page 3 of 7

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHg): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined Not Determined **Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1):** Solubility in Water (g/100ml): Insoluble

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined Not Determined VOCs (g/l): Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined

Molecular Weight (g/mole): 233.4

Not Determined **Decomposition Temperature (C):**

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

None known.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or

cristobalite (1470 C).

Additional Guidelines Not Applicable

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eve or skin contact, inhalation.

Inhalation Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational

sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in

experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects (See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection

below).

Skin Contact None known.

Eye Contact May cause mild eye irritation.

May produce nervous system effects such as feeling of weakness, unsteady walk, Ingestion

and dilation of blood vessels. May affect the heart and cardiovascular system.

Aggravated Medical Conditions Individuals with respiratory disease, including but not limited to asthma and

bronchitis, or subject to eye irritation, should not be exposed to quartz dust.

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Prolonged inhalation of fine barium sulfate dusts form harmless nodular granules in lung, an affliction called baritosis. Baritosis produces no symptoms of bronchitis or emphysema, and lung functioning is not affected although dyspnea, upon exertion, may occur. The nodulation disappears if exposure is stopped.

Other Information

For further information consult "Adverse Effects of Crystalline Silica Exposure" published by the American Thoracic Society Medical Section of the American Lung Association, American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, Volume 155, pages 761-768 (1997).

Toxicity Tests

Oral Toxicity: LD50: >15000 mg/kg (Rat)

Dermal Toxicity: Not determined

Inhalation Toxicity: Not determined

Primary Irritation Effect: Not determined

Carcinogenicity Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June

1997).

Genotoxicity: Not determined

Reproductive /

Developmental Toxicity:

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mobility (Water/Soil/Air) Not determined

Persistence/Degradability Not applicable

Bio-accumulation Not determined

Ecotoxicological Information

Acute Fish Toxicity: TLM96: 7500 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Chemical Fate Information Not determined

Other Information Not applicable

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

This product, and all its components, complies with Envecs

Classification Crystalline silica is not classified as a carcinogen in EU Council Directives

67/548/EEC and 88/379/EEC.

Risk Phrases None

Safety Phrases None

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this MSDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Material Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton

products, contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer Statement This information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to accuracy

or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of

the user.

END OF MSDS

HALLIBURTON

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Trade Name: TUNED SPACER E+

Revision Date: 16-Sep-2013

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Statement of Hazardous Nature Hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, Non-Dangerous Goods according

to the criteria of ADG.

Manufacturer/Supplier Halliburton Australia Pty. Ltd.

15 Marriott Road

Jandakot WA 6164 Australia

ACN Number: 009 000 775

Telephone Number: 61 (08) 9455 8300 Fax Number: 61 (08) 9455 5300

Product Emergency Telephone

Australia: 08-64244950

Papua New Guinea: 05 1 281 575 5000

NewZealand: 06-7559274

Fire, Police & Ambulance - Emergency Telephone

Australia: 000

Papua New Guinea: 000

New Zealand: 111

Identification of Substances or Preparation

Product Trade Name: TUNED SPACER E+

Synonyms: None
Chemical Family: Mineral
UN Number: None
Dangerous Goods Class: None
Subsidiary Risk: None

Hazchem Code:None AllocatedPoisons Schedule:None AllocatedApplication:Cement Spacer

Prepared By Chemical Compliance

Telephone: 1-580-251-4335

e-mail: fdunexchem@halliburton.com

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances	CAS Number	PERCENT (w/w)	PERCENT (w/w) Australia NOHSCNew Zealand		
				WES	
Bentonite	1302-78-9	60 - 100%	Not applicable	Not applicable	TWA: 1 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	1 - 5%	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³

Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	0 - 1%	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	0 - 1%	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³	0.05 mg/m ³

Non-Hazardous Substance to Total of 100%

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard Overview

DANGER! - CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD

Breathing crystalline silica can cause lung disease, including silicosis and lung cancer. Crystalline silica has also been associated with scleroderma and kidney disease.

This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Review the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product, which has been provided to your employer.

Risk Phrases R49 May cause cancer by inhalation.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

HSNO Classification 6.7A Known or presumed human carcinogens

6.9A Toxic to human target organs or systems

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from area to fresh air. Get medical attention if respiratory

irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Skin Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes and get medical attention if irritation persists.

Ingestion Under normal conditions, first aid procedures are not required.

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Water fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

None known.

Special Exposure Hazards Decomposition in fire may produce toxic gases.

Special Protective Equipment

for Fire-Fighters

Full protective clothing and approved self-contained breathing apparatus required

for fire fighting personnel.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautionary

Measures

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid creating and breathing dust.

Environmental Precautionary

Measures

None known.

Procedure for Cleaning /

Absorption

Collect using dustless method and hold for appropriate disposal. Consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with contaminating substances and use appropriate methods for collection, storage and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Precautions This product contains quartz, cristobalite, and/or tridymite which may become

airborne without a visible cloud. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating dusty conditions. Use only with adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended exposure limits. Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard En 149, or equivalent respirator when using this product. Material is slippery when

wet.

Storage Information Use good housekeeping in storage and work areas to prevent accumulation of

dust. Close container when not in use. Do not reuse empty container.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Use approved industrial ventilation and local exhaust as required to maintain

exposures below applicable exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection Wear a NIOSH certified, European Standard EN 149 (FFP2/FFP3), or equivalent

respirator when using this product.

Hand Protection Normal work gloves.

Skin Protection Wear clothing appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be

laundered before reuse. Use precautionary measures to avoid creating dust when

removing or laundering clothing.

Eye Protection Wear safety glasses or goggles to protect against exposure.

Other Precautions None known.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Solid

Color: White to light straw

Odorless Odorless

pH: Not Determined

Specific Gravity @ 20 C (Water=1): 2.65

Density @ 20 C (kg/l): Not Determined Bulk Density @ 20 C (kg/M3): Not Determined **Boiling Point/Range (C):** Not Determined Freezing Point/Range (C): Not Determined Pour Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point/Range (C): Not Determined Flash Point Method: Not Determined **Autoignition Temperature (C):** Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (g/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Lower (%): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (q/m³): Not Determined Flammability Limits in Air - Upper (%): Not Determined Vapor Pressure @ 20 C (mmHq): Not Determined Vapor Density (Air=1): Not Determined **Percent Volatiles:** Not Determined Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate=1): Not Determined

Solubility in Water (g/100ml):

Solubility in Solvents (g/100ml): Not Determined VOCs (q/l): Not Determined Viscosity, Dynamic @ 20 C (centipoise): Not Determined Viscosity, Kinematic @ 20 C (centistokes): Not Determined Partition Coefficient/n-Octanol/Water: Not Determined Molecular Weight (g/mole): Not Determined **Decomposition Temperature (C):** Not Determined

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability Data: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid None anticipated

Incompatibility (Materials to

Avoid)

Strong oxidizers.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

Oxides of sulfur. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Amorphous silica may transform at elevated temperatures to tridymite (870 C) or cristobalite (1470 C).

Not Applicable **Additional Guidelines**

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Principle Route of Exposure Eye or skin contact, inhalation.

Sympotoms related to exposure

Acute Toxicity Inhalation

Inhaled crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is

carcinogenic to humans (IARC, Group 1). There is sufficient evidence in experimental

animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (IARC, Group 2A).

Breathing silica dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory passages. Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may also have serious chronic health effects

(See "Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity" subsection below).

Eve Contact May cause eye irritation.

Skin Contact May cause mechanical skin irritation.

Ingestion None known

Chronic Effects/Carcinogenicity

Silicosis: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling, and sometimes-fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness, and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis.

Cancer Status: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans) and has determined that there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of tridymite (Group 2A - possible carcinogen to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these minerals. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "Known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by scarring of the lungs, skin, and other internal organs) and kidney disease.

Toxicology data for the components

Substances	CAS Number	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Bentonite	1302-78-9	5000 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	500 mg/kg (Rat)	No data available	No data available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No data available	No data available	No data available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No data available	No data available	No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological Information

Ecotoxicity Product

Acute Fish Toxicity: Not determined
Acute Crustaceans Toxicity: Not determined
Acute Algae Toxicity: Not determined

Ecotoxicity Substance

Substances	CAS Number	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Bentonite	1302-78-9	No information available	TLM96: 10000 ppm (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	No information available	No information available
Crystalline silica, quartz	14808-60-7	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available
Crystalline silica, cristobalite	14464-46-1	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available
Crystalline silica, tridymite	15468-32-3	No information available	No information available	No information available	No information available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal MethodBury in a licensed landfill according to federal, state, and local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging Follow all applicable national or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land Transportation

ADR

Not restricted

Air Transportation

ICAO/IATA

Not restricted

Sea Transportation

IMDG

Not restricted

Other Transportation Information

Labels: None

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Chemical Inventories

Australian AICS Inventory New Zealand Inventory of

Chemicals

US TSCA Inventory EINECS Inventory

All components listed on inventory or are exempt. All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

All components listed on inventory or are exempt.

This product, and all its components, complies with EINECS

Classification T - Toxic.

Crystalline silica is not classified as a carcinogen in EU Council Directives

67/548/EEC and 88/379/EEC.

Risk Phrases R49 May cause cancer by inhalation.

R48/20 Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

Safety Phrases S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S22 Do not breathe dust.

\$38 In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections have been revised since the last issue of this SDS Not applicable

Contact

Australian Poisons Information Centre

24 Hour Service: - 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade: - 000 (exchange): - 1100

New Zealand National Poisons Centre

0800 764 766

Additional Information For additional information on the use of this product, contact your local Halliburton

representative.

For questions about the Safety Data Sheet for this or other Halliburton products,

contact Chemical Compliance at 1-580-251-4335.

Disclaimer StatementThis information is furnished without warranty, expressed or implied, as to

accuracy or completeness. The information is obtained from various sources including the manufacturer and other third party sources. The information may not be valid under all conditions nor if this material is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Final determination of suitability of any material is the

sole responsibility of the user.

END OF MSDS

CF 100FSE



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF 100FSE

APPLICATION: SURFACTANT

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

NFPA 704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 3/3 FLAMMABILITY: 3/3 INSTABILITY: 0/0 OTHER: 0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Hazard

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Our hazard evaluation has identified the following chemical substance(s) as hazardous. Consult Section 15 for the nature of the hazard(s).

 Hazardous Substance(s)
 CAS NO
 % (w/w)

 Isopropanol
 67-63-0
 10.0 - 30.0

 Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated
 68439-46-3
 5.0 - 10.0

 Oxyalkylated alcohol
 Proprietary
 10.0 - 30.0

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER

Flammable. Risk of serious damage to eyes. Harmful if swallowed.

Keep away from heat. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear eye/face protection. Avoid breathing vapor. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Use a mild soap if available. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Flammable Liquid; may release vapors that form flammable mixtures at or above the flash point. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty product containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld, or expose containers to flame or other sources of ignition. May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire

conditions.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye, Skin, Inhalation

CF 100FSE



HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE:

EYE CONTACT:

Severely irritating. If not removed promptly, will injure eye tissue and may result in permanent eye damage.

SKIN CONTACT:

May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

INGESTION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Harmful if swallowed.

INHALATION:

Product mist or vapors may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, drowsiness, stupor or unconsciousness. Can cause central nervous system depression.

4. | FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush eye with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL IN CASE OF CONTACT. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INGESTION:

Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink.

INHALATION:

First aid is normally not required. Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 73.4 - 100 F / 23 - 37.8 C

Estimated

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Foam, Carbon dioxide, Dry powder, Other extinguishing agent suitable for Class B fires, For large fires, use water spray or fog, thoroughly drenching the burning material.

Water mist may be used to cool closed containers.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Flammable Liquid; may release vapors that form flammable mixtures at or above the flash point. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty product containers may contain product residue. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld, or expose containers to flame or other sources of ignition. May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Ventilate spill area if possible. Remove sources of ignition. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Do not touch spilled material. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Notify appropriate government, occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment., Prevent material from entering sewers or waterways., If drains, streams, soil or sewers become contaminated, notify local authority.

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7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled. Do not use, store, spill or pour near heat, sparks or open flame.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed. Store away from heat and sources of ignition. Have appropriate fire extinguishers available in and near the storage area. Connections must be grounded to avoid electrical charges. Store separately from oxidizers.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Compatibility with Plastic Materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Exposure guidelines have not been established for this product. Available exposure limits for the substance(s) are shown below.

Substance(s)	Basis	ppm	mg/m3	Non-Standard Unit
Isopropanol	ACGIH/TWA	200		
	ACGIH/STEL	400		
	NIOSH REL/TWA	400	980	
	NIOSH REL/STEL	500	1,225	
	OSHA Z1/TWA	400	980	

^{*} A skin notation refers to the potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, including mucous membranes and the eyes.

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fume hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits given in this section or when significant mists, vapors, aerosols, or dusts are generated, an approved air purifying respirator equipped with suitable filter cartridges is recommended. Consult the respirator / cartridge manufacturer data to verify the suitability of specific devices. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-face SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

HAND PROTECTION:

When handling this product, the use of chemical gloves is recommended. The choice of work glove depends on work conditions and what chemicals are handled. Please contact the PPE manufacturer for advice on what type of glove material may be suitable. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of degradation are observed.

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SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear standard protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear a face shield with chemical splash goggles.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Keep an eye wash fountain available. Keep a safety shower available. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

HUMAN EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our recommended product application and personal protective equipment, the potential human exposure is: Moderate

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid

APPEARANCE Clear Colorless to red amber

ODOR Alcoholic

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.95 @ 60.0 °F / 15.5 °C

DENSITY 7.9 lb/gal SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

10. | STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid extremes of temperature. Heat and sources of ignition including static discharges.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: Oxides of carbon

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

12. | ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

The following results are for the product, unless otherwise indicated.

AQUATIC MICROORGANISM RESULTS:

Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Vibrio fischeri	0.25 h	EC50	6.16 mg/l	Product

MOBILITY:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages:

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	10 - 30%	50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

Component substances have a low potential to bioconcentrate.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate

Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental exposure is: Low

If released into the environment, see CERCLA/SUPERFUND in Section 15.

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13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it could meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Before disposal, it should be determined if the waste meets the criteria of a hazardous waste.

Hazardous Waste: D001

Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

LAND TRANSPORT:

Proper Shipping Name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical Name(s): ISOPROPANOL

UN/ID No: UN 1993

Hazard Class - Primary : 3
Packing Group : III

Flash Point: 73.4 - 100 F / 23 - 37.8 C

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical Name(s): ISOPROPANOL

UN/ID No: UN 1993

Hazard Class - Primary : 3
Packing Group : III

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO):

Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Technical Name(s): ISOPROPANOL

UN/ID No: UN 1993

Hazard Class - Primary : 3
Packing Group : III

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information that may have relevance to regulatory compliance. The information in this section is for reference only. It is not exhaustive, and should not be relied upon to take the place of an individualized compliance or hazard assessment. Condor Energy accepts no liability for the use of this information.

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

EUROPE

The substance(s) in this preparation are included in or exempted from the EINECS or ELINCS inventories

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Due to our commitment to Product Stewardship, we have evaluated the human and environmental hazards and exposures of this product. Based on our recommended use of this product, we have characterized the product's general risk. This information should provide assistance for your own risk management practices. We have evaluated our product's risk as follows:

* The human risk is: Moderate

* The environmental risk is: Low

Any use inconsistent with our recommendations may affect the risk characterization. Our sales representative will assist you to determine if your product application is consistent with our recommendations. Together we can implement an appropriate risk management process.

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version).

Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

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Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

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CF 110GS



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF110GS

APPLICATION Gel Stabiliser

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

NFPA 704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 0/1 FLAMMABILITY: 0/0 INSTABILITY: 0/0 OTHER: 0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Hazard

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Our hazard evaluation has found that this product is not hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION

May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Use a mild soap if available.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Not flammable or combustible.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye, Skin

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE:

EYE CONTACT:

May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

SKIN CONTACT:

May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

CONOR

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INGESTION:

Not a likely route of exposure. There may be irritation to the gastro-intestinal tract with nausea and vomiting.

INHALATION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Repeated or prolonged exposure may irritate the respiratory tract

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - CHRONIC:

No adverse effects expected other than those mentioned above.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush with large amounts of water. Use soap if available. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INGESTION:

Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Not expected to burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Not flammable or combustible.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Ventilate spill area if possible.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Do not contaminate surface water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Shipping and long term storage compatibility with construction materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

8. | EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

This product does not contain any substance that has an established exposure limit.

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

General ventilation is recommended. Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits given in this section or when significant mists, vapors, aerosols, or dusts are generated, an approved air purifying respirator equipped with suitable filter cartridges is recommended. Consult the respirator / cartridge manufacturer data to verify the suitability of specific devices. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

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HAND PROTECTION:

When handling this product, the use of chemical gloves is recommended. The choice of work glove depends on work conditions and what chemicals are handled. Please contact the PPE manufacturer for advice on what type of glove material may be suitable. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of degradation are observed.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear standard protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side-shields.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Consider the provision in the work area of a safety shower and eyewash. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

HUMAN EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our recommended product application and personal protective equipment, the potential human exposure is: Low

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid

APPEARANCE Colorless Clear

ODOR None

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.2615 - 1.2915 @ 70.0 °F / 21.1 °C

DENSITY 10.53 - 10.78 lb/gal

SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid extremes of temperature.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

None known

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${\tt HAZARDOUS\ DECOMPOSITION\ PRODUCTS:}$

Under fire conditions: None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: Low

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

MOBILITY:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	10 - 30%	30 - 50%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental

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exposure is: Low

If released into the environment, see CERCLA/SUPERFUND in Section 15.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it is not a hazardous.

Consult state or local regulation for any additional handling, treatment or disposal requirements. For disposal, contact a properly licensed waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

LAND TRANSPORT:

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO):

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information that may have relevance to regulatory compliance. The information in this section is for reference only. It is not exhaustive, and should not be relied upon to take the place of an individualized compliance or hazard assessment. Condor Energy accepts no liability for the use of this information.

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Due to our commitment to Product Stewardship, we have evaluated the human and environmental hazards and exposures of this product. Based on our recommended use of this product, we have characterized the product's general risk. This information should provide assistance for your own risk management practices. We have evaluated our product's risk as follows:

* The human risk is: Low

* The environmental risk is: Low

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, OH., (Ariel Insight™ CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version),

Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Title 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910, Subpart Z, Toxic and Hazardous Substances, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), (Ariel Insight™ CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Ariel Insight[™] (An integrated guide to industrial chemicals covered under major regulatory and advisory programs), North American Module, Western European Module, Chemical Inventories Module and the Generics Module (Ariel Insight[™] CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

CF 110GS

Prepared By: Date issued: Condor Energy HSEQ Department 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

CF 110GS



CF 110HT



Section: 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : CF 110HT

Application : Clay Stabiliser

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

Section: 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is not classified as a dangerous good according to national or international regulations.

Safety-phrase(s)

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration: (%) Ethylene Glycol 107-21-1 0.1 - 1

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New

If inhaled : Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action. Do not

put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during

firefighting.

: Not flammable or combustible.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the

event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

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Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precaution protective equipment and emergency procedures Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not

reach a waterway

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate

ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in

suitable labeled containers.

: Suitable material: Keep in properly labelled containers. Packaging material

Unsuitable material: not determined

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Form of exposure	Permissible concentration	Basis
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	TWA (Vapour.)	20 ppm 52 mg/m3	AU OEL
		VLE (Vapour.)	40 ppm 104 mg/m3	AU OEL
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	WES-Ceiling	50 ppm 127 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	ACGIH

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Engineering measures : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses

Hand protection : Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash

hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid

Colour : Clear Colorless

Odour : Amine Flash point : 104.4 °C

pH : 7.0, 100 %

Odour Threshold : no data available

Melting point/freezing point : no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : 98.9 °C estimated

range

Evaporation rate : no data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available
Upper explosion limit : no data available
Lower explosion limit : no data available

Vapour pressure : 0.00666 kPa (25 °C)similar to water

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Relative vapour density : no data available Relative density : 1.10 (15.6 °C) Density : no data available Water solubility : completely soluble Solubility in other solvents : no data available Partition coefficient: n-: no data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available Thermal decomposition : Carbon oxides : no data available Viscosity, dynamic Viscosity, kinematic : no data available

VOC : 0.5 %

Section: 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates,

nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may

generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon oxides

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure: Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Skin : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Ingestion : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

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Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : No symptoms known or expected

Skin contact : No symptoms known or expected

Ingestion : No symptoms known or expected

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected

Toxicity

Acute oral toxicity : no data available

: no data available Acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation : no data available

Serious eye damage/eye : no data available

irritation

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: no data available

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Carcinogenicity : No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive effects : no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity : no data available

Teratogenicity : no data available

STOT - single exposure : no data available

STOT - repeated exposure : no data available

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity : Ethylene Glycol LC50

rat: 2.725 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Components

Acute dermal toxicity : Ethylene Glycol

LD50 rabbit: 10,600 mg/kg

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: Low

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates. no data available

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Mobility

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air : <5%

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Water : 30 - 50% Soil : 50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

Bioaccumulative potential

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Other information

no data available

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an

approved waste disposal facility.

Disposal considerations : Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Air transport (IATA)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Sea Transport (IMDG/IMO)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

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Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 6

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS:

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

The substances in this preparation are included on or exempted from the TSCA 8(b) Inventory (40 CFR 710)

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA)

The substance(s) in this preparation are included in or exempted from the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

CHINA

All substances in this product comply with the Provisions on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances and are listed on or exempt from the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances China (IECSC).

EUROPE

This product contains substance(s) which are not in compliance with the European Commission Directive 67/548/EEC and may require additional review.

JAPAN

All substances in this product comply with the Law Regulating the Manufacture and Importation Of Chemical Substances and are listed on the Existing and New Chemical Substances list (ENCS).

KOREA

All substances in this product comply with the Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) and are listed on the Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

PHILIPPINES

All substances in this product comply with the Republic Act 6969 (RA 6969) and are listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals & Chemical Substances (PICCS).

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

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Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH, (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

CF 120HT



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF 120HT

APPLICATION: BIOCIDE

IMPORTER IDENTIFICATION: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER(S): +65 6542 9595

+61 430 138 290

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: TOXIC, CORROSIVE

This product is classified as hazardous according to the Safe Work Australia. This product is classified as a dangerous good only when transported by air (IATA regulations).

RISK PHRASES

R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R23 - Toxic by inhalation.

R34 - Causes burns.

R42/43 - May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

SAFETY PHRASES

S23 - Do not breathe vapor.

S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 - In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL NAME

CAS NO % (w/w)
Glutaraldehyde

111-30-8

10 - 30

The balance of the substances in this product are not classified as hazardous or are present below hazard cut-off limits

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FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL IN CASE OF CONTACT. Immediately flush eye with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. If only one eye is affected be sure to use care not to contaminate the other eye with the run-off. Get immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For a large splash, flood body under a shower. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash off affected area immediately with plenty of water. Get immediate medical attention. Contaminated leather articles such as shoes or belts must be discarded.

INGESTION:

Get immediate medical attention. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give anything to drink. Get immediate medical attention. Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 0800 764 766).

INHALATION:

Get immediate medical attention. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

As mucosal damage may occur following oral exposure to glutaraldehyde solutions, dilution with limited amounts of fluid is usually appropriate, as long as there are no contraindications. If there are no contraindications, rinse mouth several times with cool water, then have the patient sip cool water to a maximum of 250 mL (for adults). Contraindications include respiratory distress, altered mental status, severe abdominal pain, nausea or vomiting, inability to swallow (or a refusal to drink) or the patient not protecting their own airway.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not flammable

HAZCHEM CODE: 3Z

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This product would not be expected to burn unless all the water is boiled away. The remaining organics may be ignitable. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. Not flammable or combustible.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

Not expected to be sensitive to static discharge.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Ventilate spill area if possible. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Do not touch spilled material. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Notify appropriate government, occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Wash site of spillage thoroughly with water. Dilute the glutaraldehyde to 5% or less with water. Add sodium bisulfite (2-3 parts by weight per part glutaraldehyde). This will typically reduce the glutaraldehyde concentration to 2 ppm or less in 5 minutes at room temperature. The remaining solution can be disposed of via appropriate means. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Very toxic to aquatic organisms., Prevent material from entering sewers or waterways., If drains, streams, soil or sewers become contaminated, notify local authority.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

7.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled. Discard contaminated shoes, belts and other articles made of leather.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

PVC, Plexiglass, Perfluoroelastomer, Polytetrafluoroethylene/polypropylene copolymer, HDPE (high density polyethylene), Ethylene propylene, Polypropylene, Polyethylene, Stainless Steel 304, Stainless Steel 316L, Hastelloy C-276, Aluminum, Brass

UNSUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Copper, Mild steel, EPDM, Nylon, Natural rubber, Polyurethane, Chlorosulfonated polyethylene rubber, Fluoroelastomer, Neoprene, PTFE

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

The following component(s) have been assigned an exposure standard by Safe Work Australia (Australia) and/or other Agencies:

Country/Source	Substance(s)		Basis	ppm	mg/m3
AUSTRALIA	Glutaraldehyde		Peak limit	0.1	0.41
USA	Glutaraldehyde		NIOSH REL/Ceiling	0.2	0.8
		Skin *	ACGIH/Ceiling	0.05	

^{*} A skin notation refers to the potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, including mucous membranes and the eyes.

MONITORING MEASURES:

A small volume of air is drawn through an absorbant or barrier to trap the substance(s) which can then be desorbed or removed and analyzed as referenced below:

Substance(s) Method Analysis Absorbant
Glutaraldehyde UK MDHS: 93 High pressure liquid chromatography

Glass fibre filter treated with Dinitrophenyl hydrazine

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fumehood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

PERSONAL PROTECTION RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

If the occupational exposure limit is likely to be exceeded, an approved respirator must be selected and used in accordance with AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. An organic vapor cartridge with dust/mist prefilter may be used. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

HAND PROTECTION:

Impervious gloves Neoprene gloves Nitrile gloves PVC gloves Viton# gloves

SKIN PROTECTION:

When handling this product, the use of a chemical resistant suit and rubber boots is recommended. A full slicker suit is recommended if gross exposure is possible.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear a face shield with chemical splash goggles.

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HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Eye wash station and safety shower are necessary. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid
APPEARANCE Light yellow
ODOR Pungent

pH (100 %)

VAPOR PRESSURE

VAPOR DENSITY

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

DENSITY

DENSITY

3.1 - 4.5 ASTM E-70
2.13 kPa (20 °C)
No data available.

1.0605 - 1.0725 (20 °C)
No data available.

SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete

VISCOSITY 3.4 cps (20.6 °C) ASTM D-2983

VISCOSITY 2.71 cst (20 °C)

VISCOSITY 1.4 cst (40 °C) ASTM D-445

MELTING POINT -4 °C
BOILING POINT 101 °C
FLASH POINT Not flammable
LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT No data available.
UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT No data available.
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE No data available.

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

: Extremes of temperature

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors. Strong Bases Strong acids Contact with these may cause a heat-generating reaction which is not expected to be violent.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: Oxides of

carbon

HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

OVERVIEW OF HEALTH HAZARDS

ACUTE HAZARDS - EYE CONTACT

Corrosive. Will cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage. Vapors can cause watering of the

eyes. ACUTE HAZARDS - SKIN CONTACT

May cause severe irritation or tissue damage depending on the length of exposure and the type of first aid administered. Prolonged or widespread contact may result in the absorption of potentially harmful amounts of material. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Contact may cause staining.

ACUTE HAZARDS - INGESTION

Not a likely route of exposure. Harmful if swallowed. Corrosive; causes chemical burns to the mouth, throat and stomach. Small amounts of this liquid drawn into the lungs from swallowing or vomiting may cause severe health effects (e.g. bronchopneumonia or pulmonary edema).

ACUTE HAZARDS - INHALATION

Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs. Inhalation of product mist or vapors may cause respiratory allergy.

CHRONIC HAZARDS:

No adverse effects expected other than those mentioned above.

SUMMARY OF TOXICITY INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

The following results are for the active components.

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY :

Species: Rat

LD50: 1.87 mg/kg

Test-Descriptor: 25% Active Ingredient Glutaraldehyde

LD50: 1.07 - 1.62 ml/kg
Test Descriptor: 10% Active Ingredient

ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY:

Species: Rabbit

LD50: 8.0-12.8 ml/kg

Test Descriptor: 25% Active Ingredient Glutaraldehyde

ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY:

Species: Rat

LC50: 20.4 mg/L (4 hrs) Test Descriptor: Glutaraldehyde

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SENSITIZATION:

Levels of greater than 0.2% of glutaraldehyde produced allergic contact dermatitis in human studies. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

TERATOGENICITY AND EMBRYOTOXICITY:

Doses of 25 and 50 mg/kg given by gavage to pregnant rats produced decreases in maternal body weight. There were no other indications of maternal toxicity nor was there evidence of fetotoxicity or external, visceral or skeletal abnormalities. Mice (CD-1 strain) given 100 mg/kg by gavage showed fetotoxicity as evidenced by decreased body weight. At lower doses, there was no evidence of fetotoxicity or skeletal abnormalities. No evidence of teratogenic effects were noted in either species.

MUTAGENICITY:

Mutagenicity in vitro tests of Chinese hamster ovary, sister chromatid exchange and unscheduled DNA synthesis did not produce dose-related responses. Oral doses of 30 and 60 mg/kg to mice showed no effect in the dominant lethal assay. In all five strains of Salmonella, with and without metabolic activation by S9 liver homogenate, no mutagenic response was noted.

For additional information on the hazard of the preparation, please consult section 2 and 12.

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

The following results are for the active

components. Acute Fish Results:

Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Rainbow Trout	96 hrs	LC50	42.1 mg/l	25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)
Bluegill Sunfish	96 hrs	LC50	37.6 mg/l	25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)

ACUTE INVERTEBRATE RESULTS:

NOOTE INVERTEDITATE RECOEFG:				
Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Daphnia magna	48 hrs	LC50	16.9 mg/l	25% Active Ingredient (Glutaraldehyde)

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AQUATIC MICROORGANISM RESULTS:

Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Sewage Microorganisms	96 hrs	LC50	17 mg/l	25% Active Ingredient (
				Glutaraldehyde)
Sewage Microorganisms	96 hrs	NOEC	5 mg/l	25% Active Ingredient (
				Glutaraldehyde)

AVIAN RESULTS:

Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Mallard Duck		LD50	1,631 mg/kg	25% Active Ingredient
Mallard Duck		LD50	933 mg/kg	50% Active Ingredient

MOBILITY AND BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	30 - 50%	50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible. This preparation or material is not expected to bio accumulate.

PERSISTENCY AND DEGRADATION:

The organic portion of this preparation is expected to be readily biodegradable.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: High

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

Empty drums should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through a suitably qualified or licensed contractor.

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CF 120HT



SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR LANDFILL OR INCINERATION:

No additional special precautions have been identified.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

LAND TRANSPORT

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

Technical Name(s): Glutaraldehyde

UN/ID No: UN 3082

Hazard Class - Primary : 9
Packing Group : III
HAZCHEM CODE : 3Z

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: Dangerous goods of Class 9 (Miscellaneous - not fire risk

substance, not combustible liquid) are incompatible in a

placard load with any of the following:

Class 1 Explosives

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

Technical Name(s):

UN/ID No:

Glutaraldehyde
UN 3082

Hazard Class - Primary : 9

Packing Group : 9

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO)

Proper Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

Technical Name(s): Glutaraldehyde

UN/ID No: UN 3082

Hazard Class - Primary : 9
Packing Group : III

EmS-Nr.: F-A, S-F

*Marine Pollutant : Glutaraldehyde

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15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

AUSTRALIA:

NICNAS

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

S6

SUSDP SCHEDULE:

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version),

Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

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CF 200



CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: **CF 200**

APPLICATION: Friction Reducer

IMPORTER IDENTIFICATION: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER(S): +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 2.

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION:

Not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is not classified as a dangerous good according to national or international regulations.

SAFETY PHRASES

S24/25 - Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S36/37/39 - Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

3. **COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CHEMICAL NAME CAS NO % (w/w)

100 Ingredients determined not to be hazardous

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CF 200



4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Flush affected area with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush affected area with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INGESTION:

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not flammable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This product would not be expected to burn unless all the water is boiled away. The remaining organics may be ignitable. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) and sulfur (SOx) under fire conditions.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

Not expected to be sensitive to static discharge.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Ventilate spill area if possible. Notify appropriate government, occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

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ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Do not contaminate surface water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Ensure all containers are labeled.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed. Store separately from oxidizers.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Stainless Steel 304, Neoprene, Viton, Buna-N, Polypropylene, Polyethylene, Polyurethane, EPDM, Epoxy phenolic resin, HDPE (high density polyethylene), PVC

UNSUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Brass, Hypalon, Mild steel

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

None of the components have been assigned an exposure standard by Safe Work Australia (Australia) or EPA (New Zealand).

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

General ventilation is recommended.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Respiratory protection is not normally needed.

HAND PROTECTION:

NEOPRENE, NITRILE, OR PVC GLOVES Breakthrough time not determined as preparation, consult PPE manufacturers.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear standard protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side-shields.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Keep an eye wash fountain available. Keep a safety shower available. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROL PRECAUTIONS:

Consider the provision of containment around storage vessels.

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9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid
APPEARANCE Milky White

ODOR Mild

pH No data available.
VAPOR PRESSURE No data available.
VAPOR DENSITY No data available.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.198 - 1.225 (23.88 °C)
DENSITY No data available.

SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete

OCTANOL/WATER COEFFICIENT -0.9 Product (estimated) OECD 117

(log Kow)

MELTING POINT

BOILING POINT

FLASH POINT

LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT

UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

No data available.

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

: Extremes of temperature

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors. SO2 may react with vapors from neutralizing amines and may produce a visible cloud of amine salt particles.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen, Oxides of sulfur

HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

OVERVIEW OF HEALTH HAZARDS

ACUTE HAZARDS - EYE CONTACT May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

ACUTE HAZARDS - SKIN CONTACT May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

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ACUTE HAZARDS - INGESTION

Not a likely route of exposure. No adverse effects expected.

ACUTE HAZARDS - INHALATION

Not a likely route of exposure. No adverse effects expected.

CHRONIC HAZARDS:

No adverse effects expected other than those mentioned above.

SUMMARY OF TOXICITY INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA:

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

For additional information on the hazard of the preparation, please consult section 2 and 12.

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: Low

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

The following results are for the product.

AQUATIC PLANT RESULTS:

Species	Exposure	Test Type	Value	Test Descriptor
Marine Algae (Skeletonema costatum)	72 hrs	LC50	165.54 mg/l	Product
Marine Algae (Skeletonema costatum)	72 hrs	NOEC	10 mg/l	Product

MOBILITY AND BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

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If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	10 - 30%	70 - 90%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

PERSISTENCY AND DEGRADATION:

The organic portion of this preparation is expected to be inherently biodegradable.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of wastes in an approved waste treatment / disposal site, in accordance with all applicable regulations. Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.

Triple rinse (or equivalent) all containers and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

LAND TRANSPORT

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO)

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

AUSTRALIA:

NICNAS

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

SUSDP SCHEDULE : Not Listed

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version),

Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

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CF 200PH



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF200PH

APPLICATION Buffer

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

NFPA 704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 3/3 FLAMMABILITY: 0/0 INSTABILITY: 0/0 OTHER: 0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Hazard

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Our hazard evaluation has identified the following chemical substance(s) as hazardous. Consult Section 15 for the nature of the hazard(s).

Hazardous Substance(s) CAS NO % (w/w)
Potassium Hydroxide 1310-58-3 10.0 - 30.0
Inorganic salt Proprietary 10.0 - 30.0

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER

Corrosive. May cause tissue damage. Harmful if swallowed.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Use a mild soap if available.

Wear a face shield. Wear chemical resistant apron, chemical splash goggles, impervious gloves and boots.

Not flammable or combustible.

CF 200PH



PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye, Skin

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE:

EYE CONTACT:

Corrosive. Will cause eye burns and permanent tissue damage.

SKIN CONTACT:

Corrosive; causes permanent skin damage.

INGESTION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Corrosive; causes chemical burns to the mouth, throat and stomach. Harmful if swallowed.

INHALATION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mists or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Get immediate medical attention. PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL IN CASE OF CONTACT. Immediately flush eye with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use a mild soap if available. For a large splash, flood body under a shower. Get immediate medical attention. Contaminated clothing, shoes, and leather goods must be discarded or cleaned before re-use.

INGESTION:

Get immediate medical attention. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. Get immediate medical attention.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Not expected to burn. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

Not flammable or combustible.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ventilate spill area if possible. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Do not touch spilled material. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Notify appropriate government, occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Do not contaminate surface water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled. Do not mix with acids.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed. Store separately from acids.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Shipping and long term storage compatibility with construction materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Exposure guidelines have not been established for this product. Available exposure limits for the substance(s) are shown below.

Substance(s)

Category:
ppm
mg/m3
Non-Standard
Unit

Potassium Hydroxide

ACGIH/Ceiling
2

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

General ventilation is recommended. Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.

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RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits given in this section or when significant mists, vapors, aerosols, or dusts are generated, an approved air purifying respirator equipped with suitable filter cartridges is recommended. Consult the respirator / cartridge manufacturer data to verify the suitability of specific devices. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

HAND PROTECTION:

When handling this product, the use of chemical gauntlets is recommended. The choice of work glove depends on work conditions and what chemicals are handled. Please contact the PPE manufacturer for advice on what type of glove material may be suitable. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of degradation are observed.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear chemical resistant apron, chemical splash goggles, impervious gloves and boots. A full slicker suit is recommended if gross exposure is possible.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear a face shield with chemical splash goggles.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Eye wash station and safety shower are necessary. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

HUMAN EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our recommended product application and personal protective equipment, the potential human exposure is: Low

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid

APPEARANCE Colorless Clear

ODOR None

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.37 @ 70.0 °F / 21.1 °C

DENSITY 11.4 lb/gal SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete pH (100.0 %) > 13.0

INITIAL BOILING POINT 212.0 °F / 100.0 °C

VAPOR PRESSURE < 5.1 mm Hg @ 100.0 °F / 37.7 °C

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid extremes of temperature.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Acids Contact with strong acids (e.g. sulfuric, phosphoric, nitric, hydrochloric, chromic, sulfonic) may generate heat, splattering or boiling and toxic vapors.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: None known

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

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12. | ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

MOBILITY:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	30 - 50%	50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental exposure is: Low

If released into the environment, see CERCLA/SUPERFUND in Section 15.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it could meet the criteria of a hazardous waste.

Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

CF 200PH



LAND TRANSPORT:

Proper Shipping Name: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Technical Name(s): Potassium Hydroxide

UN/ID No : UN 1814

Hazard Class - Primary : 8
Packing Group : II

Flash Point : Not applicable Reportable Quantity (per package) : 8,890 lbs

RQ Component: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

The presence of an RQ component (Reportable Quantity for U.S. EPA and DOT) in this product causes it to be regulated with an additional description of RQ for road, or as a class 9 for road and air, ONLY when the net weight in the package exceeds the calculated RQ for the product.

Proper Shipping Name: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Technical Name(s): Potassium Hydroxide

UN/ID No : UN 1814

Hazard Class - Primary : 8
Packing Group : II

Reportable Quantity (per package): 8,890 lbs

RQ Component: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO):

Proper Shipping Name: POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Technical Name(s): Potassium Hydroxide

UN/ID No : UN 1814

Hazard Class - Primary : 8
Packing Group : II

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information that may have relevance to regulatory compliance. The information in this section is for reference only. It is not exhaustive, and should not be relied upon to take the place of an individualized compliance or hazard assessment. Condor Energy Services accepts no liability for the use of this information.

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

Due to our commitment to Product Stewardship, we have evaluated the human and environmental hazards and exposures of this product. Based on our recommended use of this product, we have characterized the product's general risk. This information should provide assistance for your own risk management practices. We have evaluated our product's risk as follows:

* The human risk is: Low

* The environmental risk is: Low

Any use inconsistent with our recommendations may affect the risk characterization. Our sales representative will assist you to determine if your product application is consistent with our recommendations. Together we can implement an appropriate risk management process.

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, OH., (Ariel Insight™ CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version),

Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Title 29 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1910, Subpart Z, Toxic and Hazardous Substances, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), (Ariel Insight™ CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH.

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Ariel Insight[™] (An integrated guide to industrial chemicals covered under major regulatory and advisory programs), North American Module, Western European Module, Chemical Inventories Module and the Generics Module (Ariel Insight[™] CD-ROM Version), Ariel Research Corp., Bethesda, MD.

CF 200PH



The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Condor Energy HSEQ Department 27 March 2014 Prepared By:

Date issued:

Version Number: 1.0

CF 305DXL



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF 305DXL

APPLICATION: FRACTURING ADDITIVE

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

NFPA 704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: $2/2^*$ FLAMMABILITY: 1/1 INSTABILITY: 0/0 OTHER: 0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Hazard

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Our hazard evaluation has identified the following chemical substance(s) as hazardous. Consult Section 15 for the nature of the hazard(s).

Hazardous Substance(s)CAS NO% (w/w)Ulexite1319-33-130.0 - 60.0Alkyl AlcoholProprietary5.0 - 10.0Sulfur compoundProprietary1.0 - 5.0

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

DANGER

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. May impair fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water. Use a mild soap if available.

Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves. Wear chemical splash goggles.

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) under fire conditions.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye, Skin

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HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE:

EYE CONTACT:

Can cause moderate to severe irritation.

SKIN CONTACT:

Can cause moderate irritation.

INGESTION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Can cause mild irritation. There may be irritation to the gastro-intestinal tract with nausea and vomiting.

INHALATION:

Not a likely route of exposure. Irritating to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs.

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - CHRONIC:

May impair fertility. May cause harm to the unborn child.

4. | FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Immediately flush eye with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Use a mild soap if available. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INGESTION:

Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

5. | FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 200 F/ > 93.3 °C

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This product would not be expected to burn unless all the water is boiled away. The remaining organics may be ignitable. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. May evolve oxides of nitrogen (NOx) under fire conditions.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

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CF 305DXL



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ventilate spill area if possible. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Do not touch spilled material. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Notify appropriate government, occupational health and safety and environmental authorities.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Prevent material from entering sewers or waterways.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed. Store separately from oxidizers.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

Shipping and long term storage compatibility with construction materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

Exposure guidelines have not been established for this product. Available exposure limits for the substance(s) are shown below.

Substance(s)Basisppmmg/m3Non-StandardAlkyl AlcoholACGIH/TWA10Unit

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* A skin notation refers to the potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, including mucous membranes and the eyes.

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

General ventilation is recommended. Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Where concentrations in air may exceed the limits given in this section or when significant mists, vapors, aerosols, or dusts are generated, an approved air purifying respirator equipped with suitable filter cartridges is recommended. Consult the respirator / cartridge manufacturer data to verify the suitability of specific devices. In event of emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations a positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA should be used. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and inspection.

HAND PROTECTION:

When handling this product, the use of chemical gloves is recommended. The choice of work glove depends on work conditions and what chemicals are handled. Please contact the PPE manufacturer for advice on what type of glove material may be suitable. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of degradation are observed.

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear standard protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear chemical splash goggles.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Keep an eye wash fountain available. Keep a safety shower available. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

HUMAN EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our recommended product application and personal protective equipment, the potential human exposure is: Low

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Slurry

APPEARANCE Milky Off-white Light grey

ODOR None

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.45 @ 60.0 °F / 15.5 °C

DENSITY 12.0 lb/gal SOLUBILITY IN WATER Dispersible pH (100.0 %) 7.0

VISCOSITY 450.0 cps @ 75.0 °F / 23.8 °C

POUR POINT -40.0 °F / -40.0 °C INITIAL BOILING POINT 212.0 °F / 100.0 °C

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

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CF 305DXL



10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Avoid extremes of temperature.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: Oxides of carbon, Oxides of nitrogen

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

TERATOGENICITY AND EMBRYOTOXICITY:

A component of this product may impair fertility and/or may cause harm to the unborn child.

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

CF 305DXL



12. | ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

MOBILITY:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	10 - 30%	30 - 50%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental exposure is: High

If released into the environment, see CERCLA/SUPERFUND in Section 15.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

If this product becomes a waste, it is not a hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261, since it does not have the characteristics of Subpart C, nor is it listed under Subpart D.

As a non-hazardous waste, it is not subject to federal regulation. Consult state or local regulation for any additional handling, treatment or disposal requirements. For disposal, contact a properly licensed waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The information in this section is for reference only and should not take the place of a shipping paper (bill of lading) specific to an order. Please note that the proper Shipping Name / Hazard Class may vary by packaging, properties, and mode of transportation. Typical Proper Shipping Names for this product are as follows.

CF 305DXL



LAND TRANSPORT:

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

AIR TRANSPORT (ICAO/IATA):

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

MARINE TRANSPORT (IMDG/IMO):

Proper Shipping Name: PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This section contains additional information that may have relevance to regulatory compliance. The information in this section is for reference only. It is not exhaustive, and should not be relied upon to take the place of an individualized compliance or hazard assessment. Condor Energy Services accepts no liability for the use of this information.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Due to our commitment to Product Stewardship, we have evaluated the human and environmental hazards and exposures of this product. Based on our recommended use of this product, we have characterized the product's general risk. This information should provide assistance for your own risk management practices. We have evaluated our product's risk as follows:

* The human risk is: Low

* The environmental risk is: Low

Any use inconsistent with our recommendations may affect the risk characterization. Our sales representative will assist you to determine if your product application is consistent with our recommendations. Together we can implement an appropriate risk management process.

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information.

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

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CF 305DXL



Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 27 March 2014

Version Number: 1.0

Ver 1.0 27 March 2014 Page **8** of **8**

CF 110SC



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: CF 110 SC

APPLICATION SCALE INHIBITOR

IMPORTER: Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4, 15 Ogilvie Road Applecross WA 6153

Australia

+61 8 9315 5986

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: +61 430 138 290 (24 Hours)

+65 6542 9595

NFPA 704M/HMIS RATING

HEALTH: 0/0 FLAMMABILITY: 1/1 INSTABILITY: 0/0 OTHER: 0 = Insignificant 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = High 4 = Extreme * = Chronic Health Hazard

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Based on our hazard evaluation, none of the substances in this product are hazardous

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION

May cause irritation with prolonged contact.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. May evolve oxides of sulfur (SOx) under fire conditions. Not flammable or combustible.

CF 110SC



PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Eye, Skin

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE:

EYE CONTACT:

No adverse effects expected

SKIN CONTACT:

No adverse effects expected

INGESTION:

Not a likely route of exposure. No adverse effects expected.

INHALATION:

Not a likely route of exposure. No adverse effects expected.

SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE:

Acute:

A review of available data does not identify any symptoms from exposure not previously mentioned.

Chronic:

A review of available data does not identify any symptoms from exposure not previously mentioned

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - CHRONIC:

No adverse effects expected other than those mentioned above

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT:

Flush affected area with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

SKIN CONTACT:

Flush affected area with water. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

INGESTION:

Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If conscious, washout mouth and give water to drink. If vomiting occurs, rinse mouth and repeat administration of water.

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, treat symptomatically. If symptoms develop, seek medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

CF 110SC



5. | FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 105 °C (PMCC)

LEL No data available UEL No data available

AUTOIGNITION Temperature No data available

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This product would not be expected to burn unless all the water is boiled away. The remaining organics may be ignitable. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD:

May evolve oxides of carbon (COx) under fire conditions. May evolve oxides of sulfur (SOx) under fire conditions. Not flammable or combustible.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTING:

In case of fire, wear a full face positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT:

Not expected to be sensitive to mechanical impact

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

Not expected to be sensitive to static discharge.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:

Restrict access to area as appropriate until clean-up operations are complete. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Stop or reduce any leaks if it is safe to do so. Ventilate spill area if possible.

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:

SMALL SPILLS: Soak up spill with absorbent material. Place residues in a suitable, covered, properly labeled container. Wash affected area. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by diking. Reclaim into recovery or salvage drums or tank truck for proper disposal. Clean contaminated surfaces with water or aqueous cleaning agents. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material. Dispose of material in compliance with regulations indicated in Section 13 (Disposal Considerations).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:

Do not contaminate surface water

CF 110SC



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not take internally. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapors/gases/dust. Keep the containers closed when not in use. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available. Ensure all containers are labeled.

STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store in suitable labeled containers. Store the containers tightly closed.

SUITABLE CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL:

HDPE (high density polyethylene), Natural rubber, Viton, Polypropylene, Stainless Steel 304, Stainless Steel 316L, PTFE, Epoxyresin coating, Compatibility with Plastic Materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is tested prior to use.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

This product does not contain any substance that has an established exposure limit.

ENGINEERING MEASURES:

General ventilation is recommended. The use of local exhaust ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source. Laboratory samples should be handled in a fume hood. Provide mechanical ventilation of confined spaces.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Respiratory protection is not normally needed

HAND PROTECTION:

See general advice

SKIN PROTECTION:

See general advice.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses with side-shields.

HYGIENE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Consider the provision in the work area of a safety shower and eyewash. Always wash thoroughly after handling chemicals. When handling this product never eat, drink or smoke.

HUMAN EXPOSURE CHARACTERISATION:

Based on our recommended product application and personal protective equipment, the potential human exposure is: Low

CF 110SC



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Liquid

APPEARANCE Light Yellow

ODOR No data available

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.245 @ 20 °C SOLUBILITY IN WATER Complete

pH (100.0%) 5.3

VISCOSITY 7 cst @ 40 °C

BOILING POINT 212.0 °F / 100.0 °C

VAPOR PRESSURE no data available

EVAPORATION RATE no data available

VAPOR DENSITY no data available

COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION no data available

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product and are subject to change.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Heat and sources of ignition including static discharges.

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Under fire conditions: Oxides of carbon, Oxides of sulfur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this product.

SENSITIZATION:

This product is not expected to be a sensitizer.

CARCINOGENICITY:

None of the substances in this product are listed as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).

CF 110SC



REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS:

No quantitative data available.

TERATOGENICITY AND EMBRYOTOXICITY:

No quantitative data available.

MUTAGENICITY:

No quantitative data available

OTHER TOXICITY INFORMATION:

Toxicologically Synergistic Products: None known

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION:

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: Low

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

No toxicity studies have been conducted on this

MOBILITY:

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air	Water	Soil/Sediment
<5%	30-50%	50-70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL

This preparation or material is not expected to bio-accumulate.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Based on our recommended product application and the product's characteristics, the potential environmental exposure is: Low

CF 110SC



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of wastes in an approved incinerator or waste treatment/disposal site, in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Product is not regulated during transportation.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

No data available.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Due to our commitment to Product Stewardship, we have evaluated the human and environmental hazards and exposures of this product. Based on our recommended use of this product, we have characterized the product's general risk. This information should provide assistance for your own risk management practices. We have evaluated our product's risk as follows:

- The human risk is: Low
- The environmental risk is: Low

Any use inconsistent with our recommendations may affect the risk characterization. Our sales representative will assist you to determine if your product application is consistent with our recommendations. Together we can implement an appropriate risk management process.

This product material safety data sheet provides health and safety information. The product is to be used in applications consistent with our product literature. Individuals handling this product should be informed of the recommended safety precautions and should have access to this information. For any other uses, exposures should be evaluated so that appropriate handling practices and training programs can be established to insure safe workplace operations. Please consult your local sales representative for any further information

Prepared By: Condor Energy HSEQ Department

Date issued: 18 June 2014

Version Number: 1.0



SAFETY DATA SHEET

NALCO® CF10GGC

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : NALCO® CF10GGC

Other means of identification : Not applicable.

Recommended use : FRACTURING ADDITIVE

Restrictions on use : Refer to available product literature or ask your local Sales

Representative for restrictions on use and dose limits.

Company : Nalco Australia

2 Drake Avenue

Macquarie Park NSW 2113

Australia

A.B.N. 59 000 449 990 TEL: +61 2 8870 8100 FAX: +61 2 8870 8680

Emergency telephone : 1800 205 506

number International: +65 6542 9595 Free call: +800 2537 8747

Issuing date : 03.08.2014

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is not classified as a dangerous good according to national or international regulations.

S-phrase(s)

This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration: (%)

Hydrotreated Light Distillate64742-47-830 - 60Hexamethylene Glycol629-11-80.1 - 1

The balance of the substances in this product are not classified as hazardous or are present below

hazard cut-off limits

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

NALCO® CF10GGC

If swallowed : Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New

Zealand 0800 764 766).

If inhaled : Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action. Do

> not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Not flammable

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with

non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth,

diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

: For personal protection see section 8. Wash hands after handling. Advice on safe handling

Conditions for safe storage : Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in

suitable labeled containers.

NALCO® CF10GGC

Suitable material : Keep in properly labelled containers.

Unsuitable material not determined

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Form of exposure	Permissible concentration	Basis
Hydrotreated Light Distillate	64742-47-8	TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z1
		TWA	200 mg/m3	ACGIH
Hexamethylene Glycol	629-11-8	TWA	10 mg/m3	WEEL

Engineering measures : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses

: Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of Hand protection

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : slurry Colour : Opaque Odour : Hydrocarbon

76.7 °C Flash point

Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup

Estimated

pΗ : no data available Odour Threshold : no data available Melting point/freezing point : no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : 246.1 °C

range

Evaporation rate : no data available Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available Upper explosion limit : no data available Lower explosion limit : no data available

NALCO® CF10GGC

Vapour pressure : 0.23 hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapour density : no data available
Relative density : 1.020 - 1.090
Density : no data available
Water solubility : Emulsifiable

Solubility in other solvents : no data available
Partition coefficient: n- : no data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available
Thermal decomposition : Carbon oxides
Viscosity, dynamic : 350 mPa.s (22 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : 350 mm2/s
VOC : no data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : None known

Hazardous decomposition : Carbon oxides

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

exposure

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Skin : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Ingestion : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : No symptoms known or expected.

Skin contact : No symptoms known or expected.

Ingestion : No symptoms known or expected.

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected.

NALCO® CF10GGC

Toxicity

Product

: no data available Acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : no data available

Acute dermal toxicity : no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation : no data available

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: no data available

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: no data available

Carcinogenicity : no data available

Reproductive effects : no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity : no data available

Teratogenicity : no data available

STOT - single exposure : no data available

STOT - repeated exposure : no data available

Aspiration toxicity : no data available

Components

Acute oral toxicity : Hydrotreated Light Distillate

LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: Low

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Environmental Effects : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product

: no data available Toxicity to fish

Toxicity to daphnia and other : no data available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : Hydrotreated Light Distillate

NALCO® CF10GGC

LC50 : > 1,000 mg/lExposure time: 96 h

Components

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : Hydrotreated Light Distillate

EC50 : > 1,000 mg/lExposure time: 72 h

Components

Toxicity to algae : Hydrotreated Light Distillate

> EC50 : > 1,000 mg/lExposure time: 48 h

Components

: Hydrotreated Light Distillate Toxicity to bacteria

> 1,000 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Mobility

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

: 10 - 30% Air Water : 50 - 70% : 10 - 30% Soil

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available Other information

no data available

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

: Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or Disposal methods

> incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an

approved waste disposal facility.

: Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be Disposal considerations

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NALCO® CF10GGC

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport

Proper shipping name : Not Regulated for Transport except by Road in Bulk

(Combustible Liquid)

Special precautions for user : This product is classified as a combustible liquid and is not

regulated for transport unless transported in bulk aboard a vehicle at the same time as a Class 3 dangerous goods - in bulk or as packaged goods with an aggregate quantity exceeding 1000 litres. Refer to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail for specific

details.

Air transport (IATA)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Sea Transport (IMDG/IMO)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 5

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS:

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

CHINA

All substances in this product comply with the Provisions on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances and are listed on or exempt from the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances China (IECSC).

JAPAN

All substances in this product comply with the Law Regulating the Manufacture and Importation Of Chemical Substances and are listed on the Existing and New Chemical Substances list (ENCS).

KORFA

All substances in this product comply with the Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) and are listed on the Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

PHILIPPINES

All substances in this product comply with the Republic Act 6969 (RA 6969) and are listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals & Chemical Substances (PICCS).

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES

NALCO® CF10GGC

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Revision Date : 03.08.2014 Date of first issue : 04.08.2014

Version Number : 1.0

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the MSDS.

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

For additional copies of an MSDS visit www.nalco.com and request access.



CF600CI

Section: 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : CF600CI

Other means of identification : Not applicable.

Recommended use : ACID CORROSION INHIBITOR

Restrictions on use : Refer to available product literature or ask your local Sales

Representative for restrictions on use and dose limits.

Company : Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4 / 15 Ogilive Road

Mt Pleasant, 6153

Western Australia TEL: +61 8 9315 5986 FAX: +61 8 9364 8569

Emergency telephone : 1800 205 506

number International: +65 6542 9595 Free call: +800 2537 8747

Issuing date : 11.11.2014

Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE

This product is classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is classified as a dangerous good according to national and/or international regulations.

R-phrase(s)

Highly flammable.

Harmful by inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

Causes burns.

Harmful: possible risk of irreversible effects through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed.

May cause sensitization by skin contact.

S-phrase(s)

Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

CF600CI

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Pure substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Concentration: (%)
Formic Acid	64-18-6	30 - 60
Cinnamaldehyde	104-55-2	10 - 30
Isopropanol	67-63-0	5 - 10
2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol	60-24-2	1 - 5
Methanol	67-56-1	1 - 5

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Use a mild soap if available. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention

immediately.

If swallowed : Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New

Zealand 0800 764 766).

Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention

immediately.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action. Do

not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

: See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and

symptoms.

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: High volume water jet

Specific hazards during : Fire Hazard

CF600CI

firefighting Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed

of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazchem Code : ●3WE

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

INITIAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE NO : 18

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and

8.

Environmental precautions

: Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which

might cause ignition of organic vapours). Do not ingest. Keep away

from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep in a cool, well-

ventilated place. Keep away from oxidizing agents. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in suitable

labeled containers.

Suitable material : The following compatibility data is suggested based on similar

product data and/or industry experience: HDPE (high density polyethylene), Stainless Steel 304, Stainless Steel 316L, Hastelloy

C-276, PTFE, Perfluoroelastomer

CF600CI

Unsuitable material

: The following compatibility data is suggested based on similar product data and/or industry experience: Copper, Ethylene propylene, Mild steel, Polypropylene, Polyethylene, Plexiglass, EPDM, Brass, PVC, Buna-N, Polyurethane, Neoprene, Aluminum, Chlorosulfonated polyethylene rubber,

Polytetrafluoroethylene/polypropylene copolymer, Fluoroelastomer

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Exposure guidelines have not been established for this product. Available exposure limits for the substance(s) are shown below.

Components	CAS-No.	Form of exposure	Permissible concentration	Basis
Formic Acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	AU OEL
		VLE	10 ppm 19 mg/m3	AU OEL
Formic Acid	64-18-6	WES-STEL	10 ppm 19 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Formic Acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	OSHA Z1
Isopropanol	67-63-0	TWA	400 ppm 983 mg/m3	AU OEL
		VLE	500 ppm 1,230 mg/m3	AU OEL
Isopropanol	67-63-0	WES-TWA	400 ppm 983 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	500 ppm 1,230 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Isopropanol	67-63-0	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	400 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		STEL	500 ppm 1,225 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	400 ppm 980 mg/m3	OSHA Z1
2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol	60-24-2	TWA	0.2 ppm	WEEL
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200 ppm 262 mg/m3	AU OEL
		VLE	250 ppm 328 mg/m3	AU OEL
Methanol	67-56-1	WES-TWA	200 ppm 262 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-STEL	250 ppm 328 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Methanol	67-56-1	TWA	200 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	250 ppm	ACGIH

CF600CI

TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
STEL	250 ppm 325 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
TWA	200 ppm 260 mg/m3	OSHA Z1

Engineering measures : Effective exhaust ventilation system Maintain air concentrations

below occupational exposure standards.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Face-shield

> Safety goggles Face-shield

Hand protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Standard glove type.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin protection : Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective

gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit

they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

> practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes

and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid

Colour : dark brown

Odour : Sharp : 13 °C Flash point

Method: ASTM D 93, Pensky-Martens closed cup

pН : 3.1, 5 %

Odour Threshold : no data available Melting point/freezing point : no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : 64.4 °C

range

: no data available Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available Upper explosion limit : no data available Lower explosion limit : no data available Vapour pressure : 92.5 mm Hg (15.6 °C)

CF600CI

118.4 mm Hg (37.7 °C)

Relative vapour density : 1.11

Relative density : 1.11 (15.6 °C)

Density : 9.26 lb/gal

Water solubility : dispersible

Solubility in other solvents : no data available

Partition coefficient: n- : no data available

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available
Thermal decomposition : no data available

temperature

: no data available

Viscosity, dynamic : no data available Viscosity, kinematic : 12 mm2/s (40 °C)

VOC : no data available

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates,

nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may

generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

Strong Bases

Contact with strong alkalies (e.g. ammonia and its solutions, carbonates, sodium hydroxide (caustic), potassium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide (lime), cyanide, sulfide, hypochlorites, chlorites)

may generate heat, splattering or boiling and toxic vapors.

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

exposure

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Skin : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns. May

cause allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Causes digestive tract burns.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause nose, throat, and lung irritation.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : Redness, Pain, Corrosion

CF600CI

Skin contact : Redness, Pain, Irritation, Corrosion, Allergic reactions

Ingestion : Corrosion, Abdominal pain

Inhalation : Respiratory irritation, Cough

Toxicity

Product

Acute oral toxicity : no data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : no data available

Acute dermal toxicity : no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation : no data available

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: no data available

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: no data available

Carcinogenicity : Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen

Reproductive effects : No toxicity to reproduction

Germ cell mutagenicity : Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Teratogenicity : no data available

STOT - single exposure : no data available

STOT - repeated exposure : no data available

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

Components

Acute oral toxicity : Isopropanol

LD50 rat: 4,710 mg/kg

2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol LD50 rat: 131 mg/kg

Components

Acute inhalation toxicity : Isopropanol

LC50 rat: 30 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

CF600CI

2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol

LC50 rat: 2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h

Components

Acute dermal toxicity : Isopropanol

LD50 rabbit: 12,870 mg/kg

2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol LD50 rabbit: 168 mg/kg

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other : no data available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : Formic Acid

> LC50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Isopropanol

LC50 Fish: 9,640 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Methanol

LC50: 15,400 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Components

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: 2-Mercaptoethyl Alcohol

EC50: 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

Methanol

EC50 : > 10,000 mg/lExposure time: 48 h

Components

Toxicity to algae : Methanol

EC50: 22,000 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

Components

CF600CI

Toxicity to bacteria : Methanol

> 1,000 mg/l

Components

Toxicity to fish (Chronic : Methanol

toxicity) NOEC: 7,900 mg/l

Exposure time: 8.3 d

Persistence and degradability

The organic portion of this preparation is expected to be inherently biodegradable.

Mobility

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models. If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air : <5% Water : 10 - 30% Soil : 50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to float on the surface.

Bioaccumulative potential

Component substances have a low potential to bioconcentrate.

Other information

no data available

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Low

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an

approved waste disposal facility.

Disposal considerations : Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

CF600CI

Technical name(s): : Isopropanol, Formic Acid

UN/ID No. : UN 2924
Transport hazard class(es) : 3, 8
Packing group : II
IERG No : 18
Hazchem Code : ●3WE

Special precautions for user : Dangerous goods of Class 3 (Flammable Liquid) Subsidiary

Class 8 (Alkali) are incompatible in a placard load with any of

the following:

and are incompatible with food or food packaging in any

quantity.

Class 1 Explosives

Class 2.1 Flammable gases (where both are in bulk)

Class 2.3 Poisonous gases

Class 4.2 Spontaneously combustible substances Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet substances

Class 5.1 Oxidising agents
Class 5.2 Organic peroxides
Class 7 Radioactive substances

Air transport (IATA)

UN/ID No. : UN 2924

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

Technical name(s) : Isopropanol, Formic Acid

Transport hazard class(es) : 3, 8
Packing group : II

Sea transport (IMDG/IMO)

UN/ID No. : UN 2924

Proper shipping name : FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.

Technical name(s) : Isopropanol, Formic Acid

Transport hazard class(es) : 3, 8
Packing group : II

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 6

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS:

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

The substances in this preparation are included on or exempted from the TSCA 8(b) Inventory (40 CFR 710)

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA)

The substance(s) in this preparation are included in or exempted from the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

CHINA

This product contains substance(s) which are not in compliance with the Provisions on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances and may require additional review.

CF600CI

EUROPE

The substances in this preparation have been reviewed for compliance with the EINECS or ELINCS inventories.

JAPAN

This product contains substance(s) which are not in compliance with the Law Regulating the Manufacture and Importation Of Chemical Substances and are not listed on the Existing and New Chemical Substances list (ENCS).

KOREA

This product contains substance(s) which are not in compliance with the Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) and may require additional review.

PHILIPPINES

This product contains substance(s) which are not in compliance with the Republic Act 6969 (RA 6969) and may require additional review.

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. Cincinnati, OH.

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Revision Date : 11.11.2014

Version Number : 1.1

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the MSDS.

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

info@condorenergy.com.au

NALCO An Ecolab Company

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CA370FE

Section: 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : CA370FE

Other means of identification : Not applicable.

Recommended use : IRON CONTROL ADDITIVE

Restrictions on use : Refer to available product literature or ask your local Sales

Representative for restrictions on use and dose limits.

Company : Nalco Australia

2 Drake Avenue

Macquarie Park NSW 2113

Australia

A.B.N. 59 000 449 990 TEL: +61 2 8870 8100 FAX: +61 2 8870 8680

Emergency telephone

number

: 1800 205 506

International: +65 6542 9595 Free call: +800 2537 8747

Issuing date : 23.05.2014

Section: 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is not classified as a dangerous good according to national or international regulations.

R-phrase(s)

not hazardous

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

Section: 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration: (%)

Ingredients determined not to be hazardous 100

Section: 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact : Rinse with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

If swallowed : Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New

CA370FE

Zealand 0800 764 766).

If inhaled : Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action. Do

not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section: 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local Suitable extinguishing media

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Not flammable or combustible.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. In the

event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

Section: 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with

non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth,

diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise

contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

Section: 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only with adequate

ventilation.

: Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in Conditions for safe storage

suitable labeled containers.

Suitable material : Keep in properly labelled containers.

CA370FE

Unsuitable material : not determined

Section: 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

We are not aware of any national exposure limit.

Engineering measures : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker

exposure to airborne contaminants.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses

Hand protection : Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Hygiene measures : Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash

hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

Section: 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : solid

Colour : no data available
Odour : no data available

Flash point : > 100 °C

pH : 5 - 8, Concentration:: 50.00 g/l

5 %

Odour Threshold : no data available

Melting point/freezing point : no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : no data available

range

: no data available **Evaporation rate** : no data available Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available Upper explosion limit : no data available Lower explosion limit Vapour pressure : no data available Relative vapour density : no data available Relative density : no data available Density : no data available Water solubility : 153 g/l (25 °C)

CA370FE

Solubility in other solvents : no data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: no data available

Auto-ignition temperature : no data available Thermal decomposition : Carbon oxides : no data available Viscosity, dynamic : no data available Viscosity, kinematic VOC : no data available

Section: 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Hazardous decomposition

: Carbon oxides

Section: 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of : Eye contact, Skin contact

exposure

products

Potential Health Effects

: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Eyes

Skin : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Ingestion : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Inhalation : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : No symptoms known or expected.

Skin contact : No symptoms known or expected.

Ingestion : No symptoms known or expected.

Inhalation : No symptoms known or expected.

Toxicity

Product

Acute oral toxicity : no data available

: no data available Acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : no data available

CA370FE

Skin corrosion/irritation : no data available

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: no data available

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: no data available

Carcinogenicity : No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive effects : no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity : no data available

Teratogenicity : no data available

STOT - single exposure : no data available

STOT - repeated exposure : no data available

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

Section: 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other : no data available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Persistence and degradability

no data available

Mobility

no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Other information

no data available

Section: 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an

approved waste disposal facility.

CA370FE

Disposal considerations : Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section: 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Air transport (IATA)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Sea Transport (IMDG/IMO)

Proper shipping name : PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED DURING

TRANSPORTATION

Section: 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS:

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

The substances in this preparation are included on or exempted from the TSCA 8(b) Inventory (40 CFR 710)

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA)

The substance(s) in this preparation are included in or exempted from the Domestic Substance List (DSL).

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

CHINA

All substances in this product comply with the Provisions on the Environmental Administration of New Chemical Substances and are listed on or exempt from the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances China (IECSC).

EUROPE

The substances in this preparation have been reviewed for compliance with the EINECS or ELINCS inventories.

JAPAN

All substances in this product comply with the Law Regulating the Manufacture and Importation Of Chemical Substances and are listed on the Existing and New Chemical Substances list (ENCS).

KOREA

All substances in this product comply with the Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) and are listed on the Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

CA370FE

PHILIPPINES

All substances in this product comply with the Republic Act 6969 (RA 6969) and are listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals & Chemical Substances (PICCS).

Section: 16. OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Revision Date : 23.05.2014

Version Number : 1.0

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the MSDS.

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For additional copies of an MSDS visit www.nalco.com and request access.

COMOR

SAFETY DATA SHEET

CAI200

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : CAI200

Other means of identification : Not applicable.

Recommended use : CORROSION INHIBITOR INTENSIFIER

Restrictions on use : Refer to available product literature or ask your local Sales

Representative for restrictions on use and dose limits.

Company : Condor Energy Services Ltd

Level 4 / 15 Ogilive Road

Mt Pleasant, 6153

Western Australia

TEL: Ph: +61 8 9315 5986 FAX: Fax: +61 8 9364 8569

Emergency telephone : 1800 205 506

number International: +65 6542 9595 Free call: +800 2537 8747

Issuing date : 01.07.2014

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification

CORROSIVE

This product is classified as hazardous according to Safe Work Australia. This product is classified as a dangerous good according to national and/or international regulations.

R-phrase(s)

Causes burns.

S-phrase(s)

In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

This material and/or its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name CAS-No. Concentration: (%)

Formic Acid 64-18-6 60 - 100

CAI200

The balance of the substances in this product are not classified as hazardous or are present below hazard cut-off limits

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact : Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Use a mild soap if available. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Get medical attention

immediately.

If swallowed : Contact the Poison's Information Centre (eg Australia 13 1126; New

Zealand 0800 764 766).

Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention

immediately.

If inhaled : Remove to fresh air. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if

symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : In event of emergency assess the danger before taking action. Do

not put yourself at risk of injury. If in doubt, contact emergency responders. Use personal protective equipment as required.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Fire Hazard

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

Hazardous combustion

products

: Carbon oxides

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

: Use personal protective equipment.

Specific extinguishing

methods

: Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Hazchem Code : 2X

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

INITIAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDE NO : 36

CAI200

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Ensure clean-up is conducted by trained personnel only. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

: Do not allow contact with soil, surface or ground water.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Flush away traces with water. For large spills, dike spilled material or otherwise contain material to ensure runoff does not reach a waterway.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling : Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which

might cause ignition of organic vapours). Do not ingest. Keep away

from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Do not breathe

dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on

clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep away from

oxidizing agents. Keep away from strong bases. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in suitable labeled

containers.

Suitable material : The following compatibility data is suggested based on similar

product data and/or industry experience: Compatibility with Plastic Materials can vary; we therefore recommend that compatibility is

tested prior to use.

Unsuitable material : not determined

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Form of exposure	Permissible concentration	Basis
Formic Acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	AU OEL
		VLE	10 ppm 19 mg/m3	AU OEL
Formic Acid	64-18-6	WES-STEL	10 ppm 19 mg/m3	NZ OEL
		WES-TWA	5 ppm 9.4 mg/m3	NZ OEL
Formic Acid	64-18-6	TWA	5 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	5 ppm 9 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
_		TWA	5 ppm	OSHA Z1

CAI200

9 mg/m3

Engineering measures : Effective exhaust ventilation system. Maintain air concentrations

below occupational exposure standards.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety goggles

Face-shield

Hand protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Standard glove type.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin protection : Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective

gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

Respiratory protection : When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit

they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

> practice. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Provide suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes

and body in case of contact or splash hazard.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Liquid

Colour Colorless Odour Pungent 66.0 °C Flash point

minimum

pΗ 1.0, 100 %

Odour Threshold : no data available

Melting point/freezing point : MELTING POINT: -10.0 °C, <

Initial boiling point and boiling : 107.0 °C Calculated

range

: no data available **Evaporation rate** Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available Upper explosion limit : no data available Lower explosion limit : no data available

Vapour pressure 33.0 mm Hg (20.0 °C)

Relative vapour density no data available Relative density no data available Density no data available Water solubility : completely soluble : no data available Solubility in other solvents

CAI200

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: no data available

Auto-ignition temperature

: no data available

Thermal decomposition

: Carbon oxides : no data available

Viscosity, dynamic Viscosity, kinematic

: no data available

VOC

: 85.0 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

: Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials

: Contact with strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorine, peroxides, chromates, nitric acid, perchlorate, concentrated oxygen, permanganate) may

generate heat, fires, explosions and/or toxic vapors.

Bases

Contact with strong alkalies (e.g. ammonia and its solutions, carbonates, sodium hydroxide (caustic), potassium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide (lime), cyanide, sulfide, hypochlorites, chlorites)

may generate heat, splattering or boiling and toxic vapors.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

exposure

Information on likely routes of : Inhalation, Eye contact, Skin contact

Potential Health Effects

Eyes : Causes serious eye damage.

Skin : Causes severe skin burns.

Ingestion : Causes digestive tract burns.

: Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Inhalation

Chronic Exposure : Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Experience with human exposure

Eye contact : Redness, Pain, Corrosion

Skin contact : Redness, Pain, Corrosion

Ingestion : Corrosion, Abdominal pain

Inhalation : Respiratory irritation, Cough

Toxicity

Product

CAI200

Acute oral toxicity : no data available

Acute inhalation toxicity : no data available

Acute dermal toxicity : no data available

: no data available Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: no data available

Respiratory or skin

sensitization

: no data available

Carcinogenicity : No component of this product present at levels greater than or

equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed

human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive effects : No toxicity to reproduction

Germ cell mutagenicity : Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Teratogenicity : no data available

STOT - single exposure : no data available

STOT - repeated exposure : no data available

Aspiration toxicity : No aspiration toxicity classification

HUMAN HAZARD CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential human hazard is: High

High

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish : no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other : no data available

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to algae : no data available

Components

Toxicity to fish : Formic Acid

> LC50: > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Persistence and degradability

The organic portion of this preparation is expected to be readily biodegradable.

Mobility

CAI200

The environmental fate was estimated using a level III fugacity model embedded in the EPI (estimation program interface) Suite TM, provided by the US EPA. The model assumes a steady state condition between the total input and output. The level III model does not require equilibrium between the defined media. The information provided is intended to give the user a general estimate of the environmental fate of this product under the defined conditions of the models.

If released into the environment this material is expected to distribute to the air, water and soil/sediment in the approximate respective percentages;

Air : <5% Water : 30 - 50% Soil : 50 - 70%

The portion in water is expected to be soluble or dispersible.

Bioaccumulative potential

This preparation or material is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Other information

no data available

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD AND EXPOSURE CHARACTERIZATION

Based on our hazard characterization, the potential environmental hazard is: Moderate Moderate

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods : Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dispose of wastes in an

approved waste disposal facility.

Disposal considerations : Dispose of as unused product. Empty containers should be

taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipper/consignor/sender is responsible to ensure that the packaging, labeling, and markings are in compliance with the selected mode of transport.

Land transport

Proper shipping name : FORMIC ACID SOLUTION

UN/ID No. : UN 1779

Transport hazard class(es) : 8
Packing group : II
IERG No : 36
Hazchem Code : 2X

Special precautions for user : Dangerous goods of Class 8 (Acids) are incompatible in a

placard load with any of the following:

Class 1 Explosives

Class 4.3 Dangerous when wet substances

Class 5.1 Oxidising agents Class 5.2 Organic peroxides Class 6 Cyanides only

Class 7 Radioactive substances

and are incompatible with food or food packaging in any

CAI200

quantity.

Air transport (IATA)

UN/ID No. : UN 1779

Proper shipping name : FORMIC ACID SOLUTION

Technical name(s)

Transport hazard class(es) : 8 Packing group : II

Sea Transport (IMDG/IMO)

UN/ID No. : UN 1779

Proper shipping name : FORMIC ACID SOLUTION

Technical name(s)

Transport hazard class(es) : 8
Packing group : II

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 5

Scheduling of Medicines and

Poisons

INTERNATIONAL CHEMICAL CONTROL LAWS:

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

The substances in this preparation are included on or exempted from the TSCA 8(b) Inventory (40 CFR 710)

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT (CEPA)

The substances in this preparation are listed on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), are exempt, or have been reported in accordance with the New Substances Notification Regulations.

AUSTRALIA

All substances in this product comply with the National Industrial Chemicals Notification & Assessment Scheme (NICNAS).

EUROPE

The substances in this preparation have been reviewed for compliance with the EINECS or ELINCS inventories.

JAPAN

All substances in this product comply with the Law Regulating the Manufacture and Importation Of Chemical Substances and are listed on the Existing and New Chemical Substances list (ENCS).

KOREA

All substances in this product comply with the Toxic Chemical Control Law (TCCL) and are listed on the Existing Chemicals List (ECL)

NEW ZEALAND

All substances in this product comply with the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act 1996, and are listed on or are exempt from the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

PHILIPPINES

All substances in this product comply with the Republic Act 6969 (RA 6969) and are listed on the Philippines Inventory of Chemicals & Chemical Substances (PICCS).

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

CAI200

REFERENCES

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man, Geneva: World Health Organization, International Agency for Research on Cancer.

Integrated Risk Information System, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C. (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Annual Report on Carcinogens, National Toxicology Program, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Public Health Service.

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, OH,

(TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

The Teratogen Information System, University of Washington, Seattle, WA (TOMES CPS™ CD-ROM Version), Micromedex, Inc., Englewood, CO.

Revision Date : 01.07.2014 Date of first issue : 10.06.2014

Version Number : 1.1

Prepared By : Regulatory Affairs

REVISED INFORMATION: Significant changes to regulatory or health information for this revision is indicated by a bar in the left-hand margin of the MSDS.

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Email: info@condorenergy.com.au



16 Header Report

Product Name HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (COOGEE CHEMICALS)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name COOGEE CHEMICALS

Address Cnr of Patterson and Kwinana Beach Roads, Kwinana, WA, AUSTRALIA, 6167

 Telephone
 (08) 9439 8200

 Fax
 (08) 9439 8300

 Emergency
 1800 800 655

Email businessrelations@coogee.com.au

Web Site http://www.coogee.com.au

Synonym(s) 9178 - PRODUCT CODE • COOGEE HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% • HCL • HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% •

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (NUFARM) (FORMERLY) • MURIATIC ACID • SPIRITS OF SALTS

Use(s) ACIDIFIER • CHEMICAL INTERMEDIATE • LABORATORY REAGENT • PICKLING AND ANODISING METALS •

SCALE REMOVER

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO ASCC CRITERIA

RISK PHRASES

R34 Causes burns.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

SAFETY PHRASES

S1/2 Keep locked up and out of reach of children.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

S9 Keep container in a well ventilated place.

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. 1789 DG Class 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group II Hazchem Code 2R EPG 8A1

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	H-CI	7647-01-0	32%
WATER	H2O	7732-18-5	remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a

Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Full-face Type B (Inorganic and acid gas)

respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed,

do not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor CORROSIVE POISONING TREATMENT: Immediate treatment preferably in a hospital is mandatory. It is also

important to attempt to discover the chemical substances ingested. In treating corrosive poisoning, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; DO NOT ATTEMPT GASTRIC LAVAGE; and DO NOT ATTEMPT TO NEUTRALISE THE CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE. Vomiting will increase the severity of damage to the oesophagus as the corrosive substance will again come in contact with it. Attempting gastric lavage may result in perforating either the

oesophagus or stomach.

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HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (COOGEE CHEMICALS) Product Name

Immediately dilute the corrosive substance by having the patient drink milk or water. If the trachea has been damaged tracheostamy may be required. For oesophageal burns begin broad-spectrum antibiotics and corticosteroid therapy. Intravenous fluids will be required if oesophageal or gastric damage prevents ingestion of liquids. Long-range therapy will be directed toward preventing or treating oesophageal scars and strictures.

First Aid Facilities Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition. May evolve flammable

hydrogen gas when in contact with some metals.

Fire and Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind **Explosion** and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing

Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

Prevent contamination of drains or waterways. Extinguishing

Hazchem Code 2R

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage

Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50 -50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage

Store in secured, cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, alkalis, most metals, alcohols, acids, dinitroaniline, cyanides, sulphides, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation systems. Also store removed from amines.

Handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Stds

Ingredient	Reference		TWA		STEL	
		pp	pm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3
Hydrogen chloride (Hydrochloric	ASCC (AUS)	5.0	0	7.5		
acid)	(1000)					

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPF

Wear splash-proof goggles, a PVC apron, rubber boots, full-length rubber or full-length PVC gloves, a faceshield and coveralls. Wear full-length PVC or full-length rubber gloves, splash-proof goggles, a PVC apron, rubber boots, full PVC coveralls (or better) and a faceshield. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear: a Full-face Type B (Inorganic and Acid gas) or an Air-line respirator.













9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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Reviewed: 16 Jul 2010 Printed: 19 Jul 2010

CHEM ALERT





Product Name HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (COOGEE CHEMICALS)

Appearance COLOURLESS TO SLIGHTLY YELLOW Solubility (Water) SOLUBLE

LIQUID

 Odour
 PUNGENT ODOUR
 Specific Gravity
 1.161

 pH
 < 1</td>
 % Volatiles
 100 %

18 mm Hg @ 20°C Flammability NON FLAMMABLE Vapour Pressure **Flash Point** NOT RELEVANT Vapour Density 1.3 (Air = 1)109°C NOT RELEVANT **Boiling Point Upper Explosion Limit Melting Point** < -20°C **Lower Explosion Limit** NOT RELEVANT

Evaporation Rate AS FOR WATER

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

Conditions to Avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid

Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), most metals, acids (eg. nitric acid), alcohols, dinitroanilines, cyanides, sulphides and heat sources. Corrodes most materials when moist. Also

incompatible with amines.

Decomposition May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary

Eve

Highly corrosive. This product has the potential to cause serious adverse health effects. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in severe skin, eye and respiratory burns with permanent lung and tissue damage. Upon dilution, the potential for adverse health effects may be reduced.

Highly corrosive. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, conjunctivitis and corneal burns with

possible permanent damage.

Inhalation Toxic - corrosive. Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis. High level

exposure may result in intense thirst, ulceration, lung tissue damage, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary

oedema. Effects may be delayed.

Skin Highly corrosive. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis, blistering and severe burns. May

cause discolouration of the skin. Effects may be delayed.

Ingestion Highly corrosive. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and

diarrhoea. Ingestion of large quantities may result in ulceration, unconsciousness, convulsions and death.

Toxicity Data HYDROCHLORIC ACID (7647-01-0)

LC50 (Inhalation): 1108ppm/1 hour (human - respiratory irritation)

LCLo (Inhalation): 1300 ppm/30 minutes (human)

LD50 (Ingestion): 900 mg/kg (rabbit) LDLo (Ingestion): 81 mg/kg (man)

TCLo (Inhalation): 450 mg/m3/1 hour (pregnant rat - teratogenic effects)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment

If hydrochloric acid is spilled on soil, it will infiltrate. During its transport through soil, the acid will dissolve some of the soil material, in particular carbonates, and will be neutralised to some degree. However, significant amounts of acid are expected to remain for transport down to groundwater. Toxic to aquatic invertebrates at low levels (LC50: 1.21 ppm/96 hours).

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Wearing the protective equipment detailed above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium

bicarbonate solution or similar basic solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should

only be undertaken in a well ventilated area.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

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Product Name

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (COOGEE CHEMICALS)

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name HYDROCHLORIC ACID

UN No. 1789 DG Class 8 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group II Hazchem Code 2R EPG 8A1

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and

Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ACIDS: When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EINECS - European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

NTP - National Toxicology Program.

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

COLOUR RATING SYSTEM: RMT has assigned all Chem Alert reports a colour rating of Green, Amber or Red for the sole purpose of providing users with a quick and easy means of determining the hazardous nature of a product. Safe handling recommendations are provided in all Chem Alert reports so as to clearly identify how users

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16 Header Report

Product Name HYDROCHLORIC ACID 32% (COOGEE CHEMICALS)

can control the hazards and thereby reduce the risk (or likelihood) of adverse effects. As a general guideline, a Green colour rating indicates a low hazard, an Amber colour rating indicates a moderate hazard and a Red colour rating indicates a high hazard.

While all due care has been taken by RMT in the preparation of the Colour Rating System, it is intended as a guide only and RMT does not provide any warranty in relation to the accuracy of the Colour Rating System. As far as is lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability or responsibility whatsoever for the actions or omissions of any person in reliance on the Colour Rating System.

Report Status

This Chem Alert report has been independently compiled by RMT's scientific department utilising the original Material Safety Data Sheet ('MSDS') for the product provided to RMT by the manufacturer. The information is based on the latest chemical and toxicological research and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue.

This Chem Alert report does not constitute the manufacturer's original MSDS and is not intended to be a replacement for same. It is provided to subscribers of Chem Alert as a reference tool only, is not all-inclusive and does not represent any guarantee as to the properties of the product. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this Chem Alert report, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this Chem Alert report.

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End of Report

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